

YUANDA CHINA HOLDINGS LIMITED 遠大中國控股有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島注册成立之有限公司)

Stock Code 股票代碼: 2789

Annual Report 年報 / 2018

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Corporate Information 集團資料

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Kang Baohua *(Chairman)* Li Hongren *(Chief executive officer)* Liu Futao Ma Minghui Wang Hao *(Chief financial officer)* Zhang Lei

Independent non-executive Directors

Poon Chiu Kwok Woo Kar Tung, Raymond Pang Chung Fai, Benny

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Poon Chiu Kwok *(Chairman)* Woo Kar Tung, Raymond Pang Chung Fai, Benny

Nomination Committee

Kang Baohua *(Chairman)* Poon Chiu Kwok Pang Chung Fai, Benny

Remuneration Committee Woo Kar Tung, Raymond *(Chairman)* Li Hongren Pang Chung Fai, Benny

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O.Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS IN CHINA

20, Street 13 Shenyang Economic & Technological Development Area Shenyang 110027 China

董事

執行董事
康寶華(主席)
李洪人(行政總裁)
劉福濤
馬明輝
王昊(首席財務官)
張雷

獨立非執行董事

潘昭國 胡家棟 彭中輝

董事委員會

審核委員會 潘昭國*(主席)* 胡家棟 彭中輝

提名委員會

康寶華(*主席)* 潘昭國 彭中輝

薪酬委員會

胡家棟(*主席)* 李洪人 彭中輝

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O.Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

中國總辦事處

中國 瀋陽市 瀋陽經濟技術開發區 13號街20號,郵編110027



Corporate Information 集團資料

PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1121, 11/F No.1 Block, Grand Central Plaza 138 Shatin Rural Committee Road Shatin Hong Kong

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Li Hongren Yu Leung Fai *(HKICPA, AICPA, CPA (Aust))*

COMPANY SECRETARY

Yu Leung Fai (HKICPA, AICPA, CPA (Aust))

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

SMP Partners (Cayman) Limited Royal Bank House – 3rd Floor 24 Shedden Road, P.O. Box 1586 Grand Cayman KY-1110 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

PLACE OF LISTING The main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange")

STOCK CODE

2789

香港營業地點

香港 新界沙田 沙田鄉事會路138號 新城市中央廣場1座 11樓1121室

授權代表

李洪人 余亮暉 *(執業會計師(香港、美國、澳洲))*

公司秘書

余亮暉 (執業會計師(香港、美國、澳洲))

證券登記總處

SMP Partners (Cayman) Limited Royal Bank House – 3rd Floor 24 Shedden Road, P.O. Box 1586 Grand Cayman KY-1110 Cayman Islands

香港證券登記處

香港中央證券有限公司 香港 灣仔 皇后大道183號 合和中心 17樓1712-1716室

上市地點

香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)主板

股份代碼

2789

Corporate Information 集團資料

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

The Export-Import Bank of China, Liaoning Branch Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited, Shenyang Yu Hong Subbranch Bank of Communications, Shenyang Tiexi Subbranch China Development Bank, Liaoning Branch Shengjing Bank, Shenyang Yuhong Subbranch China Everbright Bank, Shenyang Dongshun Subbranch Shenyang Rural Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.

Hunnan Subbranch

AUDITORS

KPMG *Certified Public Accountants* 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISORS

As to Hong Kong law Sidley Austin

WEBSITE

www.yuandacn.com

主要往來銀行

中國進出口銀行遼寧省分行 中國工商銀行股份有限公司 瀋陽於洪支行 交通銀行股份有限公司瀋陽鐵西支行 國家開發銀行股份有限公司遼寧省分行 盛京銀行瀋陽市於洪支行 中國光大銀行瀋陽東順支行 瀋陽農村商業銀行股份有限公司 渾南支行

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 *執業會計師* 香港中環 遮達道10號 太子大廈8樓

法律顧問

香港法律 盛德律師事務所

網站

www.yuandacn.com

Financial Highlights 財務摘要

| | | 2018 2018年 (Approximately) (概約) | 2017 2017年 (Approximately) (概約) | Percentage Change 變動百分比 (Approximately) (概約) |
|--|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Revenue (RMB million) | 收入(人民幣百萬元) | 4,615.7 | 5,688.7 | (18.9%) |
| Adjusted gross profit margin (Note) | 經調整毛利率(<i>附註)</i> | 15.4% | 13.8% | 1.6% |
| Consolidated net profit (RMB million) | 合併淨利潤(人民幣百萬元) | 88.2 | 85.7 | 2.9% |
| Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company (RMB million) | 本公司股東應佔溢利 (人民幣百萬元) | 79.1 | 60.7 | 30.3% |
| Net cash generated from operating activities (RMB million) | 經營活動產生之淨現金 (人民幣百萬元) | 98.2 | 85.6 | 14.7% |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share (RMB cents) | 每股基本及攤薄盈利 (人民幣分) | 1.27 | 0.98 | 29.6% |
| Proposed final dividend per share (HKD cents) | 建議每股末期股息(港仙) | NIL | NIL | |

Note: Adjusted gross profit margin represents gross profit after impairment losses for trade receivables and contract assets. Comparative figure has been adjusted to conform to the current year's presentation. 附註:經調整毛利率列示毛利率經抵減貿易 應收款及合同資產之減值損失後之結 果。比較數字已經重述。

Corporate Culture & Mission 企業文化及使命

OPERATION PHILOSOPHY

Technology leads markets Services create value

ENTERPRISE MOTTO

To do things honestly To treat people sincerely To understand causes and results To unify theory and practice

CORPORATE MISSION

For the country For the customers For the employees For the shareholders

MANAGEMENT CONCEPTS

Sustainable Development Circular Improvement Statistics Analysis Continuous Improvement

經營理念

科技引領市場服務創造價值

企訓

真實做事 誠實待人 深明事理 知行合一

企業使命

「四為」,即「為國家、為客戶、 為員工、為股東」

管理理念 持續發展 循環改進 統計分析 不斷提高



Corporate Culture & Mission 企業文化及使命

PRODUCT CONCEPTS

| Service | | |
|---------|--|--|
| Quality | | |
| Cost | | |

WEALTH CONCEPTS

Wealth means responsibility

TALENT CONCEPTS

Judging people on his performance Talent comes first

MARKETING CONCEPTS

Identify the needs of the customers Create value for the customers Provide best services to the customers

CULTURE CONCEPTS

Respect Communicate Understand Integrate Pursue

DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES

Independent Brand Independent Intellectual Property Independent Marketing Network

產品理念 服務

質量 成本

財富理念 財富即責任

人才理念 依事看人 人才第一

市場理念

發現客戶需求 創造客戶價值 提供優質服務

文化理念

尊重 溝通 理解 融合 追求

發展戰略

自主品牌 自主知識產權 自主市場營銷網絡

Chairman's Statement 主席報告



"Yuanda China, like a giant vessel navigating the sea, has neither lost direction in the mist, nor been deterred by winds and storms. Instead, it has kept cleaving waves and forging ahead, resolute and steadfast, towards its intended destination"

Dear shareholders,

On behalf of the board of directors (the "**Board**") of Yuanda China Holdings Limited (the "**Company**"), together with its subsidiaries (the "**Group**" or "**Yuanda China**"), I hereby present to you the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2018 (the "**Reporting Period**").

In 2018, intensified protectionism and populism coupled with escalation in geopolitical conflicts have amplified the risk factors. Therefore the uncertainties around the global economy may increase the risk of slowdown in economic growth. As to China, investment in fixed assets (excluding rural households) grew by 5.9% year-on-year, representing a decrease of 1.3% over last year, which means the growth of new construction projects keeps low. However Yuanda China managed to increase the consolidated net profit for 2018.

「遠大中國就像一艘在大海中航行的巨 輪,不為任何迷霧所惑,不被一切風浪 所阻,穩健而又堅定地沿著自己確定的 方向劈波斬浪、砥礪前行。」

尊敬的各位股東:

本人謹代表遠大中國控股有限公司(「本 公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」或 「遠大中國」)董事會(「董事會」),向閣下 呈報本集團截至2018年12月31日止年度 (「報告期間」)之年度報告。

2018年度,貿易保護主義、民粹主義 的加劇,以及地緣政治衝突升級使得風 險因素疊加。全球經濟的不明朗或會增 加經濟增長放緩的風險。就中國而言, 全國固定資產投資(不含農戶)同比增長 5.9%,增速比去年下降1.3%,意味著國 內工程開工項目增速繼續走低。然而, 遠大中國仍努力實現了2018年度淨利潤 增長。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

BUSINESS REVIEW

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of the Group increased by about RMB18.4 million or 30.3% as compared with last year to about RMB79.1 million (2017: about RMB60.7 million), which was mainly due to the fact that (1) the Group recorded a net foreign exchange gain amounting to RMB99.5 million this year while incurred a net foreign exchange loss of RMB67.7 million in 2017, which resulted in a decrease in finance costs; and (2) the Group has initially applied IFRS 9 on 1 January 2018 and replaced the "incurred loss" model in IAS 39 with the "expected credit loss" model to measure loss allowances on trade and other receivables and contract assets, resulting in the impairment loss for the year ended 31 December 2018 decreased by RMB269.1 million as compared with that of last year.

BUSINESS PROSPECTS

There are multiple challenges to the global economic outlook and volatility in the financial market increases. Nevertheless opportunities are expected to emerge from the crisis in 2019. The Chinese government has set out stimulus policies, including expanding the scope of tax reduction for enterprises and individuals and facilitating financing channels available on the market to maintain a stable economic development and to benefit the companies. Under this background, the Group will pay close attention to the latest market changes and arrange appropriate strategic adjustments. I will continue to lead the Group management in an unreserved effort to manage the Group's businesses prudently, with particular attention paid to improving quality and strengthening operational efficiency to increase profitability and shareholder return in a long run.

Kang Baohua

Chairman

29 March 2019

業務回顧

截至2018年12月31日,本集團的本公司 股東應佔盈利約人民幣79.1百萬元(2017 年:約人民幣60.7百萬元),較去年同期 增加約人民幣18.4百萬元或30.3%,主要 原因是:(1)本年集團財務費用較上年下 降,由於本年發生約人民幣99.5百萬元 的淨匯兑收益,而2017年發生了約67.7 百萬元淨匯兑損失所導致;及(2)集團於 2018年1月1日首次使用IFRS 9號會計 推測,並將IAS 39號會計準則的「確認損 失」模型替換為「期望預計損失」模型, 以測量貿易應收賬款和其他應收款以及 合同資產的減值損失,截止2018年12月 31日,減值損失較去年同期相比下降約 人民幣269.1百萬元。

業務展望

全球經濟前景面臨多重挑戰,亦加劇了 金融市場的波動。儘管如此,預計2019 年危中有機。中國政府已經制定了一系 列刺激政策,包括針對企業和個人的大 規模減税以及疏通社會的融資渠道,以 維持經濟穩健發展並有利於企業。在此 背景下,本集團將密切關注最新市場變 動,並適當戰略調整。本人將繼續領導 集團管理層悉力以赴,謹慎經營,提升 服務質素,提高營運效率,致力增加盈 利及提升股東回報。

主席 **康寶華**

2019年3月29日

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BUSINESS REVIEW

Overall performance

In 2018, the global economic environment was complicated and uncertain under the slackened rate of economic growth. On one hand, the United States outperformed the global economy, while other economies were in a weak situation. On the other hand, the macro-economy of China showed an uptrend followed by a decline in 2018. The gap between different economies was broadening due to the uneven rate of recovery among different economies.

In 2018, China's investment in fixed assets (excluding rural households) grew by 5.9% year-on-year, representing a decrease of 1.3% over last year, which means the growth of new construction projects keeps low.

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of the Group increased by about RMB18.4 million or 30.3% as compared with last year to about RMB79.1 million (2017: about RMB60.7 million), which was mainly due to (1) the Group recorded a net foreign exchange gain amounting to RMB99.5 million this year while incurred a net foreign exchange loss of RMB67.7 million in 2017, which resulted in a decrease in finance costs. (2) The Group has initially applied IFRS 9 on 1 January 2018 and replaces the "incurred loss" model in IAS 39 with the "expected credit loss" model to measure loss allowances on trade and other receivables and contract assets, impairment loss for the year ended 31 December 2018 decreased by RMB269.1 million compared with that of last year.

Newly-awarded projects (including VAT)

During the year 2018, while the number of awarded projects decreased from 52 to 42, the aggregate amount generated by the newly awarded projects of the Group increased by about RMB428.2 million or 10.3% as compared with last year.

業務回顧

概況

2018年,全球經濟環境複雜多變,經濟 增長速度明顯放緩,復蘇前景充滿不確 定性。一方面世界經濟出現了美國一枝 獨秀、其他經濟體均偏弱的格局。另一 方面,中國內地宏觀經濟在2018年呈現 前高後低的格局。由於全球經濟復蘇不 平衡,導致經濟體分化加劇。

2018年,全國固定資產投資(不含農戶) 同比增長5.9%,增速比去年下降1.3%, 意味著國內工程開工項目增速繼續走低。

截至2018年12月31日,本集團的本公司 股東應佔盈利約人民幣79.1百萬元(2017 年:約人民幣60.7百萬元),較去年同期 增加約人民幣18.4百萬元或30.3%,主要 原因是:(1)本年集團財務費用較上年下 降,由於本年發生約人民幣99.5百萬元 的淨匯兑收益,而2017年發生了約67.7 百萬元淨匯兑損失所導致。(2)集團於2018 年1月1日首次使用IFRS 9號會計準則, 並將IAS 39號會計準則的「確認損失」模 型替換為「期望預計損失」模型,以測量 貿易應收賬款和其他應收款以及合同資 產的減值損失,截止2018年12月31日, 減值損失較去年同期相比下降約人民幣 269.1百萬元。

新承接工程(包含增值税)

2018年,本集團的新承接工程數量從52 下降至42,工程總值較去年同期增加約 人民幣428.2百萬元或10.3%。

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

業務回顧(續)

Newly-awarded projects (including VAT) (continued)

新承接工程(包含增值税)(續)

| | | 2 | 2018 | 20 | 017 |
|----------|----|-----------|--------------------|-----------|-------------|
| | | 20 |)18年 | 20 | 17年 |
| | | Number of | | Number of | |
| | | projects | RMB million | projects | RMB million |
| | | 項目數量 | 人民幣百萬元 | 項目數量 | 人民幣百萬元 |
| | | | | | |
| Domestic | 國內 | 25 | 1,659.9 | 37 | 1,570.7 |
| Overseas | 海外 | 17 | 2,924.4 | 15 | 2,585.4 |
| Total | 合計 | 42 | 4,584.3 | 52 | 4,156.1 |

Details of certain landmark projects obtained by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2018 are as follows:

截至2018年12月31日年內,本集團新接 的若干地標性項目如下:

Project name 項目名稱

Category of project utilization 項目用途類別

| Nine Elms Square, UK | Commercial Complex |
|--|--------------------|
| 英國恩毅廣場 | 商業綜合體 |
| Vauxhall Square, UK | Commercial Complex |
| 英國沃豪廣場 | 商業綜合體 |
| The Hundred, Indonesia | Office Building |
| 印尼一百 | 辦公大樓 |
| No.308 Exhibition Road in Melbourne, Australia | Public Facilities |
| 澳洲墨爾本308展覽路工程 | 公共設施 |
| Tianfu Airport 3rd section, Chengdu, China | Airport |
| 中國成都天府機場三標段 | 機場 |
| Yintai Hotel in Wenling, Zhejiang, China | Hotel |
| 中國溫嶺銀泰酒店 | 酒店 |
| Langfang Theatre, Hebei, China | Public Facilities |
| 中國廊坊大劇院 | 公共設施 |
| West Lake in Hui zhou, Guangzhou, China | Hotel |
| 中國惠州西湖 | 酒店 |

BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)

Backlog

As at 31 December 2018, the remaining contract value of the Group decreased by about RMB2,162.7 million or 13.4% as compared with last year, which could support a sustainable development of the Group for the next 2-3 years.

業務回顧(續)

未完工合同

於2018年12月31日,本集團的合同餘下 金額較去年同期減少約人民幣2,162.7百 萬元或13.4%,足以為本集團未來2-3年 的發展提供有力支撐。

| | | | 2018 018年 | _ | 2017 017年 |
|----------|----|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| | | Remaining value of contracts | | Remaining value of contracts | |
| | | 合回 Number of | 餘下價值 | 合问题 Number of | 涂下價值 |
| | | projects | RMB million | projects | RMB million |
| | | 項目數量 | 人民幣百萬元 | 項目數量 | 人民幣百萬元 |
| Domestic | 國內 | 292 | 5,428.9 | 291 | 7,279.4 |
| Overseas | 海外 | 87 | 8,529.0 | 89 | 8,841.2 |
| Total | 合計 | 379 | 13,957.9 | 380 | 16,120.6 |

Major technology achievements and awards

In 2018, the Group obtained 37 patents, including 1 patent for invention and 36 patents for utility model.

主要技術成果和科技獎項

於2018年,本集團新獲專利授權37項, 其中發明專利1項、實用新型專利36項。

BUSINESS PROSPECTS

On 21 January 2019, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) released the updated World Economic Outlook Report, which lowered the global annual economic growth rate to 3.5% and 3.6% for the year 2019 and 2020, respectively. It is expected that the rate hikes by the Federal Reserve of the United States will slow down and external pressure on emerging economies will decrease, but at the same time, as the US economy slows, emerging markets will face shrinking external demands and declining exports, particularly the downside-pressure on Chinese economy. The Group will closely monitor trends and developments in the macro-economy and sector markets, focus on enhancing its sensitivity and perception of market developments so that it could proactively formulate forward-looking business strategies in response to changes in the external business conditions.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Company aims to increase shareholder value through sustainable revenue and earnings growth and free cash flow generation. In order to achieve this objective, the Group uses the following indicators to measure business performance:

Revenue

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the revenue of the Group decreased by about RMB1,073.0 million or 18.9% as compared with last year to about RMB4,615.7 million (2017: about RMB5,688.7 million). The main reason for the change was the shrink of business scale. Among which:

- the revenue from domestic market of the Group decreased by about RMB1,025.8 million or 31.3% as compared with last year to about RMB2,247.6 million (2017: about RMB3,273.4 million), contributing approximately 48.7% of the total revenue of the Group; and
- the revenue from overseas market of the Group decreased by about RMB47.2 million or 2.0% as compared with last year to about RMB2,368.1 million (2017: about RMB2,415.3 million), contributing approximately 51.3% of the total revenue of the Group.

業務展望

2019年1月21日,國際貨幣基金組織 (IMF)發佈更新的《世界經濟展望》報告, 將2019年、2020年全球經濟增速分別下 調至3.5%和3.6%。預期隨著美聯儲加息 趨勢減緩,對新興經濟體的外部壓力將 會減少,但同時隨著美國經濟放緩,新 興市場面臨著外部需求走弱,出口將會 受到影響,特別對中國經濟而言存在下 行壓力。本集團將密切留意宏觀經濟和 行業市場走勢,注重提高對市場的敏感 度和洞察力,制定前瞻性的經營策略, 主動應對外部經營環境變化。

財務回顧

本公司旨在透過可持續營業收入及盈利 增長以及產生自由現金流提升股東價 值。為達此目標,本集團採納以下指標 衡量經營情況:

營業收入

截至2018年12月31日,本集團的營業收入 約人民幣4,615.7百萬元(2017年:約人民 幣5,688.7百萬元),較去年同期減少約人民 幣1,073.0百萬元或18.9%。變化主要原因 是業務收縮。其中:

- 本集團的國內收入約人民幣2,247.6 百萬元(2017年:約人民幣3,273.4 百萬元),較去年同期減少約人民幣 1,025.8百萬元或31.3%,佔整體收入 約48.7%;及
- 本集團的海外收入約人民幣2,368.1 百萬元(2017年:約人民幣2,415.3 百萬元),較去年同期減少約人民幣 47.2百萬元或2.0%,佔整體收入約 51.3%。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Cost of sales

In 2018, the cost of sales of the Group decreased by about RMB725.0 million or 16.3% as compared with last year to about RMB3,714.7 million (2017: about RMB4,439.7 million). With the decrease in revenue, the related costs of sales were accordingly decreased.

Adjusted gross profit margin

The Group's adjusted gross profit margin increased by approximately 1.6% to approximately 15.4% (2017: approximately 13.8%). Among which:

- the Group's domestic adjusted gross profit margin increased by approximately 2.8% as compared with the corresponding period of last year to 16.1% (2017: about 13.3%); and
- 2. the Group's overseas adjusted gross profit margin increased by approximately 0.2% as compared with the corresponding period of last year to 14.8% (2017: about 14.6%).

財務回顧(續)

銷售成本

2018年,本集團的銷售成本約人民幣 3,714.7百萬元(2017年:約人民幣4,439.7 百萬元),較去年同期減少約人民幣725.0 百萬元或16.3%。隨著營業收入的減少,相 關銷售成本因此而有所下降。

調整後毛利率

本集團經調整毛利率為約15.4%(2017 年:約13.8%),比去年同期增加了約 1.6%。其中:

- 國內經調整毛利率為約16.1% (2017年:約13.3%),較去年同期 增加了約2.8%;及
- 海外經調整毛利率為約14.8%
 (2017年:約14.6%),較去年同期 增加了約0.2%。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Major customers and suppliers

For the year ended 31 December 2018, revenue generated from the five largest customers of the Group accounted for an amount of less than 30% of the total operating revenues of the Group. The five largest customers were not connected to the Company in any way. None of the Directors, senior management, key technical personnel, shareholders holding 5% or more of the shares, de facto controller and other connected parties of the Company had any direct or indirect interest in any of the aforesaid five largest customers. None of the Directors of the Company or their close associates or, to the knowledge of the Board of Directors, any of the shareholders holding 5% or more of the shares of the Company had any interest in any of the five largest customers of the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2018, purchases from the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for an amount of less than 30% of the total annual purchases of the Group. The five largest suppliers were not connected to the Company in any way. None of the Directors, senior management, key technical personnel, shareholders holding 5% or more of the shares, de facto controller and other connected parties of the Company had any direct or indirect interest in any of the aforesaid five largest suppliers.

Other income

Other income of the Group primarily comprised of government grants, rental revenue from operating leases, net income from provision of repairs and maintenance services and net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, land use rights and assets classified as held for sale.

In 2018, the other income of the Group increased by about RMB63.8 million or 58.6% as compared with last year to about RMB172.7 million (2017: about RMB108.9 million). The increase in the Group's other income was mainly due to the net gain on disposal of the property, plant and equipment and land use rights and assets classified as held for sale during the Reporting Period.

財務回顧(續)

主要客戶和供貨商

截至2018年12月31日止年度,本集團從 前5名最大客戶獲取的收入少於本集團之 經營收入總額的30%。前5名最大客戶與 本公司不存在關聯關係,本公司董事、 高級管理人員、核心技術人員、持股5% 以上股東、實際控制人和其他關聯方在 前5名最大客戶中概無直接或者間接擁有 權益。本公司董事或其緊密連絡人或據 董事會所知任何擁有本公司5%或以上股 份之股東概無擁有本集團任何五名最大 客戶的任何權益。

截至2018年12月31日止年度,本集團 向前5名最大供貨商的採購額少於本集團 之年度總採購額的30%。前5名最大供貨 商與本公司不存在關聯關係,本公司董 事、高級管理人員、核心技術人員、持 股5%以上股東、實際控制人和其他關聯 方在前5名最大供貨商中概無直接或者間 接擁有權益。

其他收入

其他收入主要包括政府補助、租賃收入、提供維修及保養服務、銷售原材料 的淨收益及出售物業、廠房及設備、土 地使用權和持作待售資產的淨收益。

2018年,本集團的其他收入約人民幣 172.7百萬元(2017年:約人民幣108.9百 萬元),較去年同期增加約人民幣63.8百 萬元或58.6%。本集團其他收入的增加, 主要由於報告期內集團處置物業、廠房 及設備和土地使用權及分類為持作待售 資產的淨收益所致。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Selling expenses

In 2018, the selling expenses of the Group decreased by about RMB4.1 million or 4.3% as compared with last year to about RMB91.1 million (2017: about RMB95.2 million), accounting for approximately 2.0% of the operating revenue of the Group (2017: about 1.7%).

Administrative expenses

In 2018, the administrative expenses of the Group decreased by about RMB405.7 million or 41.8% as compared with last year to about RMB565.9 million (2017: about RMB971.6 million), accounting for approximately 12.3% of the operating revenue of the Group (2017: about 17.1%). As required by IAS 1 (as amended by IFRS 9), the Group presented the expected credit losses as determined under IFRS 9 as a separated item on the face of the statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2018. Impairment losses under IAS 39 for the year ended 31 December 2017 was included in "Administrative expenses".

Finance costs

In 2018, the finance costs of the Group decreased by about RMB164.0 million or 70.4% as compared with last year to about RMB68.8 million (2017: about RMB232.8 million), accounting for approximately 1.5% of the operating revenue of the Group (2017: about 4.1%). This was mainly due to the fact that foreign exchange was recognised as a net profit during the Reporting Period rather than a net loss as for the corresponding period of last year.

Income tax

In 2018, the income tax expense of the Group was about RMB66.0 million (2017: an income tax benefit about RMB27.5 million).

財務回顧(續)

銷售費用

2018年,本集團的銷售費用約人民幣 91.1百萬元(2017年:約人民幣95.2百萬 元),較去年同期減少約人民幣4.1百萬元 或4.3%,佔本集團營業收入的比例約為 2.0%(2017年:約1.7%)。

行政開支

2018年,本集團的行政開支約人民幣 565.9百萬元(2017年:約人民幣971.6百 萬元),較去年同期減少約人民幣405.7 百萬元或41.8%,佔本集團營業收入的比 例約為12.3%(2017年:約17.1%)。依據 國際會計準則第1號(經國際財務報告準 則第9號修訂)之要求,本集團將根據國 際財務報告準則第9號釐定的預期信用損 失於截至2018年12月31日止年度損益表 中列為單獨項目。截至2017年12月31日 止年度,減值虧損根據國際會計準則第 39號計入「行政開支」中。

融資成本

2018年,本集團的融資成本約人民幣 68.8百萬元(2017年:約人民幣232.8百 萬元),較去年同期減少約人民幣164.0 百萬元或70.4%,佔本集團營業收入的比 例約為1.5%(2017年:約4.1%)。主要原 因是匯兑項目於報告期內獲確認為淨利 潤所致,而去年同期確認為淨虧損。

所得税

2018年,本集團的所得税支出約人民幣 66.0百萬元(2017年:所得税收入約人民 幣27.5百萬元)。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Consolidated net profit

In 2018, the consolidated net profit of the Group increased by about RMB2.5 million or 2.9% as compared with last year to about RMB88.2 million (2017: about RMB85.7 million).

Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company

In 2018, the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company increased by about RMB18.4 million or 30.3% as compared with last year to about RMB79.1 million (2017: about RMB60.7 million).

Net current assets and financial resources

As at 31 December 2018, the net current assets of the Group decreased by about RMB850.7 million or 33.9% as compared with last year to about RMB1,658.1 million (31 December 2017: about RMB2,508.8 million).

As at 31 December 2018, cash on hand and in bank of the Group decreased by about RMB102.8 million or 5.7% as compared with last year to about RMB1,702.8 million (31 December 2017: about RMB1,805.6 million), mainly denominated in RMB, USD, Australian Dollar ("AUD"), Indonesian Rupiah ("IDR") and British Pound Sterling ("GBP").

Bank loans and gearing ratio

As at 31 December 2018, the total bank loan of the Group decreased by about RMB594.0 million or 20.2% as compared with last year to about RMB2,349.6 million (31 December 2017: about RMB2,943.6 million). The bank loan as at 31 December 2018 were denominated in RMB and USD of which approximately RMB2,287.9 million were repayable within one year.

The Group's gearing ratio (calculated by total liabilities divided by total assets) was 73.1% (31 December 2017: about 72.1%).

財務回顧(續)

合併淨利潤

2018年,本集團的合併淨利潤約人民幣 88.2百萬元(2017年:約人民幣85.7百萬 元),較去年同期增加約人民幣2.5百萬元 或2.9%。

本公司股東應佔利潤

2018年,本公司股東應佔利潤約人民幣 79.1百萬元(2017年:約人民幣60.7百萬 元),較去年同期增加約人民幣18.4百萬 元或30.3%。

流動資產淨值及財務資源

於2018年12月31日,本集團的流動資產 淨值約人民幣1,658.1百萬元(2017年12月 31日:約人民幣2,508.8百萬元),較去年 同期減少約人民幣850.7百萬元或33.9%。

於2018年12月31日,本集團的手頭及銀 行現金約人民幣1,702.8百萬元(2017年 12月31日:約人民幣1,805.6百萬元), 較去年同期減少約人民幣102.8百萬元或 5.7%,主要以人民幣、美元、澳元、印 尼盧比及英鎊計值。

銀行貸款及負債比率

於2018年12月31日,本集團的銀行貸 款總額約人民幣2,349.6百萬元(2017年 12月31日:約人民幣2,943.6百萬元), 較去年同期減少約人民幣594.0百萬元或 20.2%。截至2018年12月31日銀行貸款 總額以人民幣和美元計值,其中約人民 幣2,287.9百萬元須予一年內償還。

本集團之資產負債率(總負債除以總資產 計算)為73.1%(2017年12月31日:約 72.1%)。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

財務回顧(續)

周轉天數

| Turnover days (day) | | 2018 | 2017 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-------|
| 周轉天數(天) | | 2018 年 | 2017年 |
| Receivables (note 1) | 應收賬款(<i>附註1</i>) | 398 | 417 |
| Trade and bills payables (note 2) | 貿易應付款及應付票據(附註2) | 434 | 409 |
| Inventory (note 3) | 存貨(<i>附註3</i>) | 63 | 54 |

Notes:

Turnover days

附註:

- The calculation of the receivables turnover days is based on the average amount of trade and bills receivables and net contract assets (contract assets less contract liabilities) as at the beginning (after opening adjustment upon the adoption of IFRS 15 and IFRS 9) and ending of the relevant period (net of provision) divided by total revenue of the relevant period and multiplied by 365 days.
- The calculation of turnover days of trade and bills payables is based on the average amount of trade and bills payables as at the beginning and ending of the relevant period divided by cost of raw materials and installation cost of the relevant period and multiplied by 365 days.
- 3. The calculation of inventory turnover days is based on the average amount of raw materials as at the beginning and ending of the relevant period (net of provision) divided by cost of raw materials of the relevant period and multiplied by 365 days.
- 4. The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated.

During the Reporting Period, the turnover days of receivables decreased by approximately 19 days to 398 days (2017: about 417 days).

During the Reporting Period, the turnover days of trade and bill payables increased by approximately 25 days to 434 days (2017: about 409 days).

應收賬款周轉天數乃通過將有關期間的 期初(應用國際財務報告準則第15號及 國際財務報告準則第9號後)及期末經扣 除撥備的貿易應收款及應收票據及合同 資產淨額(合同資產減合同負債)的平均 金額除以相應期間的收入再乘以365天 計算。

- 貿易應付款及應付票據周轉天數按貿易 應付款及應付票據的期初及期末平均 餘額除以原材料成本及安裝成本再乘以 365天計算。
- 存貨周轉天數乃將原材料的期初及期末 結餘平均餘額(扣除撥備)除以原材料成 本乘以365天計算。
- 本集團於2018年1月1日首次應用國際 財務報告準則第15號及國際財務報告準 則第9號。根據所選擇的過渡方法,比 較資料不予重列。

報告期內,本集團應收賬款周轉天數約 398天(2017年:約417天),減少約19 天。

報告期內,本集團應付賬款及應付票據 周轉天數約434天(2017年:約409天), 增加約25天。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Inventory and inventory turnover days

The Group's inventories primarily consist of materials used in fabrication of curtain wall products, including extrusion of aluminum, glass, steel and sealant.

As at 31 December 2018, the inventory of the Group increased by about RMB129.9 million or 46.9% as compared with last year to about RMB407.1 million (31 December 2017: about RMB277.2 million). During the Reporting Period, the inventory turnover days increased by approximately 9 days to 63 days (2017: about 54 days).

Capital expenditure

In 2018, the Group's payment for capital expenditure amounted to approximately RMB10.5 million (2017: about RMB2.7 million), which was mainly related to the payment on land acquisition, construction of plant and purchase of equipment.

Foreign exchange risk

The overseas projects of the Group were mainly dominated in USD, GBP, AUD, Euro, Swiss Franc ("CHF") and Singapore Dollar ("SGD"). To hedge any foreign exchange risks, the Group has entered into forward foreign exchange contracts which hedge the forecast transactions and monetary assets denominated in foreign currencies of the Group. The Group ensures that net exposure to currency risk arising from assets and liabilities maintained at an acceptable level.

Contingent liabilities

Details of the Group's contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2018 are set out in Note 31 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

財務回顧(續)

存貨和存貨周轉期

本集團的存貨主要由製造幕牆產品所用 的材料組成,包括鋁材、玻璃、鋼材及 密封膠等。

於2018年12月31日,本集團的存貨約人 民幣407.1百萬元(2017年12月31日:約 人民幣277.2百萬元),較去年同期增加 約人民幣129.9百萬元或46.9%。報告期 內,公司存貨周轉天數約63天(2017年: 約54天),增加約9天。

資本支出

於2018年,本集團為資本支出而支付的 款項約為人民幣10.5百萬元(2017年:約 人民幣2.7百萬元),主要是添置土地、建 設廠房和機器設備的支出。

外匯風險

本集團的海外項目主要以美元、英鎊、 澳元、歐元、瑞士法郎和新加坡元結 算。為對沖任何外匯風險,本集團訂立 遠期外匯合約,對沖本集團以外幣計值 的預期交易及貨幣資產。本集團會確保 資產和負債產生的外匯風險淨額保持在 可接受的水平。

或然負債

本集團於2018年12月31日的或然負債之 詳情載於合併財務報表附註31。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Charge on assets

As at 31 December 2018, the Group's bank loans of approximately RMB780.0 million were secured by property, plant and equipment and land use rights and assets classified as held for sale of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of approximately RMB843.2 million.

As at 31 December 2018, the Group's bank loans of approximately RMB157.9 million were secured by time deposits and trade receivables of the Group with a carrying value of approximately RMB173.0 million and USD161.9 million, respectively.

Save as disclosed above, the Group had no other charge on its assets as at 31 December 2018.

Material acquisitions and disposals

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of its subsidiaries and associated companies.

Resumption of Land in Shenyang

On 12 July 2018, Shenyang Yuanda, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a land resumption agreement with (i) Shenyang Economic & Technological Land Reserve Center; and (ii) Shenyang Economic & Technological Land and Housing Expropriation and Compensation Service Center (the "Local Representatives"), pursuant to which the Local Representatives resumed, and Shenyang Yuanda surrendered, a total of 5 parcels of land located at Shenyang Economic & Technological Development District, Shenyang City, Liaoning Province, PRC with an aggregate gross floor area of 233,942 square metres in consideration of a compensation of RMB550,000,000 (the "Resumption"). The Resumption constituted a very substantial disposal for the Company under Chapter 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). For further details, please refer to the announcement and circular of the Company dated 17 July 2018 and 27 August 2018, respectively.

財務回顧(續)

資產抵押

截至2018年12月31日,本集團的銀行貸 款約人民幣780.0百萬元以物業、廠房和 設備,土地使用權以及集團的持有待售 資產作抵押,抵押總賬面價值約為人民 幣843.2百萬元。

截至2018年12月31日,本集團的銀行貸 款約人民幣157.9百萬元以賬面價值分別 約為人民幣173.0百萬元以及美元161.9 百萬元的定期存單和應收賬款做保證。

除上述所披露者外,本集團於2018年12 月31日並無其他資產抵押。

重大收購及出售

於報告期內,本集團並無任何有關附屬 公司及聯營公司的重大收購及出售。

瀋陽土地收儲

2018年7月12日,瀋陽遠大與(i)瀋陽經濟 技術開發區土地儲備交易中心:及(ii)瀋陽 經濟技術開發區土地房屋徵收補償服務 中心(「當地代表」)訂立收儲協議。根據 協議當地代表將要收回,瀋陽遠大將要 交還5塊被收儲土地。該土地位於中國遼 寧省瀋陽市經濟技術開發區,附屬建築 物合計建築面積約233,942平方米,收儲 補償款總計人民幣550,000,000元(「收儲 事項」)。據香港聯合交易所有限公司上 市規則(「上市規則」)第14章,收儲事項 構成本公司非常重大交易事項。進一步 詳情,請參看分別於於2018年7月17日 及2018年8月27日登載的公司公告及通 函。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Resumption of Land in Shenyang (continued)

Details of the Resumption as at 31 December 2018 are set out in Note 20 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Significant investment

The Group did not make any significant investments during the Reporting Period.

Future plans for significant investments or capital assets

The Group does not have any future plans for significant investments or capital assets as at the date of this report.

Global offering and use of proceeds

In May 2011, the Company conducted a global offering (the "**Global Offering**") through which 1,708,734,000 new ordinary shares were offered at a price of HK\$1.50 per share. Net proceeds raised were approximately HK\$2,402,947,000. The ordinary shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 17 May 2011.

As stated in the Company's prospectus dated 20 April 2011 and the supplementary prospectus dated 5 May 2011 (collectively, the "**Prospectus**"), the Group intended to use the proceeds from the Global Offering for expansion of its production capacity, repayment of its existing debts, investment in research and development, expansion of its sales and marketing network.

As at 31 December 2018, an accumulated amount of approximately HK\$2,029 million of proceeds from the Global Offering (of which expansion of production capacity: HK\$586 million; repayment of bank loans (mainly comprised the bridge loan of Standard Chartered Bank): HK\$962 million; expenses in research and development: HK\$261 million; and expansion of its sales and marketing network: HK\$220 million) was utilized in accordance with the intended use as stated in the Prospectus. It is intended that the remaining proceeds of approximately HK\$374 million will be used in accordance to the proposed allocation as stated in the Prospectus.

財務回顧(續)

瀋陽土地收儲(續)

截至2018年12月31日收儲事項進展刊載 於合併財務報表附註20。

重大投資

於報告期間內,本集團並無進行任何重 大投資。

重大投資或資本資產的未來計劃

於本報告日期,本集團並無任何重大投 資或資本資產的未來計劃。

全球發售及所得款項用途

於2011年5月,本公司進行全球發售(「全球發售」),發售共1,708,734,000股新普通股,發售價為每股1.50港元,籌集的所得款項淨額約為2,402,947,000港元。 本公司普通股於2011年5月17日在聯交所主板上市。

誠如本公司在日期為2011年4月20日的招股章程及2011年5月5日的補充招股章程 (統稱「招股章程」)所述,本集團擬將所 得款項用作擴充產能、償還現有債務、 投資於研究和開發、及擴充銷售和營銷 網絡。

截至2018年12月31日,本集團累計使用 全球發售所得款約2,029百萬港元(其中 產能擴充:586百萬港元;償還銀行貸款 (主要是渣打銀行過橋貸款):962百萬港 元;研發支出:261百萬港元;及擴充營 銷網絡:220百萬港元)。餘下所得款項約 374百萬港元將按照本集團招股章程及補 充招股章程所載於未來使用。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Employees and remuneration policies

As at 31 December 2018, the Group had 4,604 full-time employees in total (31 December 2017: 6,094). The decrease in number of full-time employees was the result of the Group's headcount optimization. The Group has sound policies of management incentives and competitive remuneration, which align with the interests of management, employees and shareholders' alike. The Group sets its remuneration policy with reference to the prevailing market conditions and the performance of the individuals concerned, subject to review from time to time. The components of the remuneration package consist of basic salary, allowances, fringe benefits including medical insurance and contributions to pension funds, as well as incentives like discretionary bonus and share options.

KEY RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's financial condition, results of operations, businesses and prospects may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties. The followings are the key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group. There may be other risks and uncertainties in addition to those shown below which are not known to the Group or which may not be material now but could turn out to be material in the future.

Business Risk

As most of the Group's customers are property developers or main contractors of public infrastructure and commercial buildings, the business and prospects of the Group heavily depend on the performance of the construction and real estate industries, which are cyclical and could be significantly affected by fluctuations in economic conditions.

財務回顧(續)

僱員及薪酬政策

截至2018年12月31日,本集團僱用合共 4,604名(2017年12月31日:6,094名)全 職僱員。全職僱員人數的下跌乃由於本 集團優化員工數量所致。本集團訂有具 成效的管理層獎勵制度及具競爭力的薪 酬,務求令管理層、僱員及股東的利益 達成一致。本集團在訂立其薪酬政策時 會參考當時市況及有關個別員工的工作 表現,並須不時作出檢討。薪酬待遇包 括基本薪金、津貼、附帶福利(包括醫療 保險及退休金供款),以及酌情花紅及發 放認股權等獎勵。

主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團之財務狀況、營運業績、業務及 前景或會受一系列風險及不明朗因素影 響。以下為本集團知悉的主要風險及不 明朗因素。除下文所列者外,或會存在 本集團並未知悉或目前可能不重要但日 後可能變得重要的其他風險及不明朗因 素。

業務風險

本集團大部份客戶為物業發展商或公共 基建及商業大廈的主要承包商,本集團 的業務及前景很大程度上依賴建築及房 地產行業的表現,其表現屬周期性,且 很受經濟狀況的波動影響。

KEY RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES (continued)

Business Risk (continued)

The time and costs involved in completing construction can be adversely affected by many factors, including shortage of materials, equipment and labour, adverse weather conditions, natural disasters, labour disputes with contractors and subcontractors, accidents, changes in government priorities, and other unforeseen problems or circumstances. The occurrence of any of these factors could give rise to delays in the completion of a project, which may result in cost overruns and potential disputes and claims from service recipients. This may also result in the profit derived from the design, procurement, production, sale and installation of curtain wall system not being recognised in the year in which it was originally anticipated to be recognised.

The Group may also be exposed to the risks of foreign policy changes, foreign currency fluctuations, territorial disputes, interest rate changes, demand-supply imbalance, terrorism, the overall economic conditions.

Industrial Risk

The risk of fierce competition among industry may erode the Group's business development capabilities and the returns of its projects.

主要風險及不明朗因素(續)

業務風險(續)

建築項目所涉及的時間及成本可能受多 項不利因素影響,這些因素包括材料、 設備及勞動力短缺、不利的天氣狀況、 自然災害、與總包商及分包商的勞資糾 紛、意外事故、政府工作重點的變動及 其他不可預見的問題或情況。發生任何 前述因素,均可能導致項目竣工延後,繼 而或導致成本超支以及服務接受方的確 起約及索償,且於原本預期年度內確 認的來自設計、採購、生產、銷售及安 裝幕牆系統的合同利潤亦可能因此而無 法予以確認。

本集團亦可能面對外交政策轉變、外幣 波動、地區爭端、利率變動、供求不平 衡、恐怖主義、整體經濟狀況。

行業風險

在業內激烈競爭下,可能侵蝕了本集團 的業務拓展能力及項目回報的風險。



KEY RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES (continued)

Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. Responsibility for managing operational risks basically rests with every function at divisional and departmental levels.

The Group recognises that operational risks cannot be eliminated completely and that it may not always be cost effective to do so. Key functions in the Group are guided by their operating procedures, limits of authority and reporting framework. The Group will identify and assess key operational exposures from time to time and report such risk issues to senior management as early as possible so that appropriate risk response can be taken. The Group will continue to enhance refined management, and continuously implement and improve activity-based costing and the refined management system with management accounting as its core, and comprehensively strengthen management over financial, financing, investment and operational risks.

Credit Risk

The Group is serving a large customer base with differing credit status, and its business development will inevitably be affected by the varied credit profiles of these customers. The Group seeks to reduce the aforesaid impact by identifying and managing credit risks through internal credit management measures, such as credit search, credit rating, credit limit management, overall credit risk assessment and stringent credit control against customers with faulty payment records, as well as by transferring credit risks through the purchase of credit insurance.

Financial Risk

The financial risk management of the Group are set out in note 29 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

主要風險及不明朗因素(續)

營運風險

營運風險指因內部程序、人員或制度不 足或缺失,或因外部事件導致之損失風 險。管理營運風險之責任基本上由各個 功能之分部及部門肩負。

本集團確認,營運風險不能完全消除, 且消除風險的工作很多時候都未必會達 致成本效益。本集團之主要功能均以本 身之標準營運程序、權限及彙報框架為 指引。本集團將不時識別及評估主要之 營運風險,並盡早向高級管理層彙報之 等風險問題,以便採取適當風險應對。 本集團將繼續強化精細化管理,持續落 實和完善作業成本核算及以管理會計為 核心的精細化管理體系,全面加強對財 務、融資、投資和經營風險的管理。

客戶信用風險

由於本集團客戶群體龐大,各類客戶的 資信存在一定差異,不同的資信狀況對 本集團的業務發展帶來一定的影響,本 集團主要通過客戶資信調查、客戶資信 評級與授信、客戶信用額度管理及風險 總量控制、對付款記錄不良客戶實施信 用管控等內部信用管理措施識別和管理 信用風險,及通過購買信用保險轉移信 用風險,以減少上述影響。

財務風險

本集團之財務風險管理載列於合併財務 報表附註29內。

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Kang Baohua (康寶華), aged 65, is the founder and chairman of the Group, and was appointed as an Executive Director on February 26, 2010. Graduated from Liaoning University (遼寧大學) with a diploma in politics in 1984, Mr. Kang has over 25 years of experience in the curtain wall industry and has been responsible for the overall management and strategic development of the Group since 1992. Prior to founding the Group, Mr. Kang was an executive director of Shenyang Strong Wind Group Company (瀋陽強風集團 公司). Since the establishment of the Company, Mr. Kang has been involved in the management of the Company, including business development, finance and corporate strategy formulation. Mr. Kang is also a director of various other subsidiaries of the Group.

Mr. Li Hongren (李洪人), aged 52, the chief executive officer of the Group and an Executive Director of the Company, obtained his bachelor's degree in Engineering from Northeastern Industrial College* (東北工學院) (currently known as Northeastern University (東北大學)) in 1990 with a major in machinery manufacturing processes and equipment. Mr. Li was qualified as a senior engineer by Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of the People's Republic of China in 2006. Mr. Li joined the Group in 1999 and has more than 19 years of experience in manufacturing and marketing of curtain wall products. Since 2006, Mr. Li has been a manager of various Eurasian subsidiaries of the Group. Since 2014, Mr. Li was promoted to the vice president of the Group and is responsible for managerial matters of the Group.

董事

執行董事

康寶華先生,65歲,為本集團的創辦人 兼主席,並於2010年2月26日獲委任為 執行董事。康先生於1984年畢業於遼寧 大學,取得政治學文憑,於幕牆行業具 有逾25年經驗,自1992年起一直負責本 集團前,康先生為瀋陽強風集團公司的 執行董事。自本公司成立以來,康先生 一直涉足於本公司的管理,包括業務發 展、財務及企業策略制訂。康先生亦為 本集團多間其他附屬公司的董事。

李洪人先生,52歲,為本集團的行政總 裁及執行董事,於1990年獲得東北工學 院(現為東北大學)工程學士學位,主修 機械製造工藝與設備。李先生於2006年 獲中華人民共和國人力資源和社會保障 局頒發高級工程師資格。李先生於1999 年加入本集團及於幕牆產品的製造與營 銷方面擁有逾19年經驗。自2006年起, 李先生為本集團多家歐亞附屬公司的經 理。自2014年起,李先生晉升為本集團 副總裁,負責管理事宜。

DIRECTORS (continued)

Executive Directors (continued)

Mr. Liu Futao (劉福濤), aged 54, an Executive Director of the Company, obtained his bachelor's degree in Engineering from Shenyang Correspondence University (瀋陽廣播電視大學) in 1987 with a major in machinery manufacturing. Mr. Liu joined the Group in 1997 and has more than 21 years in manufacturing and project management. Since 2008, Mr. Liu has been a manager of various Mideast subsidiaries of the Group. In 2012, Mr. Liu was promoted to the regional manager of the northeast China of the Group.

Mr. Ma Minghui (馬明輝), aged 38, an Executive Director of the Company, obtained his bachelor's degree in Management from Shenyang Institute of Aeronautical Engineering (瀋陽航空 工業學院) in 2003 with a major in public administration. Mr. Ma joined the Group in 2007 and has accumulated more than 11 years of experience in human resources management and budget management. Since 2011, Mr. Ma has been the secretary to the president of the Group. In 2015, Mr. Ma was promoted to the director of human resources of the Group.

Mr. Wang Hao (王昊), aged 38, the chief financial officer of the Company and an Executive Director of the Company, obtained his bachelor's degree in Management from Jilin University (吉林大學) in 2002 with a major in accounting. Mr. Wang Hao joined the Group in 2007 and has accumulated more than 11 years of experience in financial management.

董事(續)

執行董事(續)

劉福濤先生,54歲,公司的執行董事, 於1987年獲得瀋陽廣播電視大學工程學 士學位,主修機械製造。劉先生於1997 年加入本集團及於製造及項目管理方面 擁有逾21年經驗。自2008年起,劉先生 為本集團多家中東附屬公司的經理。於 2012年,劉先生晉升為本集團中國東北 地區區域經理。

馬明輝先生,38歲,公司的執行董事, 於2003年獲得瀋陽航空工業學院管理學 學士學位,主修公共管理學。馬先生於 2007年加入本集團及於人力資源管理及 預算管理方面累積逾11年經驗。自2011 年起,馬先生為本集團總裁之秘書。於 2015年,馬先生晉升為本集團人力資源 總監。

王昊先生,38歲,本公司首席財務官及 執行董事,於2002年獲得吉林大學管 理學學士學位,主修會計。王昊先生於 2007年加入本集團及於財務管理方面累 積逾11年經驗。

DIRECTORS (continued)

Executive Directors (continued)

Mr. Zhang Lei (張雷), aged 46, since June 2013, he acted as an Executive Director of the Company. Mr. Zhang joined the Group in July 2002 and has over 16 years of experience in curtain wall industry. Before joining the Group, from 1994 to 2000, Mr. Zhang held various managerial positions in Northeast Refractory Plant, including vice director in charge of production and equipment and director of equipment department in No.4 branch of Northeast Refractory Plant. From 2001 to 2002, Mr. Zhang acted as a management intern in Japanese YKK company. From 2002 to 2005, Mr. Zhang held various key positions including guality control and technology minister in Northeast Branch of Shenyang Yuanda. He acted as a designer in Zhongdong Branch of Shenyang Yuanda from 2005 to 2006. From 2006 to 2008, he acted as chief designer in Dubai Branch of Shenyang Yuanda, responsible for the Group's ACC44 residential buildings, imperial buildings and commercial bay administration building and other projects. From 2008 to 2012, Mr. Zhang held various positions in Shenyang Yuanda, including assistant to chief engineer in International Operation of Shenyang Yuanda, deputy director of International Curtain Wall Manufacturer under Shenyang Yuangda, factory controller and factory president of Shenyang Yuanda. Mr. Zhang graduated from Shenyang Electrical Industrial School with a diploma in electrical and mechanical engineering in 1994.

董事(續)

執行董事(續)

張雷先生,46歲,自2013年6月起出任 本公司執行董事。張先生於2002年7月加 盟本集團,於幕牆業擁有逾16年經驗。 加入本集團前,張先生於1994年至2000 年在東北耐火材料廠分別擔任多個管理 **職位**,包括東北耐火材料廠四分廠生產 設備副廠長及設備處處長。自2001年至 2002年, 張先生於日本YKK公司出任管 理實習生。張先生於2002年至2005年在 瀋陽遠大東北分公司擔任多個要職,包 括質檢及工藝部長。彼於2005年至2006 年在瀋陽遠大中東分公司出任設計員, 於2006年至2008年擔任瀋陽遠大迪拜分 公司首席設計員,負責本集團ACC44住 宅大廈、帝王大廈及商業灣行政樓等項 目。自2008年至2012年,張先生出任 瀋陽遠大多個職位,包括瀋陽遠大國際 業務管理部總工程師助理、瀋陽遠大國 際幕牆製造廠技術副廠長、瀋陽遠大工 廠總監、瀋陽遠大工廠總裁。張先生於 1994年在瀋陽機電工業學校獲機電工程 文憑。

DIRECTORS (continued)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok (潘昭國), aged 56, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 12 April 2011. Mr. Poon obtained a Master's degree in international accounting, a Bachelor's degree in laws and a Bachelor's degree in business studies. He was awarded a postgraduate diploma in laws by the University of London. He is a fellow member of CPA Australia, the Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute (also an associate instructor), a fellow of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries ("HKICS") and The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. He is also a member of the Technical Consultation Panel, Mainland China Focus Group and Audit Committee of HKICS.

Mr. Poon has years of experience in regulatory affairs, investment banking and listed company management. He now serves as an executive director and company secretary of Huabao International Holdings Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 336). Currently, he is also an independent non-executive director of the following companies: Sunac China Holdings Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 1918), Changan Minsheng APLL Logistics Co., Ltd. (Hong Kong stock code: 1292), Tonly Electronics Holdings Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 1249), TUS International Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 872), AUX International Holdings Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 2080), Sany Heavy Equipment International Holdings Company Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 631), Greentown Service Group Co. Ltd. (Hong Kong stock code: 2869), Jinchuan Group International Resources Co. Ltd. (Hong Kong stock code: 2362), Honghua Group Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 196) and Yanzhou Coal Mining Company Limited (Hong Kong stock code:1171). Mr. Poon was a non-executive director of Chong Kin Group Holdings Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 1609) from 5 January 2018 to 6 June 2018.

董事(續)

獨立非執行董事

潘昭國先生,56歲,於2011年4月12日 獲委任為獨立非執行董事。潘先生獲英 國倫敦大學授予法學深造文憑;擁有法學 學士學位、商業學學士學位和國際會計 學碩士學位,為澳洲會計師公會、香港 證券及投資學會、英國特許秘書及行政 人員公會及香港特許秘書公會之資深會 員及香港特許秘書公會技術諮詢小組、 中國內地關注小組、審核委員會及專業 發展委員會成員。

潘先生於企業融資及上市公司合規和管 理方面擁有多年經驗。潘先生目前為華 寶國際控股有限公司(香港股份代號: 336)的執行董事及公司秘書,亦擔任下 列在聯交所主板上市公司的獨立非執行 董事:融創中國控股有限公司(香港股份 代號:1918);重慶長安民生物流股份有 限公司(香港股份代號:1292);通力電子 控股有限公司(香港股份代號:1249); 啟 迪國際有限公司(香港股份代號:872);奥 克斯國際控股有限公司(香港股份代號: 2080);三一重裝國際控股有限公司(香港 股份代號:631);綠城服務集團有限公司 (香港股份代號:2869);金川集團國際資 源有限公司(香港股份代號:2362);宏 華集團有限公司(香港股份代號:196)及 兗州煤業股份有限公司(香港股份代號: 1171)。潘先生在2018年1月5日至2018 年6月6日期間曾為創建集團(控股)有限 公司(香港股份代號:1609)之非執行董 事。

DIRECTORS (continued)

Independent Non-executive Directors (continued)

Mr. Woo Kar Tung, Raymond (胡家棟), aged 49 was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 12 April, 2011. Mr. Woo has over 25 years of experience in the accounting and financial services industry. He began his career as a certified accountant at Arthur Andersen & Co where he qualified. Subsequently, he was employed in senior positions as an investment banker at ING, CITIC Securities and Credit Suisse. Mr. Woo holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree. He is a member of the Australian Society of Certified Practising Accountants and a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Woo is an independent non-executive director of IRC Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 1029), and an independent non-executive director of SMIT Holdings Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 2239).

Mr. Pang Chung Fai, Benny (彭中輝), aged 46, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 12 April 2011. Mr. Pang is a member of each of the audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Pang is the managing partner of Benny Pang & Co. which specializes in capital markets and general corporate and commercial work. Between 1997 and 2009, Mr. Pang practiced as a lawyer with several international law firms in Hong Kong and Sydney. Mr. Pang received his bachelor's degree in laws (honors) from Bond University, Australia, in 1996. In 1997, Mr. Pang obtained his Graduate Diploma in Legal Practice and master's degree in laws from The College of Law, Sydney and the University of New South Wales, Australia, respectively. He has been admitted as a legal practitioner of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, Australia since 1997 and as a solicitor of the High Court of Hong Kong since 2009. He is a member of both the Law Society of New South Wales, Australia and the Law Society of Hong Kong. Currently, Mr. Pang is also an independent non-executive Director of Sanbase Corporation Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 8501). Mr. Pang has been re-designated from an executive Director to a non-executive Director and ceased to be the Vice Chairman of Huabang Financial Holdings Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 3638) with effect from 12 April 2018. Mr. Pang was also an independent non-executive Director, a member and the chairman of the Remuneration Committee, a member of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee of China Regenerative Medicine International Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 8158) during the period from 2012 to 2018 and resigned from the said positions with effect from 1 June 2018.

董事(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

胡家棟先生,49歲,於2011年4月12日 獲委任為獨立非執行董事。胡先生於會計 及金融服務行業擁有逾25年經驗。胡先 生於香港安達信會計師事務所任職執業會 計師,開展其事業,並於該會計師事務所 獲取專業資格。其後,彼曾於荷蘭商業銀 行(ING)、中信證券及瑞士信貸的投資銀 行部任職。胡先生持有商業學士學位。彼 現為澳洲會計師公會會員,並為香港會計 師公會資深會員。胡先生現亦擔任鐵江現 貨有限公司(香港股份代號:1029)的獨立 非執行董事及國微技術控股有限公司(香 港股份代號:2239)的獨立非執行董事。

彭中輝先生,46歲,於2011年4月12日 獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彭先生擔任 本公司審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬 委員會成員。彭先生現為Benny Pang & Co.的主理合夥人,致力資本市場和公司 及商業相關工作。1997年至2009年, 彭先生於香港及悉尼多間國際律師行擔 任律師。彭先生於1996年獲得邦德大學 法律學士榮譽學位。於1997年,彭先生 分別於英國法學院及新南威爾士大學獲 得法律實踐研究文憑及碩士學位。彼於 1997年獲得新南威爾士高級法院的認可 成為執業律師,並於2009年獲得香港高 等法院認可成為事務律師。彼為新南威 爾士律師協會會員及香港律師會會員。 彭先生目前為莊皇集團公司(香港股份代 號:8501)的獨立非執行董事。彭先生 已由華邦金融控股有限公司(香港股份代 碼:3638)的執行董事調任為非執行董 事,並終止擔任副主席,自2018年4月12 日起生效。彭先生亦在2012年至2018年 期間擔任中國再生醫學國際有限公司(香 港股份代號:8158)非執行董事、薪酬委 員會成員及主席、審核委員會成員及提 名會員會成員,並已辭任該職位自2018 年6月1日起生效。

DIRECTORS (continued)

Independent Non-executive Directors (continued)

Save as otherwise disclosed, there was no change to any information required to be disclosed in relation to any Director pursuant to Rule 13.51(2)(a) to (e) and (g) of the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 December 2018. All Directors are not involved in any matters concerning Rule 13.51(2)(h) to (v) of the Listing Rules.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Yu Leung Fai, Philip (余亮暉), aged 42, was appointed as the company secretary and authorized representative of the Company in June 2012 and has over 12 years of experience in corporate services field. He was an auditor of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu from 2000 to 2001. Since 2001, Mr. Yu joined Fung, Yu & Co. CPA Limited and is currently the managing partner of Fung, Yu & Co. CPA Limited. Mr. Yu has also been appointed as the company secretary of Beijing Media Corporation Ltd. (Hong Kong stock code: 01000), Sany Heavy Equipment International Holdings Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 00631) and Bamboos Health Care Holdings Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 02293), and independent non-executive director of Realord Group Holdings Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 01196), all of which are listed companies in Hong Kong, since 2010, 2017, 2018 and 2014, respectively. Mr. Yu graduated from the University of Toronto with a bachelor's degree in commerce in 2000 and from the University of London with a bachelor's degree in law in 2005. He is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Certified Practicing Accountants of Australia and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Li Hongren (李洪人), Chief Executive Officer of the Company – see the paragraph under "Executive Directors" above.

Mr. Wang Hao (王昊), the chief financial officer of the Company – see the paragraph under "Executive Directors" above.

董事(續)

獨立非執行董事(續)

除另有披露外,於截至2018年12月31 日止年度概無任何須根據上市規則第 13.51(2)(a)條至(e)條及(g)條予以披露有關 董事的資料的變動。各董事並無涉及上 市規則第13.51(2)(h)至(v)條所述的任何事 件。

公司秘書

余亮暉先生,42歳,於2012年6月獲委 任為本公司的公司秘書以及授權代表, 於企業服務領域具有逾12年經驗。彼於 2000年至2001年擔任德勤•關黃陳方 會計師行審計師。自2001年起,余先生 加入馮兆林余鍚光會計師事務所有限公 司,現為該公司執行合夥人。自2010、 2017、2018及2014年起,余先生亦分別 擔任北青傳媒股份有限公司(香港股票代 號:01000),三一重裝國際控股有限公司 (香港股票代號:00631)及百本醫護控股 有限公司(香港股票代號:02293)三家香 港上市公司的公司秘書,及偉祿集團控 股有限公司(香港股票代號:01196)之獨 立非執行董事。余先生於2000年畢業於 多倫多大學,取得商業學士學位,並於 2005年畢業於倫敦大學,取得法律學士 學位。彼為美國註冊會計師公會、澳洲 會計師公會及香港會計師公會會員。

高級管理人員

李洪人先生,首席執行官一請參閱上文 「執行董事」一段。

王昊先生,首席財務官一請參閱上文「執行董事」一段。

The board of directors (the "**Board**") of the Company is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report in the Group's Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2018.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Group strives to maintain high standards of corporate governance to enhance shareholder value and safeguard shareholder interests. The Group's corporate governance principles emphasize the importance of a quality Board, effective internal controls and accountability to shareholders of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company has adopted the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "**CG Code**") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules as its own code to govern its corporate governance practices.

The Company reviews its corporate governance practices regularly to ensure compliance with the CG Code. For the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company has complied with all code provisions of the CG Code, except the following deviation:

Code Provision E.1.2 - Chairman Attending Annual General Meeting

Mr. Kang Baohua, the Chairman of the Board, was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company (the "**AGM**") on 29 May 2018 as he had business engagement. Mr. Ma Minghui was elected as the chairman of the AGM to ensure effective communication with the Company at the AGM. 本公司董事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈此載 於本集團截至2018年12月31日止年度年 報的企業管治報告。

企業管治常規

本集團致力維持高水平的企業管治,以 提升股東價值及保障股東權益。本集團 的企業管治原則著重優秀董事會、有效 內部監控及對本公司股東負責任的重要 性。

於截至2018年12月31日止年度,本公司 一直採納上市規則附錄14所載之企業管 治守則(「企業管治守則」)之守則條文為 其管治其企業管治常規之守則。

本公司定期檢討其企業管治常規,以確 保常規符合企業管治守則。截止2018年 12月31日止年度,本公司已遵守聯交所 證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附註14所載 企業管治常規守則的所有守則條文,除 以下偏離事項:

守則條文E.1.2-主席出席股東週年大會

董事會主席康寶華先生因公務而未能出 席本公司於2018年5月29日舉行的股東 周年大會(「股東週年大會」)。馬明輝先 生被選為股東週年大會主席,以確保本 公司股東於股東週年大會上保持有效的 溝通。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance with the objective of enhancing shareholders' value including setting and approving the Company's strategic implementation, considering substantial investments, reviewing the Group's financial performance and developing and reviewing the Group's policies and practices on corporate governance. The Board has delegated to the chief executive officer, of whom the directors also undertake, and through him, to the senior management the authority and responsibility for the day-to-day management and operation of the Group. In addition, the Board has established Board committees and has delegated to these Board committees various responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

All directors shall ensure that they carry out duties in good faith, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and in the interests of the Company and its shareholders at all times.

The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover for directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against its directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities.

BOARD COMPOSITION

As at the date of this annual report, membership of the Board is made up of nine members in total, with six executive directors and three independent non-executive directors. The composition of the Board is set out below:

Executive Directors

| Mr. Kang Baohua | Chairman |
|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Mr. Li Hongren | Chief executive officer |
| Mr. Liu Futao | |
| Mr. Ma Minghui | |
| Mr. Wang Hao | Chief financial officer |
| Mr. Zhang Lei | |

董事會

職責

董事會負責領導及控制本公司,並監督 本集團的業務、戰略決定及表現,以提 升股東價值,包括制訂及批准本公司落 實策略、考慮重大投資、檢討本集團財 務表現以及發展及審閱本集團企業管治 的政策及常規。董事會已向行政總裁授 權而董事亦承擔,並透過行政總裁向高 級管理層轉授權力及職責,負責本集團 日常管理及運作。此外,董事會亦已成 立董事委員會,並向該等董事委員會授 予多項職責,有關職責載於其各自的職 權範圍內。

全體董事須確保本著真誠並遵守適用法 律及法規以及於任何時候按本公司及其 股東的利益履行職責。

本公司已因應公司業務就針對董事及高 級管理層提出的法律訴訟所產生的董事 及高級職員責任購買適當的保險。

董事會組成

於本報告日期,董事會共由九名成員組 成,其中包括六名執行董事及三名獨立 非執行董事。董事會組成載列如下:

執行董事

| 康寶華先生 | 主席 |
|-------|-------|
| 李洪人先生 | 行政總裁 |
| 劉福濤先生 | |
| 馬明輝先生 | |
| 王昊先生 | 首席財務官 |
| 張雷先生 | |

| Independent Non- | 動立非執行董事 執行董事 ndent Non-executive Executive Directors Directors | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|------------------------------------|
| 3名選任董事 3 Elected Directors | | | İ | | |
| 年齡組別/Age Group | 30-40 2名董事 2 Directors | 40-50 3名董事 3 Directors | | 50-60 3名董事 Directors | >60 1名董事 1 Director |
| 擔任本集團董事的年期 (年數)/Directorship with the Group 同時擔任其他上市公司 的董事(公司數目)/ Other Public Companies Directorship(s) | 1-2 4名董事 4 Directors 0-1 6名董事 6 Directors | | 2-6 1名董事 1 Director | >6 4名董事 4 Directors 2-3 2名董事 2 Directors | >4 1名董事 1 Director |
| 預算管理及領導技能/Bu management and leade 幕牆產品的製造與營銷緣 Experience in manufact marketing of curtain wa 內地市場專業知識/Main expertise | udget ership skills 堅驗/ turing and ill products | 董事會成員專業背: Board Expertise a 良好的判斷及對管理 的監督及指導 Sound judgemen effective oversigh guidance to mana | nd Skills 層作有效 導 nt and t of and | 財務匯報及風險監控網 reporting and risk ove experience 政府、法律及公共政策 Government, legal an policy experience 人力管理專業知識/Hu resources management | ersight 〔經驗/ d public man |

BOARD COMPOSITION (continued)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok Mr. Woo Kar Tung, Raymond Mr. Pang Chung Fai, Benny

The list of directors (by category) is also disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules from time to time. The independent non-executive directors are expressly identified in all corporate communications pursuant to the Listing Rules.

董事會組成(續)

獨立非執行董事

潘昭國先生 胡家棟先生 彭中輝先生

董事名單(按類別劃分)亦已根據上市規 則於本公司不時刊發的所有公司通訊中 披露。所有公司通訊均已遵照上市規則 明確説明獨立非執行董事身份。

BOARD COMPOSITION (continued)

The biographical details of the members of the Board are disclosed under the section headed "**Directors and Senior Management**" in this annual report. None of the members of the Board is related to one another.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors with at least one independent non-executive director possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive director of his independence pursuant to the requirements of Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines as set out in the Listing Rules.

All directors, including independent non-executive directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. Independent non-executive directors are invited to serve on the Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees of the Company.

Save as otherwise disclosed, there is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material relationship) between any member of the Board.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy setting out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company considered diversity of board members can be achieved through consideration of a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All Board appointments are based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

Selection of candidates is based on a range of diversified perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The ultimate decision will be made upon the merits of the selected candidates and their contribution to the Board.

董事會組成(續)

董事會各成員之個人履歷於本報告「**董事** 及高級管理人員」一節內披露。董事會各 成員間並無任何關連。

截至2018年12月31日止年度,董事會一 直遵照上市規則要求必須委任最少三名 獨立非執行董事,而其中至少一名獨立 非執行董事須擁有適當的專業資格或會 計或相關財務管理專業知識的規定。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上 市規則3.13條之規定有關其獨立性的年 度確認書。本公司認為,根據上市規則 所載的獨立指引,全體獨立非執行董事 均為獨立人士。

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)為董事 會帶來廣泛的寶貴商業經驗、知識及專 長,令其能有效運作。獨立非執行董事 已獲邀請在本公司審核委員會、薪酬委 員會及提名委員會任職。

除另有披露外,董事會任何成員之間概 無關係(包括財務、業務、家族或其他重 大關係)。

董事會成員多元化政策

董事會採用成員多元化政策,載明實現 董事會成員多元化的方針。本公司制訂 董事會成員多元化已從多個方面作出考 慮,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及 教育背景、專業經驗、技能及知識。董 事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,並 在考慮人選時以客觀條件充分顧及董事 會成員多元化的裨益。

甄選人選將按一系列多元化範疇為基 準,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及 教育背景、專業經驗、技能及知識。最 終將按人選的長處及可為董事會作出的 貢獻而作決定。
CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The roles and duties of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company are carried out by different individuals and have been clearly defined in writing.

The chairman of the Board is Mr. Kang Baohua, and the chief executive officer is Mr. Li Hongren. The positions of chairman and chief executive officer are held by separate persons in order to preserve independence and a balance of views and judgments. With the support of the senior management, the chairman is responsible for ensuring that the directors receive adequate, complete and reliable information in a timely manner and appropriate briefing on issues arising at Board meetings. The chief executive officer focuses on implementing objectives, policies and strategies approved and delegated by the Board. The chief executive officer is in charge of the Company's day-to-day management and operations. The chief executive officer is also responsible for developing strategic plans and formulating the organizational structure, control systems and internal procedures and processes for the Board's approval.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Each of the executive directors of the Company is engaged on a service contract for a term of three years, and the appointment may be terminated by not less than one month's written notice. Each of the independent non-executive directors of the Company has been appointed for a term of one year and the appointment may be terminated by not less than three months' written notice.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, all directors of the Company are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and any new director appointed by the Board to fill a causal vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall submit himself/herself for re-election by shareholders at the first general meeting after appointment.

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of directors are laid down in the Company's Articles of Association. The Nomination Committee established on 12 April 2011 is to be responsible for reviewing the Board composition, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of directors and assessing the independence of independent non-executive directors.

主席及行政總裁

本公司主席及行政總裁的職位及職責由 不同人士擔任及以書面清晰界定。

董事會主席為康寶華先生,而行政總裁為李洪人先生。主席及行政總裁的職位由不同人士擔任,以便保持獨立性及作出判斷時有平衡意見。在高級管理陸動下,主席的責任是確保董事能及可靠數據立事會會了董事會主提出之事。行政總裁主要負責了董會主任。行政總裁須承擔本公司日常管理及運作的執行責任。行政總裁亦負責發展策略計劃及制訂組織架構、監控系統及內部程序及過程供董事會批准。

董事委任及重選

本公司各執行董事均訂立為期三年的服 務合約,而委任可透過發出不少於一個 月書面通告的方式終止。本公司各獨立 非執行董事則獲為期一年之委任,而委 任可透過發出不少於三個月書面通告的 方式終止。

根據本公司的組織章程細則,本公司全 體董事須至少每三年輪值告退一次及任 何經董事會新委任以填補臨時空缺的董 事須於委任後首次股東大會上接受股東 重選。

董事委任、重選及罷免程序及過程已載 於本公司的組織章程細則。於2011年4月 12日成立的提名委員會負責檢討董事會 組合、向董事會推薦董事委任及繼任規 劃,以及評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。



BOARD MEETINGS

Board Practices and Conduct of Meetings

Annual meeting schedules and draft agenda of each meeting are normally made available to directors in advance.

Notice of regular Board meetings is served to all directors at least 14 days before the meeting. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given.

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting or committee meeting to keep directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions. The Board and each director also have separate and independent access to the senior management where necessary.

The Company's senior management, including chief executive officer, chief financial officer and company secretary, attend all regular Board meetings and where necessary, other Board and committee meetings, to advise on business developments, financial and accounting matters, statutory and regulatory compliance, corporate governance and other major aspects of the Company.

The company secretary of the Company is responsible for taking and keeping minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings. Draft minutes are normally circulated to directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and final versions are open for directors' inspection.

The Company's Articles of Association contain provisions requiring directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

董事會會議

董事會會議常規及操守

各會議的年度會議程序及議程一般須事 先向董事提供。

定期舉行的董事會會議通告須於會議舉 行前至少十四天送交全體董事。至於其 他董事會及委員會會議,則一般須給予 合理時間通知。

於各董事會會議或委員會會議舉行前至 少三天,向全體董事寄發董事會議程連 同所有適用、完整及可靠數據,供董事 知悉本公司的最新發展及財務狀況,從 而令彼等可作出知情決定。董事會及各 董事亦可於必要時個別獨立接觸高級管 理層。

本公司的高級管理層,包括行政總裁、 財務總監及公司秘書,出席全部定期舉 行的董事會會議,並於必要時出席其他 董事會及委員會會議,就本公司的業務 發展、財務及會計事宜、法定及監管規 定、企業管治及其他重大事務提供意見。

本公司的公司秘書負責所有董事會會議 及委員會會議記錄,並保存有關記錄。 每次舉行董事會會議及委員會會議後一 段合理時間內,一般會向董事傳閱會議 記錄初稿供其審閱,而定稿將可供董事 查閱。

本公司的組織章程細則載有條文要求董 事須在就批准董事或任何彼等的連絡人 士於其中擁有重大權益的交易而召開的 會議上放棄投票,及不會計入法定人數。

BOARD MEETINGS (CONTINUED)

Directors' Attendance Records

The attendance records of each director at the Board meetings during the year ended 31 December 2018 and the annual general meeting for the financial year of 2017 held on 29 May 2018 (the "**2017 AGM**") are set out below:

董事會會議(續)

董事出席會議記錄

截至2018年12月31日止年度,各董事出 席董事會會議以及出席於2018年5月29 日召開的2017年財政年度股東周年大會 (「2017年股東周年大會」)的記錄載列如 下:

Attendance/Number of Meetings 出席次數/會議數目

| Name of Director 董事姓名 | Board 董事會 | Nomination Committee 提名委員會 | Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會 | Audit Committee 審核委員會 | Annual General Meeting 股東周年大會 | Extraordinary General Meeting 股東特別大會 | Chairman's Annual Meetings with INEDs 主席與獨立 非執行董事 的年度會議 |
|------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|---|
| 포카자니 | 포카티 | | 和叫女只日 | HIVYE | 版不问十八日 | 版本内加八百 | 前十次目晓 |
| Kang Baohua 康寶華 | 5/6 | 1/1 | | | 0/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 |
| Li Hongren 李洪人 | 5/6 | | 1/1 | | 0/1 | 1/1 | |
| Liu Futao 劉福濤 | 5/6 | | | | 1/1 | 1/1 | |
| Ma Minghui 馬明輝 | 5/6 | | | | 1/1 | 1/1 | |
| Wang Hao 王昊 | 6/6 | | | | 1/1 | 1/1 | |
| Zhang Lei 張雷 | 5/6 | | | | 0/1 | 1/1 | |
| Poon Chiu Kwok 潘昭國 | 6/6 | 1/1 | | 2/2 | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 |
| Woo Kar Tung, Raymond 胡家棟 | 6/6 | | 1/1 | 2/2 | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 |
| Pang Chung Fai, Benny 彭中輝 | 6/6 | 1/1 | 1/1 | 2/2 | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 |

DIRECTORS' TRAINING

Directors must keep abreast of their collective responsibilities and are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company would provide to each newly appointed director or alternative director an induction package covering the summary of the responsibilities and liabilities of a director of a Hong Kong listed company, the Group's businesses and the statutory regulatory obligations of a director of a listed company as well as the Company's constitutional documents to ensure that he/ she is sufficiently aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements. The Group also provided briefings and other training to develop and refresh the directors' knowledge and skills from time to time. Further, the Company continuously updates directors on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices.

Details regarding the trainings attended by the Directors during the year ended 31 December 2018 are as follow:

董事培訓

董事於截至2018年12月31日止年度出席 培訓的詳情如下:

| | | Types of training |
|-------------------------------------|---------|-------------------|
| Directors | 董事 | 培訓種類 |
| | | |
| Executive Directors | 執行董事 | |
| Kang Baohua | 康寶華 | A,B,C,D,E |
| Li Hongren | 李洪人 | A,B,D,E |
| Liu Futao | 劉福濤 | A,B,D,E |
| Ma Minghui | 馬明輝 | A,B,D,E |
| Wang Hao | 王昊 | A,B,D,E |
| Zhang Lei | 張雷 | A,B,D,E |
| | | |
| Independent Non-Executive Directors | 獨立非執行董事 | |
| Poon Chiu Kwok | 潘昭國 | A,B,C,D,E |
| Woo Kar Tung, Raymond | 胡家棟 | A,B,C,D,E |
| Pang Chung Fai, Benny | 彭中輝 | A,B,C,D,E |

DIRECTORS' TRAINING (continued)

Notes:

- A. Attending seminar(s)/forum(s)
- B. Reading materials relating to general business, real estate development, directors' duties and responsibilities and so on
- C. Giving talks to external seminar(s)/forum(s)
- D. Attending corporate event(s)/visit(s)
- E. Directors E-Trainings in HKex

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "**Model Code**") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "**Appendix 10**") and devised its own code of conduct regarding directors' dealings in the Company's securities (the "**Company Code**") on terms no less exacting than the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10.

Specific enquiry has been made of all the directors and the directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code and the Company Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2018.

The Company has also established written guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code (the "**Employees Written Guidelines**") for securities transactions by employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Company.

No incident of non-compliance of the Employees Written Guidelines by the employees was noted by the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

董事培訓(續)

附註:

- A. 出席研討會/論壇
- B. 閱讀有關業務、地產發展、董事職責及 責任等之資料
- C. 出席外部研討會/論壇致辭
- D. 出席公司活動、造訪行程
- E. 香港聯交所網上董事培訓

證券交易標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10(「**附錄** 10」)所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易 的標準守則(「標準守則」)及修訂了其條 款不遜於附錄10所載標準守則的其本 身有關董事買賣本公司證券的行為守則 (「公司守則」)。

本公司已向全體董事作出具體查詢,而 董事已確認,截至2018年12月31日止年 度,彼等一直遵守標準守則及公司守則。

本公司已就可能擁有未公開的本公司內 幕消息的僱員進行證券交易確立條款不 遜於標準守則的書面指引(「**僱員書面指** 引」)。

截至2018年12月31日,本公司並未察覺 僱員違反僱員書面指引的事故。



DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

The Board undertakes responsibility for decision making in major Company matters, including the approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of directors and other significant financial and operational matters.

All directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the company secretary, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable laws and regulations are followed. Each director is normally able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon making request to the Board.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the chief executive officer and the senior management. The delegated functions and responsibilities are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the aforesaid officers. The Board also has the full support of the chief executive officer and the senior management for the discharge of its responsibilities.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The Company has established a formal and transparent procedure for formulating policies on remuneration of senior management of the Group. Details of the remuneration of each of the directors of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018 are set out in Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

董事會授權

董事會負責對本公司重大事宜作出決 策,包括批准及監督所有政策事宜、整 體策略及預算、內部監控及風險管理制 度、重大交易(尤其是可能涉及利益衝突 的交易)、財務數據、委任董事及其他重 大財務及運作事宜。

全體董事可及時取得所有相關數據以及 公司秘書的意見及服務,以確保符合董 事會議事程序以及遵守所有適用規則及 規例。向董事會提出要求後,各董事一 般可於適當情況下徵詢獨立專業意見, 費用由本公司承擔。

本公司日常管理、行政及運作均由行政 總裁及高級管理層負責。本公司會定期 檢討獲分派職務及工作。上述高級職員 於訂立任何重大交易前,必須事先獲董 事會批准。董事會亦獲行政總裁及高級 管理層全力支持履行其職責。

董事及高級管理層薪酬

本公司已制定本集團高級管理層薪酬政 策的正式及具透明度的程序。本公司各 董事於截至2018年12月31日止年度的薪 酬詳情載列於合併財務報表附註8。

BOARD COMMITTEES

As an integral part of sound corporate governance practices, the Board has established three committees, namely, the Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference which are available to shareholders on the Company's website. Each of the Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises three members, namely Mr. Kang Baohua (chairman), Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok and Mr. Pang Chung Fai, Benny, the majority of which are independent non-executive directors.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the Board composition, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of directors, and assessing the independence of the independent non-executive directors.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Nomination Committee:

- reviewed the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board annually and made recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to implement the Company's corporate strategy;
- made recommendations to the Board to ensure that the independent non-executive Directors comprise at least onethird of the Board;
- assessed the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and

董事委員會

為符合良好企業管治常規,董事會已成 立三個委員會,分別是提名委員會、薪 酬委員會及審核委員會,以監管本公司 特定範疇的事宜。本公司所有董事委員 會乃根據已界定書面職權範圍成立,有 關職權範圍資料已載於本公司網站一員 電職權範圍資料已載於本公司網站一個 東省覽。提名委員會、薪酬委員會及審 核委員會均獲提供足夠資源,以履行其 職務,倘提出合理要求後,可於適當情 況下尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司 承擔。

提名委員會

提名委員會由三名成員組成,分別是康 寶華先生(主席)、潘昭國先生及彭中輝 先生,大部分成員為獨立非執行董事。

提名委員會的主要職責包括檢討董事會 組成、就委任及董事繼任計劃向董事會 提出建議及評估獨立非執行董事的獨立 性。

截至2018年12月31日止年度,提名委員會:

- 對董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括 技能、知識及經驗方面)進行了年度 審閱,並就任何為配合本公司的策 略而擬對董事會作出的變動提出建 議;
- 向董事會提供意見,確保獨立非執 行董事必須佔董事會成員人數至少 三分一;
- 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Nomination Committee (continued)

- made recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of Directors; and
- made recommendations to achieve board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, ethnicity, professional experience, knowledge and length of service.

The Nomination Committee will meet at least once per year according to its terms of reference. One Nomination Committee meeting was held during the year under review.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee comprises three members, namely Mr. Woo Kar Tung, Raymond (chairman), Mr. Li Hongren and Mr. Pang Chung Fai, Benny, the majority of which are independent non-executive directors.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the directors' remuneration and other benefits. The remuneration of all directors is subject to regular monitoring by the Remuneration Committee to ensure that level of their remuneration and compensation are reasonable. Their written terms of reference are in compliance with the provisions of the CG Code. Pursuant to code provision B.1.4 of the CG Code, the Remuneration Committee would make available its terms of reference, explaining its role and the authority delegated to it by the Board.

董事委員會(續)

提名委員會(續)

- 就董事重新委任向董事會提出建議;
 及
- 提議董事會應該在諸多方面(但不限 於)(如性別、年齡、民族、職業經 歷、學歷及服務任期)實現董事會的 多樣性。

提名委員會將根據其職權範圍每年至少 舉行一次會議。於回顧年度,提名委員 會舉行了1次會議。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三名成員組成,分別是胡 家棟先生(主席)、李洪人先生及彭中輝 先生,大部分成員為獨立非執行董事。

薪酬委員會負責就董事薪酬及其他福利 提供建議。全體董事薪酬均受薪酬委員 會定期監管,以確保彼等薪酬水平及補 償屬合理。彼等職權範圍乃遵照企業管 治守則的條文。根據企業所管治守則條 文B.1.4守則條文,薪酬委員會將制訂職 權範圍,解釋其職能及獲董事會所授予 的權力。

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Remuneration Committee (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Remuneration Committee:

- made recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- reviewed and approved the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- conducted an annual review with reference to companies with comparable business or scale and recommend remuneration adjustments, if appropriate;
- reviewed and approved the disclosure details of any remuneration payable to members of senior management by band in the annual reports; and
- conducted regular evaluations of the Board on its performance as it may consider appropriate.

Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG code, the remuneration of the members of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2018 is set out below:

董事委員會(續)

薪酬委員會(續)

截至2018年12月31日止年度,薪酬委員 會主要負責:

- 就本公司董事及高級管理人員的全 體薪酬政策及架構,及就設立正規 而具透明度的程序制訂薪酬政策, 向董事會提出建議;
- 因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而 檢討及批准管理層的薪酬建議;
- 每年參考類似業務或規模的公司進行酬金檢討,並於適當時建議作出 酬金調整;
- 檢討及批准於年報內按薪酬等級披露應付高級管理人員的任何酬金詳情;及
- 委員會按需要定期評核董事會的表現。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第B.1.5 條,高級管理層成員於截至2018年12月 31日止年度之薪酬範圍載列如下:

| In the band of | 所屬範圍 | | Number of individuals 人數 |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|
| Nil to HK\$1,000,000 | 零至 1,000,000 港元 | | 6 |
| HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000 | 1,000,001港元至 2,000, | 000 港元 | 1 |
| HK\$2,000,001to HK\$3,000,000 | 2,000,001港元至 3,000, | 000 港元 | 2 |
| The Remuneration Committee held or | ne meeting during the year | 薪酬委員會於截至2018年 | 12月31日止年 |

ended 31 December 2018.

薪酬委員會於截至2018年12月31日止年 度舉行了1次會議。

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises three members, namely Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok (chairman), Mr. Woo Kar Tung, Raymond and Mr. Pang Chung Fai, Benny, all of which are independent non-executive directors.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control system and to provide advice and comments to the Board.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Audit Committee:

- made recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor, and approved the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor;
- reviewed and monitored the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
- reviewed the annual results in respect of the year ended 31 December 2017 and the interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2018 as well as significant issues on financial control, internal control and risk management systems;
- reviewed and approved the internal audit work plan for 2018, and received periodic updates on the status of internal audit activities;
- discussed the internal control system with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have an effective internal control system. This discussion included the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting functions; and

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名成員組成,分別為潘 昭國先生(主席)、胡家棟先生及彭中輝 先生,全部均為獨立非執行董事。

審核委員會的主要職務為檢討及監察財 務申報程序及內部監控制度,以及向董 事會提供建議及意見。

截至2018年12月31日止年度, 審核委員 會:

- 就外聘核數師的委任、重新委任及 罷免向董事會提供建議、批准外聘 核數師的薪酬及聘用條款;
- 按適用的標準檢討及監察外聘核數
 師是否獨立客觀及核數程序是否有效;
- 檢討公司截至2017年12月31日止 年度之年度業績,截至2018年6月 30日止六個月中期業績及有關財務 監控、內部監控及風險管理制度的 重大事項;
- 審閲及通過2018年度中期審計計 劃;及定期收到關於內部審計活動狀 況的最新資料;
- 與管理層討論內部監控系統,確保 管理層已履行職責建立有效的內部 監控系統,討論內容應包括公司在 會計及財務彙報職能方面的資源、 員工資歷及經驗是否足夠,以及員 工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算是 否充足;及

BOARD COMMITTEES (continued)

Audit Committee (continued)

 developed and reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and made recommendations to the Board.

The Audit Committee held two meetings during the year ended 31 December 2018.

The Audit Committee also met the external auditors of the Company twice without the presence of the executive directors.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

During the period under review, the Board is responsible for determining the policy for the corporate governance of the Company performing the corporate governance duties as below:

- to develop and review the Group's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Group's policies and practices on compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements (where applicable);
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors of the Group; and
- to review the Group's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure requirements in the Corporate Governance Report.

董事委員會(續)

審核委員會(續)

 制定及檢討本公司政策及企業管治 常規,並向董事會提出建議。

截至2018年12月31日止年度, 審核委員 會曾舉行2次會議。

審核委員會亦在執行董事缺席之情況下 與本公司外部核數師進行兩次會面。

企業管治職能

於回顧期內,董事會負責釐定本公司的 企業管治政策,以履行企業管治職務如 下:

- 制定及檢討本集團的企業管治政策
 及常規,並作出建議;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培 訓及持續專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本集團遵守所有法律及 規管規定(如適用)的政策及常規;
- 制定、檢討及監察本集團僱員及董 事適用的行為守則及合規指引(如 有);及
- 檢討本集團遵守企業管治守則及企 業管治報告所載披露規定的情況。



ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, announcements of inside information and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other statutory and regulatory requirements.

The management of the Company has provided to the Board such explanation and information as are necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the Company's financial statements, which are put to the Board for approval.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

During the year under review, the Board, through the Audit Committee, conducted a review of the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Company including the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget.

The Board is responsible for maintaining an adequate internal control system to safeguard shareholder investments and Company assets and with the support of the Audit Committee, reviewing the effectiveness of such system on an annual basis.

The internal control system of the Group is designed to facilitate effective and efficient operations, to ensure reliability of financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, to identify and manage potential risks and to safeguard assets of the Group. The internal auditor and senior management reviews and evaluates the control process, monitors any risk factors on a regular basis, and reports to the Audit Committee on any findings and measures to address the variances and identified risks.

責性及審核

董事就財務報表的財務報告職責

董事確認彼等知悉編製本公司截至2018 年12月31日止年度財務報表的責任。

董事會負責根據上市規則及其他法定及 監管規定,對年報及中期報告、內幕消 息公告及其他披露事宜提供內容持平、 清晰及易明的評估。

本公司管理層已向董事會提供必要的解 釋及數據,以使董事會對獲提呈待審批 的本公司財務報表作出知情評估。

內部監控

於回顧年度,董事會透過審核委員會已 檢討本公司內部監控制度的有效性,其 中包括資源充足性、本公司會計及財務 報告人員的資格及經驗以及其培訓計劃 及預算。

董事會負責維持足夠的內部監控制度, 以保障股東投資及本公司資產,並透過 審核委員會每年對其有效性進行檢討。

本集團的內部監控制度乃設計為協助有 效及高效的運作,從而確保財務報告的 可靠性及遵守適用法律及法規、識別及 管理潛在風險,以及保障本集團資產。 內部核數師及高級管理層須定期檢討及 評估監控程序,並監察任何風險因素, 以及就任何調查結果、應付各種變量及 已識別風險的措施向審核委員會報告。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Yu Leung Fai, the external company secretary service provider of the Company, has been engaged by the Company as its company secretary since 30 June 2012. The primary corporate contact person at the Company is Alice Li, the secretary of the Finance and Securities Department of the Company.

The company secretary's biography is set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" on pages 26 to 31 of this report. During the year ended 31 December 2018, the company secretary undertook over 15 hours of professional training to update his skills and knowledge.

EXTERNAL AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The statement of the external auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities for the financial statements of the Company is set out in the "**Independent Auditor's Report**" on pages 106 to 113.

The remuneration paid to the external auditors of the Company in respect of audit services for the year ended 31 December 2018 amounted to approximately RMB9.8 million. The external auditors of the Company provided non-audit services with contract-value of about RMB3.3 million to the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

公司秘書

余亮暉先生(向本公司提供外部公司秘書 服務的服務提供者)已自2012年6月30日 起受本公司聘任為其公司秘書。本公司 主要公司聯絡人為本公司金融及證券部 秘書李雪嬌。

公司秘書履歷載於本報告第26至31頁「董 事及高級管理人員」一節。截至2018年12 月31日止年度,公司秘書獲授15小時以 上之專業培訓,以提升彼等技能及知識。

外聘核數師及核數師薪酬

本公司外聘核數師就其對本公司的財務 報表的申報職責的聲明載列於第106至 113頁的「**獨立核數師報告**」。

就截至2018年12月31日止年度提供之審 計服務而向本公司外部核數師支付之薪 酬約為人民幣9.8百萬元。截至2018年12 月31日止年度,本公司外部核數師向本 公司提供價值約為人民幣3.3百萬元的非 審計服務。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting (including making proposals/moving a resolution at the extraordinary general meeting)

- Any one or more shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company (the "Eligible Shareholder(s)") shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary"), to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition, including making proposals or moving a resolution at an extraordinary general meeting.
- Eligible Shareholders who wish to convene an extraordinary general meeting for the purpose of making proposals or moving a resolution at an extraordinary general meeting must deposit a written requisition (the "**Requisition**") signed by the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong at Unit 1121, 11/F No.1 Block, Grand Central Plaza 138 Shatin Rural Committee Road Shatin Hong Kong, for the attention of the Company Secretary.
- The Requisition must state clearly the name of the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned, his/her/their shareholding in the Company, the reason(s) to convene an extraordinary general meeting, the agenda proposed to be included the details of the business(es) proposed to be transacted in the extraordinary general meeting, signed by the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned.

股東權利

股東召開股東特別大會(包括股東特別大 會上提出提案/決議案)的程序

- 任何一個或多個股東在遞交該申請 書當日須持有本公司不少於十分之 一附帶投票權可於本集團股東大會 上投票的已繳足資本(「適格股東」) 有權隨時向本公司董事會或公司秘 書(「公司秘書」)遞交書面申請,要 求董事會為該書面申請中所述的任 何業務交易召開股東特別大會(包 括股東特別大會上提出提案/決議 案)。
- 希望召開股東特別大會以於股東特別大會上提出提案或決議案的適格股東必須將經相關適格股東簽署的書面申請(「申請書」)交存本公司在香港的主要營業地點,地址為香港新界沙田沙田鄉事會路138號新城市中央廣場1座11樓1121室(致公司秘書)。
- 申請書必須載明相關適格股東的姓名、彼等持有的本公司股份、召開股東特別大會的理由、擬議的議程、在股東特別大會上擬議的交易的詳情,並由相關適格股東簽署。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (continued)

Procedures for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting (including making proposals/moving a resolution at the extraordinary general meeting) *(continued)*

If within 21 days of the deposit of the Requisition, the Board has not advised the Eligible Shareholders of any outcome to the contrary and fails to proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting, the Eligible Shareholder(s) himself/herself/ themselves may do so in accordance with the memorandum and articles of associations, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned by the Eligible Shareholder.

Disclaimer

The contents of this sub-section headed "**Shareholders' Rights**" are for reference and disclosure compliance purposes only. The information does not represent and should not be regarded as legal or other professional advice from the Company to the shareholders. Shareholders should seek their own independent legal or other professional advice as to their rights as shareholders of the Company. The Company disclaims all liabilities for losses incurred by its shareholders in reliance on any contents of this sub-section headed "Shareholders' Rights".

Making enquires to the Board

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong by post through the following means:

| Telephone number: | (86) 24 25273288 |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| By post: | 20, Street 13 Shenyang Economic & |
| | Technological Development Area, |
| | Shenyang, 110027, China |
| Attention: | Finance and Securities Department |
| By email: | investors@yuandacn.com |

股東權利(續)

股東召開股東特別大會(包括股東特別大 會上提出提案/決議案)的程序(續)

 倘董事會未能在申請書遞交後21天 內向股東報告任何進展或未能召開 股東特別大會,適格股東有權根據 組織章程大綱及細則的相關規定自 行召開股東特別大會:對於適格股東 因董事會未能召開大會而產生的所 有合理費用,本公司應當向相關適 格股東進行補償。

免責聲明

本「**股東權利**」分節所載內容僅供參考及 遵守披露規定。有關資料並不代表亦不 應視作本公司給予股東的法律或其他專 業意見。股東應就彼等作為本公司股東 的權利,自行尋求獨立法律或其他專業 意見。本公司不會就股東因依賴本「股東 權利」分節所載內容而產生的損失承擔任 何責任。

向董事會作出查詢

股東可藉郵寄至本公司於香港的主要營 業地點或通過以下方式向董事會發送其 查詢及關注:

| 電話號碼: | (86) 24 25273288 |
|-------|------------------------|
| 郵遞: | 中國瀋陽市 |
| | 瀋陽經濟技術開發區 |
| | 13號街20號郵編110027 |
| 致: | 金融證券部 |
| 電郵: | investors@yuandacn.com |

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Amendments to the Articles of Association of the Company

During the year under review, the Company has not made any changes to its articles of association. An up-to-date version of the Company's articles of association is also available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

Investors Communication Policy

The Company regards the communication with institutional investors as important means to enhance the transparency of the Company and collect views and feedbacks from institutional investors. To promote effective communication, the Company maintains a website at www.yuandacn.com, where up-to-date information and updates on the Company's business operations and developments, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are posted are available for public access. During the year under review, the directors and senior management of the Company participated in numerous road shows and investment conferences. In addition, the Company also maintains regular communication with the media through press conferences, news releases to the media and on the Company's website, and answering enquiries from the media.

The general meetings of the Company provide a forum for communication between the Board and the shareholders face-toface dialogue with the shareholders. The Chairman of the Board as well as chairmen of the Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee or, in their absence, other members of the respective committees and, where applicable, the chairman of the independent Board committee, are available to answer questions at shareholder meetings.

The annual general meeting regarding the financial results for the year ended 31 December 2018 ("**AGM**") will be held on 31 May 2019. The notice of AGM will be sent to shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the AGM.

投資者關係

本公司組織章程細則的修訂

於回顧年度,本公司並無更改其組織章 程細則。本公司最新的組織章程細則亦 於本公司及聯交所網站上刊載。

投資者通訊政策

本公司將與機構投資者溝通視為提高本 公司透明度及收集機構投資者的意見和 響應的重要途徑。為促進有效溝通,本 公司設有網站www.yuandacn.com,載有 뢲關本公司業務及發展的最新消息及更 新數據、財務數據、企業管治常規及其 他數據,以供公眾人士瀏覽。於回顧年 度,本公司董事及高級管理層曾參」 過新聞發佈會、向媒體發放消息、在本 公司網站登載消息及回答媒體的發問而 定期與媒體溝通。

本公司股東大會為董事會與股東之間提 供了面對面的溝通平臺。董事會主席以 及提名委員會、薪酬委員會及審核委員 會之主席(或倘彼等缺席)各委員會的其 他成員及(倘適用)獨立董事委員會之主 席,將於股東大會上解答提問。

本公司將就截至2018年12月31日止年度 的財務業績於2019年5月31日舉行股東 周年大會(「股東週年大會」)。股東週年 大會通告將於股東週年大會日期前至少 二十個完整營業日寄往予股東。

The Directors of the Company are pleased to present their report and the audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2018.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PERFORMANCE

A review of the business of the Group and a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year under review and a discussion on the Group's future business development and outlook of the Company's business, possible risks and uncertainties that the Group may be facing and important events affecting the Company occurred during the year ended 31 December 2018 are provided in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 10 to 25 of this annual report. An account of the Company's relationships with its key stakeholders is included in the paragraph headed "Relationships with Employees, Suppliers and Customers" of the report of the Directors on page 55 of this annual report.

An analysis of the Group's performance during the year ended 31 December 2018 using financial performance indicators is provided in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 10 to 25 of this annual report and the Group's "Five Year Financial Summary" on page 288 of this annual report.

In addition, more details regarding the Group's performance by reference to environmental and social-related key performance indicators and policies, as well as compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Company are provided in the report headed "Environmental, Social and Governance" on pages 73 to 105 of this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Environmental conservation remains a key focus for the Group. The conscientious use of resources and adoption of best practices across the Group's businesses underlie its commitment to safeguarding the environment. The Group encourages environmental protection and complies with environmental legislation and promotes awareness towards environmental protection to the employees. 本公司董事欣然提呈彼等的報告以及本 集團截至2018年12月31日止年度的經審 核合併財務報表。

業務回顧及表現

本集團的業務回顧、本集團回顧年度內 表現的討論及分析、本集團未來業務發 展的討論、本公司業務前景、本集團或 會遇到的潛在風險及不明朗因素,以及 發生於截至2018年12月31日止年度影響 本公司的重要事項載列於本年報第10頁 至第25頁的「管理層討論及分析」一節。 有關本公司與主要利益相關者的關係載 列於本年報第55頁的董事會報告內「與僱 員、供應商及客戶之間的關係」一段內。

本集團截至2018年12月31日止年度運用 財務業績指標所作出的業績分析載列於 本年報第10頁至第25頁的「管理層討論 及分析」一節。五年財務摘要載列於本年 報第288頁。

此外,有關本集團參考對本公司產生重 要影響的環境及社會相關主要表現指標 及政策,以及遵守相關法律及法規的表 現,更多詳情載列於本年報第73頁至第 105頁的「環境、社會及管治」報告。

環境保護

環境保護仍是本集團關注的重點。貫穿 於本集團的業務之中,資源的審慎利用 和最佳行為標準的採用成為保護環境的 保證。本集團鼓勵環境保護並遵守環境 有力立法,提升員工對環境保護意識。



ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)

The PRC government has imposed strict requirements of the laws of production safety and environmental protection for enterprises. Since the PRC government is adopting laws on strengthening environmental protection from time to time and implementing stricter environmental protection standards, it is expected that the Group will have to comply with more regulations in the future. In addition, the Group predicts this trend will continue and additional expenses may be incurred for complying with new regulations, thus increasing the Group's operating costs.

To cope with the risk, not only is the Group certified with ISO 14001 Environmental Management System, but the Group has also set up an Environmental Division to monitor and manage the environmental performance of our plants and maintain communication with the Ministry of Environmental Protection. In addition, the Group has been optimising its management system for safety and environmental protection, regularly keeping abreast of the relevant laws and regulations of environmental protection in order to ensure full compliance with local laws of environmental protection. Further details are set forth in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report as set forth in this annual report.

MAJOR BUSINESS

The Company is principally engaged in the provision of one-stop integrated curtain wall solutions for its customers to meet the technical specifications and performance requirements of their projects. The analysis of the revenue of the Group for the year is set out in Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2018 and financial condition of the Company and the Group as at that date are set out in the Consolidated Financial Statements on pages 114 to 287.

SHARE CAPITAL

The changes in the share capital of Company during the year are set out in Note 27(c) to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

環境保護(續)

國家關於生產安全及環境保護的法規對 企業提出了嚴格的要求,由於中國政府 不斷增加對環保措施的法律,以及更為 嚴謹的環保標準,故本集團預期日後將 須遵守更多規定。此外,本集團預期這 種趨勢將持續,而為遵守新的法規將可 能需要額外開支,從而增加本集團的營 運成本。

為應對此風險,本集團不僅取得ISO 14001環境管理體系認證,還成立環保科 監督及管理工廠的環境表現,並與政府 環境保護部門保持聯繫。此外,本集團 不斷完善安全環保管理制度,定期查閱 相關的環境法規和條例,確保業務完全 符合當地環境法律。進一步的細節載列 於年度報告「環境、社會和管治」報告中。

主要業務

本公司的主要業務為向客戶提供一站式 綜合幕牆解決方案,以滿足彼等的項目 技術規格及性能要求。年內,本集團的 收入分析載於合併財務報表附註4。

財務報表

本集團截至2018年12月31日止年度的利 潤以及本公司及本集團截至該日止的財 務狀況載於第114至287頁的合併財務報 表。

股本

年內本公司股本變動載於合併財務報表 附註27(c)。

FINAL DIVIDENDS

The Board has resolved not to declare any annual dividend for the year ended 31 December 2018.

There is no arrangement that a shareholder of the Company has waived or agreed to waive any dividend.

BOOK CLOSURE PERIOD AND RECORD DATE

For the purpose in determining who will be eligible to attend and vote at the AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 28 May 2019 to Friday, 31 May 2019 (both days inclusive), during which time no transfer of shares will be registered. To ensure that the shareholders are entitled to attend and vote at the AGM, the shareholders must deliver their duly stamped instruments of transfer, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, to the Group's share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong by no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 27 May 2019 for registration of the relevant transfer.

RESERVE

Details of movements in reserve of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2018 are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity of the Financial Statements. Details of movements in the reserves of the Company during the year are set out in Note 27(a) to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company is available for distribution of dividends to the shareholders subject to the provisions of the Company's Articles of Associations, and with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, dividend may be declared and paid out of share premium account or any other fund or account which can be authorized for this propose. As at 31 December 2018, the distributable reserves of the Company were RMB574.0 million (31 December 2017: RMB574.0 million). Details of distributable reserves of the Company are set out in Note 27 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

末期股息

董事會決定不派付截至2018年12月31日 止年度的年度股息。

概無任何安排股東放棄或同意放棄任何 股息。

暫停辦理股東登記期間及紀錄日期

為確定參加股東周年大會及於股東周年 大會投票資格,本公司的股份登記將於 2019年5月28日(星期二)至2019年5月31 日(星期五)(包括首尾兩天在內)期間暫 停辦理股份過戶登記手續。為確保股東 有權出席股東周年大會並於會上投票, 股東須於2019年5月27日(星期一)下午 4時30分前,將彼等妥為蓋印的過戶文件 連同有關股票送交本集團的香港證券登 記處香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址 為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17 樓1712-1716號室,辦理有關過戶登記手續。

儲備

本集團於截至2018年12月31日止年度的 儲備變動詳情載於財務報表的合併權益 變動表內。年內,本公司的儲備變動詳 情載於合併財務報表附註27(a)。

可供分派儲備

根據開曼群島公司法,本公司的股份溢 價可用作為分派予股東的股息,惟須符 合本公司的組織章程細則規定,且通過 普通決議案批准後,可自股份溢價賬或 任何獲准作此用途的其他資金或賬戶中 宣派或派付股息。於2018年12月31日, 本公司的可分派儲備為人民幣574.0百萬 元(於2017年12月31日:人民幣574.0百 萬元)。本公司之可供分派儲備詳情載合 併於財務報表附註27。

DIVIDEND POLICY

Any declaration of dividends will depend upon a number of factors including our earnings and financial conditions, operation requirements, capital requirements and any other conditions that any other Directors may deem or are relevant and will be subject to the approval of our shareholders of the Company. There can be no assurance that dividends of any amount will be declared or distributed in any given year.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENTS

The changes in property, plant and equipments of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2018 are set out in Note 12 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year under review, the percentage of purchases attributable to the Group's largest suppliers and the Group's five largest suppliers in aggregate accounted for approximately 2.1% and 7.5% of the Group's total purchase, respectively. The percentage of turnover attributable to the Group's largest customers and the Group's five largest customers in aggregate accounted for approximately 7.3% and 23.2% of the Group's total turnover, respectively.

Save as disclosed herein, so far as is known to the Directors, none of the Directors or his/her close associates and none of the shareholders possessing over 5% of the interest in the share capital of the Company possessed any interest in the abovementioned suppliers and customers.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The Group understands that employees are valuable assets. The Group provides competitive remuneration package to attract and motivate the employees. The Group regularly reviews the remuneration package of employees and makes necessary adjustments to conform to the market standard.

The Group's business is built on a customer-oriented culture. The Group also understands that it is important to maintain good relationship with its suppliers and customers to fulfil its immediate and long-term goals. To maintain its market competitiveness within the industry, the Group aims at delivering constantly high standards and high quality products to its customers. During the year under review, there was no material and significant dispute between the Group and its suppliers and/or customers.

股息政策

任何股息之派付及金額將視多項因素而 定,包括我們的收益和財務狀況、運 營需求、資金需求以及董事會視為相應 之任何其他因素並且需要公司股東的同 意。無任何保證在指定的任何年份派付 任何金額的股息。

物業、廠房及設備

截至2018年12月31日止年度,本集團的 物業、廠房及設備變動載於合併財務報 表附註12。

主要客戶及供貨商

於回顧年內,本集團最大供貨商及本集 團五大供貨商應佔採購百分比總額分別 佔本集團總採購額約2.1%及7.5%。本集 團最大客戶及本集團五大客戶應佔營業 額百分比分別佔本集團總營業額約7.3% 及23.2%。

除本報告披露者外,就董事所知,概無 董事或彼等的緊密連絡人士及擁有本公 司股本超過5%權益的股東於上述供貨商 及客戶中擁有任何權益。

與僱員、供應商及客戶之間的關係

本集團明白,僱員是本集團的寶貴資 產。本集團提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇, 以吸引並激勵僱員。本集團定期檢查僱 員的薪酬待遇,並會因應市場標準而作 出必要的調整。

本集團業務乃建基於以客戶為本的文 化。本集團亦明白,與供應商及客戶保 持良好商業關係,對本集團達成即期及 長遠目標很重要。為維持行業內的市場 競爭力,本集團以持續帶給客戶高水平 及高質量的產品為目標。於回顧年度 內,本集團與供應商及/或客戶之間並 沒有重大而明顯的糾紛。

DIRECTORS

The Directors in office during the year and as of the date of this report are as follows:

Executive Directors

Kang Baohua (*Chairman*) Li Hongren (*Chief Executive Officer*) Liu Futao Ma Minghui Wang Hao (*Chief Financial Officer*) Zhang Lei

Independent non-executive Directors

Poon Chiu Kwok Woo Kar Tung, Raymond Pang Chung Fai, Benny

Biographical details of the directors and senior management are set forth in the section "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

SERVICE CONTRACTS OF DIRECTORS

Details of service contracts for the executive Directors and nonexecutive Directors of the Company are set out under the section headed "Appointment and Re-election of Directors" of the Corporate Governance Report. There was no service contract entered by the Company and any Directors to be re-elected in the coming AGM stipulating that the Company may not terminate the appointment within one year without compensation payment (other than the statutory compensation).

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and the CG Code, Mr. Kang Baohua, Mr. Li Hongren and Mr. Liu Futao will retire at the AGM and, being eligible, will offer themselves for reelection at the AGM. Please refer to Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for details of the remuneration of Company's directors for the year ended 31 December 2018.

董事

年內及截至本報告日期止的在任董事如 下:

執行董事

康寶華(*主席*) 李洪人(*行政總裁*) 劉福濤 馬明輝 王昊(*首席財務官*) 張雷

獨立非執行董事

潘昭國 胡家棟 彭中輝

董事及高層管理人員的履歷詳情載於本 報告「董事及高層管理人員」一節中。

董事服務合約

有關本公司各執行董事及非執行董事的 服務合約詳細載於企業管治報告中「董事 委任及重選」一節。本公司概無與擬於應 屆股東周年大會重選的董事訂立本公司 不可於一年內終止而免付賠償(法定賠償 除外)的服務合約。

根據本公司組織章程細則及企業管治守 則,康寶華先生、李洪人先生及劉福濤 將於股東周年大會上退任,並合資格於 股東周年大會上參選連任。有關本公司 董事截至2018年12月31日止年度的薪酬 的詳情,請參閱合併財務報表附註8。



DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Other than those transactions disclosed in Note 28 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, there was no other transaction, arrangement or contract of significance between any member of the Group as the contracting party and a Director or an entity which the Directors of the Company possessed direct or indirect material interests, and which subsisted as at 31 December 2018 or during such reporting period and related to the business of the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETITIVE BUSINESS

The Chairman, Mr. Kang Baohua, owns and through his interests in Best Outlook Limited ("Best Outlook") and Neo Pioneer Limited ("Neo Pioneer") owns in aggregate approximately 57.65% of the issued share capital in the Company as at the date of this annual report. Mr. Kang Baohua, Best Outlook and Neo Pioneer are the controlling shareholders of the Company. Mr. Kang Baohua also owns 100% interest in Yuanda Aluminium Industry Engineering (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. ("Yuanda Singapore") through Yuanda Group, which is owned by Mr. Kang Baohua. Yuanda Singapore is primarily engaged in curtain wall works and trading as well as investment holding. Although the Company has established a wholly-owned subsidiary in Singapore to carry out curtain wall contracting projects, the ability to contract for large-scale public curtain wall projects in Singapore is dependent on local contracting experience. Given the lack of direct local contracting experience, the Group has been cooperating with Yuanda Singapore on the contracting of large scale public curtain wall projects in Singapore during the last five years and will continue to supply curtain wall products to Yuanda Singapore until the Company's wholly owned subsidiary will be able to undertake such projects in Singapore on its own. Please see the section headed "Connected Transactions" in the prospectus of the Company dated 20 April 2011 (the "Prospectus") for details. For the aforesaid purpose, Yuanda Singapore has been excluded from the deed of non-competition ("Deed of Non-competition") provided by the controlling shareholders to the Company on 21 April 2011.

The Company has received an annual written confirmation from each of the Company's controlling shareholders in respect of the compliance by them and their associates with the Deed of Noncompetition. Each of the controlling shareholders of the Company have also confirmed that all of them have abided by the Deed of Noncompetition during the year ended 31 December 2018.

董事於合約的權益

除合併財務報表附註28披露的交易外, 於2018年12月31日或報告期內並無本集 團成員公司為訂約方而本公司董事於當 中擁有直接或間接重大權益,且於年結 日或年內任何時間仍然生效及與本集團 業務有關的其他重大交易、安排及合約。

董事於競爭性業務的權益

主席康寶華先生於本董事會報告日期本 人及通過佳境有限公司(「佳境」)及新創 有限公司(「新創」)擁有本公司已發行股 本共約57.65%。康寶華先生、佳境及 新創為本公司的控股股東。康寶華先 生透過由其擁有的遠大集團,亦擁有 Yuanda Aluminium Industry Engineering (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (「新加坡遠大」)之 100% 權益。新加坡遠大主要從事幕牆工 程及貿易以及投資控股業務。儘管本公 司已於新加坡成立全資附屬公司以承接 幕牆承包項目,惟在新加坡外包大型公 共幕牆項目的能力仍取決於地方外包經 驗,鑑於本公司缺乏直接的地方外包經 驗,因此在過去五年,本集團一直與新 加坡遠大就於新加坡承接的大型公共幕 牆項目合作,並將繼續向新加坡遠大供 應幕牆產品,直至本公司之全資附屬公 司能夠自行在新加坡承接該等項目。詳 情請參閱本公司日期為2011年4月20日 的招股章程(「招股章程」)「關連交易」-節。就上述而言,新加坡遠大不包括於 控股股東於2011年4月21日向本公司提 供的不競爭契據(「不競爭契據」)之中。

本公司已收到本公司各控股股東就本身 及彼等之連絡人士遵守不競爭契據而發 出的年度確認函。本公司各控股股東亦 確認,彼等於截至2018年12月31日止年 度間均遵守不競爭契據。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETITIVE BUSINESS (continued)

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the Deed of Non-competition, the confirmation given by each of the Company's controlling shareholder and whether the controlling shareholders have abided by the non-competition undertaking under the Deed of Non-competition. The independent non-executive Directors confirmed that they had determined that the controlling shareholders have not been in breach of the Deed of Non-competition during the year ended 31 December 2018.

Save as disclosed, no Directors nor their respective connected persons possessed any interests in any business that competed or might compete with the business that the Group conducted.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Each Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which he or she may incur or sustain in or about the execution of the duties of his or her office or otherwise in relation thereto in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year under review.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's listed securities.

董事於競爭性業務的權益(續)

獨立非執行董事已審閱不競爭契據、本 公司控股股東各自給予的確認以及控股 股東有否遵守不競爭契據項下的不競爭 承諾。獨立非執行董事確認,彼等確定 控股股東於截至2018年12月31日止年度 並無違反不競爭契據。

除所披露者外,概無董事或彼等各自的 關連人士於與本集團所從事業務構成競 爭或可能構成競爭的任何業務中擁有任 何權益。

獲准許的彌償條文

根據本公司組織章程細則,本公司各位 董事或其他高級人員均有權從本公司之 資產及利潤獲得彌償,以補償履行其職 務時因進行或未進行而招致或蒙受之所 有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開 支或有關其他情況,確保免於就此受損。

管理合約

於報告期內並無訂立或存在涉及本公司 全部或任何大部分業務的管理合約。

税務寬减及豁免

本公司概不知悉有任何因股東持有本公司證券而向彼等提供之税務寬減及豁免。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 12 April 2011, the Company adopted a share option scheme ("Share Option Scheme") whereby the Board of Directors can grant options for the subscription of our shares to the employees, managerial staff and senior employees of the Group and those other persons that the Board of Directors considers that they will contribute or have contributed to the Group (the "Participants") as described in the Share Option Scheme in order to serve as compliment and to reciprocate their contribution to the Group. The maximum number of shares that may be issued under the Share Option Scheme was 600,000,000 shares which is equivalent to 10% of the issued capital of the Company after completion of the Global Offering (as defined in the Prospectus). The number of shares that may be granted pursuant to the terms of the Share Option Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the issued shares of the Company immediately after the completion of the Global Offering. Unless otherwise approved by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting, the number of shares that may be granted to the Participants under the Share Option Scheme shall not exceed 1% within any 12-month period (other than those granted to the substantial shareholders (as defined in the Listing Rules)), or the total number of shares that may be granted under the options to the independent non-executive Directors or any of their respective connected persons shall not exceed 0.1% of the shares in issue of the Company from time to time. There is no minimum period that the options must be held before they become exercisable, and the options granted shall be exercised within the period decided by the Board of Directors, and however no options shall be exercised 10 years after they have been granted. The exercise price of the option shall be the highest of:

- the closing price of the Shares on the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of grant;
- (b) the average closing price of the Shares on the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- (c) nominal value of the Share. Each grantee shall pay a consideration of HK\$1.00 at the time the option is granted.

購股權計劃

於2011年4月12日,本公司採納一項 購股權計劃(「**購股權計劃**」),據此,董 事會可向本集團僱員、行政人員及高級 職員以及購股權計劃所述董事會認為將 會對或曾經對本集團作出貢獻的該等其 他人士(「參與人士」)授出購股權,以認 購本公司股份,藉此向彼等給予獎勵及 回報彼等對本集團作出的貢獻。根據 購股權計劃可發行的最高股份數目為 600.000.000股股份,相當於全球發售 (定義見招股章程)完成後本公司已發行 股本的10%。可根據購股權計劃條款授 出的股份數目不得超過緊隨全球發售完 成後本公司已發行股份10%。除非本公 司股東於股東大會另行批准,否則可根 據購股權計劃授予參與人士的股份數目 於任何12個月內不得超過1%(向主要股 東(定義見上市規則)授出者除外),或可 根據購股權授予獨立非執行董事或任何 彼等各自的關連人士授出的股份總數不 得超過本公司不時已發行股份的0.1%。 概無規定購股權可行使前須持有的最短 期間,而授出的購股權須於董事會決定 的期間內行使,但並無購股權可於授出 後超過10年行使。購股權行使價須為以 下三者之較高者:

- (a) 股份於授出日期聯交所每日報價表 的收市價:
- (b) 股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業日 聯交所每日報價表的平均收市價;及
- (c) 股份的面值之較高者。各承授人須 於獲授購股權之時支付1.00港元之 代價。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

The Share Option Scheme shall take effect from the date it is adopted and shall remain effective within a period of 10 years from that date.

Since the Share Option Scheme was adopted, no options have been granted.

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

A share award scheme (the "**Share Award Scheme**") was adopted on 10 April 2013 to recognize and motivate the contributions made to the Group by its employees and to give incentives in order to retain them for the continuous operation and development of the Group. For the year ended 31 December 2018, no shares had been awarded under the Share Award Scheme. Details of the rules of the Share Award Scheme are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 10 April 2013.

The Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of 10 years commencing on the date of adoption on 10 April 2013. Pursuant to the Share Award Scheme, the shares will be acquired by the independent trustee at the cost of the Company and be held in trust for the selected employees until the end of each vesting period. The maximum number of shares which may be granted to the selected employees under the Share Award Scheme shall not exceed five percent (5%) of the total issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The maximum number of shares which may be awarded to a selected employee under the Share Award Scheme shall not exceed one percent (1%) of the total issued share capital of the Company from time to time. Since the adoption of the Share Award Scheme, a total of 72,116,596 Shares have been granted pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Share Award Scheme.

DEBENTURE

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company, its holding company or its subsidiaries were not the contracting parties of any arrangements from which the Directors could make a profit by purchasing the shares or debentures of the Company or any other companies.

購股權計劃(續)

購股權計劃於獲採納當日生效,直至該 日起10年內期間仍然有效。

自採納購股權計劃以來並未授出任何購 股權。

股份獎勵計劃

一項股份獎勵計劃(「股份獎勵計劃」)於 2013年4月10日獲採納,以表揚及激勵 本集團僱員對本集團作出貢獻,並作為 激勵,為本集團持續營運及發展挽留僱 員。截至2018年12月31日止年度,股 份獎勵計劃下無授出股份。有關股份獎 勵計劃規則的詳情載列於本公司日期為 2013年4月10日的公佈。

股份獎勵計劃自2013年4月10日的採納 日期起計十年之年期有效。根據股份獎 勵計劃,獨立受託人將收購股份(相關費 用由本公司承擔)並受託代獲選僱員持有 股份,直至各歸屬期末。根據該計劃可 能授予獲選僱員之最多股份數目不可超 過本公司不時之已發行股本總數百分之 五(5%)。根據該計劃可能獎勵一名獲選 僱員之最多股份數目不可超過本公司不 時之已發行股本總數百分之一(1%)。自 採納股份獎勵計劃,根據股份獎勵計劃 條款共計授出72,116,596股份。

債券

截至2018年12月31日止年度,本公司、 其控股公司或其附屬公司並非屬任何安 排的訂約方,致使董事可藉購入本公司 或任何其他公司的股份或債券而獲利。

INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS OF DIRECTORS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2018, the interest or short position of the Directors or chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interest or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which would be required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which would be required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, pursuant to Model Code, are as follows:

(i) Interest of the Company

Latest Information of Share Capital and Major Shareholders

董事於股份、相關股份及債券的權益及 淡倉

於2018年12月31日,董事及本公司最高 行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定 義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相 關股份及債券中,擁有根據證券及期貨 條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及 聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期 貨條例該等條文彼等被當作或被視為擁 有的權益或淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條 例第352條須記入該條所指的登記冊的權 益或淡倉,或根據標準守則須知會本公 司及聯交所的權益或淡倉如下:

(i) 於本公司的權益

最新股本概況和主要股東

Approximate Percentage

| Name of Director 董事姓名 | Nature of Interest 權益性質 | Number of Shares 股份數據 | of Shareholding 股權概約百分比 |
|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Kang Baohua 康寶華 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 228,636,000 (L) | 3.68% |
| | Interest of controlled corporation 受控法團的權益 | 3,346,926,694 (L) | 53.91% |
| Li Hongren 李洪人 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 831,333 (L) | 0.01% |
| Liu Futao 劉福濤 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 3,603,333 (L) | 0.06% |
| Wang Hao 王昊 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 150,000 (L) | 0.01% |
| Zhang Lei 張雷 | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 3,000,000 (L) | 0.05% |

INTEREST AND SHORT POSITIONS OF DIRECTORS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (continued)

The letter "L" denotes long position in such securities.

of which are wholly-owned by Mr. Kang Baohua.

Of the shares held by Mr. Kang Baohua, 2,582,971,923

Shares were held by Best Outlook Limited and 763,954,711

Shares were held by Neo Pioneer Limited, both companies

董事於股份、相關股份及債券的權益及 淡倉(續)

(i) 於本公司的權益(續)

附註:

- (1) 字母「L」代表於該等證券的好倉。
- (2) 於康寶華先生所持有的股份 當中,佳境有限公司持有 2,582,971,923股股份,而新創有 限公司則持有763,954,711股股股 份,兩家公司均為康寶華先生全 資擁有。

(ii) Interest in associated corporations

Interest of the Company (continued)

(ii) 於相關法團的權益

| Name of Director 董事姓名 | Name of Associated Corporation 相關法團名稱 | Number of Shares 股份數目 | Percentage of Shareholding 股權百分比 |
|---------------------------|---|--------------------------|--|
| Kang Baohua 康寶華 | Best Outlook Limited 佳境有限公司 | 1 (L) | 100% |
| Kang Baohua 康寶華 | Neo Pioneer Limited 新創有限公司 | 1 (L) | 100% |
| (1) The letter "L" denote | s long position in such securities. | (1) 字母「L」代表於語 | 该等證券的好倉。 |

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(i)

Notes:

(1)

(2)



SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS

As at the date 31 December 2018, the following persons (other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company) had or deemed or taken to have an interest and/or short position in the Shares or the underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of SFO, or who was directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company:

Interest of the company

主要股東的權益及淡倉

於2018年12月31日,按記錄於本公司 根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置的 登記冊,下列人士(董事及本公司最高行 政人員除外)於或被視為或當作於股份或 相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第 XV部第2及3分部的條文須予披露的權益 及/或淡倉,或直接或間接擁有本公司 已發行股本5%或以上的權益:

於相本公司的權益

| Nam 名稱 | - | Capacity 身份 | Number | r of Shares 股份數目 | Approximate Percentage of Shareholding 股權概約百分比 |
|-----------|---|---|--------|---------------------|--|
| | Outlook Limited ^⑴ 有限公司 ^⑴ | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 2,582, | ,971,923 (L) | 41.60% |
| | Pioneer Limited ⁽²⁾ 有限公司 ⁽²⁾ | Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 | 763, | 954,771 (L) | 12.30% |
| Note | s: | | 附註 | : | |
| (1) | | o Pioneer Limited are companies are wholly-owned by Mr. Kang | (1) | | 及新創有限公司為於英屬 成立的公司,並由康寶華 。 |

The letter "L" denotes long position in such securities. (2)

SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the major subsidiaries of the Company as of 31 December 2018 are set out in Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

- 亢生<u>至</u>寘擁有。
- 字母「L」代表於該等證券的好倉。 (2)

附屬公司

本公司於2018年12月31日的主要附屬公 司詳情載於合併財務報表附註14。

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENT STATUS

The Company received the letters of confirmation of independence issued by all the independent non-executive Directors in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board of Directors was satisfied with the independent status of all the independent nonexecutive Directors.

The Board has noted that as at 31 December 2018, Mr. Poon Chiu Kwok was an executive director or an independent non-executive director of a total of 12 Hong Kong listed companies (including the Company). However, the Board is of the view that Mr. Poon would still be able to devote sufficient time to the Board. Mr. Poon as a FCPA (Aust.), Chartered Secretary, Executive Director of a listed company and an experienced trainer to the securities participants and listed company management keeping himself abreast of the latest governance trends of the companies listed in HK by attend seminar and self-studying of related articles with over 80 hours in 2018 and has strong experience in corporate governance and is familiar with management of Hong Kong listed companies. During the year 2018, based on the attendance record in the meetings of the Company, Mr. Poon has participated in all Board meetings and has good communication with the Board and other independent non-executive Directors and performs his obligations and responsibility gives impartial advice and suggestion as an independent non-executive director.

The Board considers that his role as an independent non-executive director is in the best interest of the Company and Shareholders as a whole.

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING

The details are disclosed in the paragraph "Global offering and use of proceeds" under the section "Management Discussion and Analysis".

確認獨立身份

本公司已接獲全體獨立非執行董事根據 上市規則第3.13條發出的獨立確認函。 董事會信納全體獨立非執行董事的獨立 身份。

於2018年12月31日,董事會瞭解到潘 昭國先生任命為12家上市公司(包括本 公司)的執行董事或獨立非執行董事。但 是,董事會認為潘先生仍能向董事會投 入足夠的時間。潘先生作為澳洲資深會 計師、特許秘書、證券從業人員及上市 公司高管的資深培訓員,在2018年通過 參加研討會及自學相關文章(超過80小 時)保持自己了解掌握上市公司治理方面 的最新動態,在企業管治方面擁有豐富 經驗,且熟悉香港上市公司的管理。根 據2018年本公司參會記錄,潘先生參加 了所有董事會會議並且與董事會及其他 獨董事都有很好的交流,並給出公平的 意見和建議來履行其獨立董事的責任和 義務。

董事會認為其擔任獨立非執行董事符合 本公司及股東整體之最佳利益。

首次公開發售所得款項用途

詳情參見「全球發售及所得款項用途」於 本報告「管理層討論及分析」一節內披露。



KUWAIT AND QATAR OPERATIONS

The Group owns only 49% of the equity interests of its operating companies, Yuanda Kuwait General Contracting for Buildings Underes ("**Yuanda Kuwait**") and Yuanda Qatar Aluminium Industry Engineering Co., W.L.L. ("**Yuanda Qatar**"), in Kuwait and Qatar respectively, as both Kuwait and Qatar laws do not allow foreign companies to own a majority interest in a local operating company. The Group had no operation in Qatar prior to the establishment of Yuanda Qatar and prior to the establishment of Yuanda Catar and prior to the establishment of Yuanda Kuwait, the Group supplied products to a local company for projects it undertook in Kuwait.

Yuanda Kuwait

Under Kuwait law, the Group is not allowed to own a majority interest in the local operating company. In order to enable it to govern and control the financial and operation of Yuanda Kuwait and capture its entire economic interest from its operations, the Group entered into an agreement on 30 March 2009 (the "**Kuwait Incorporation Agreement**") with Mr. Mohamed Tareq Al Essa (the "**Kuwait Local Partner**"), an independent third party, pursuant to which the Kuwait Local Partner agreed to be the facilitator of the Group in relation to the conduct of the Group's business in Kuwait. Pursuant to the Kuwait Incorporation Agreement, the Kuwait Local Partner has declared that:

- all the capital and assets belong to Shenyang Yuanda;
- he has no share (and hence no voting rights) or the right to get any share in Yuanda Kuwait or any entitlement to the profit of Yuanda Kuwait;
- he is not involved in the day-to-day operation of Yuanda Kuwait, save for assisting Yuanda Kuwait with coordination with the local government authorities;
- all works in relation to tendering, execution of contracts and collection of proceeds are carried out by Yuanda Kuwait under the management of Shenyang Yuanda;
- he would not be held liable for any losses; and

科威特及卡塔爾業務

由於科威特及卡塔爾法律不容許外國公 司擁有當地營運公司的多數權益,故 本集團於科威特及卡塔爾,僅分別擁有 其營運公司遠大科威特綜合建築承包有 限責任公司(「**科威特遠大**」)及遠大鋁業 (卡塔爾)工程有限公司(「**卡塔爾遠大**」) 的49%股權。本集團於卡塔爾遠大成立 前,在卡塔爾並無業務營運。而在科威 特遠大成立前,本集團在科威特向一家 當地公司提供產品供其於科威特所承接 的項目所用。

科威特遠大

根據科威特法律,本集團不可擁有當地 營運公司的多數權益。為使其可管治及 控制科威特遠大的財政及營運,並從其 營運中取得全部經濟利益,本集團已於 2009年3月30日與獨立第三方Mohamed Tareq AI Essa先生(「科威特當地夥伴」) 訂立一項協議(「科威特成立協議」),據 此,科威特當地夥伴同意成為本集團於 科威特進行本集團業務的協調人。根據 科威特成立協議,科威特當地夥伴已聲 明:

- 所有資本及資產均屬於瀋陽遠大;
- 彼於科威特遠大概無股份(故此並無 投票權),亦無權取得科威特遠大的 任何股份或享有科威特遠大的利潤;
- 除與當地政府機關協調以協助科威
 特遠大外,彼並不涉及科威特遠大
 的日常營運;
- 所有有關投標、簽立合同及收取所 得款項的工作均在瀋陽遠大的管理 下由科威特遠大進行;
- 彼不會因任何虧損負上責任;及

KUWAIT AND QATAR OPERATIONS (continued)

Yuanda Kuwait (continued)

• the above terms in the Kuwait Incorporation Agreement is irrevocable for three years effective from the date of signing and will be automatically renewed for a similar period unless and until terminated by both parties with a notice at least 90 days in advance.

Through the above arrangement, the Group is able to control the operation of Yuanda Kuwait. As advised by the legal advisors of the Company as to Kuwait law, the Kuwait Incorporation Agreement is legal, valid and binding to its parties and constitutes legally binding and enforceable obligations against the Kuwait Local Partner under Kuwait law and is in compliance with the laws and regulations of Kuwait. Based on the above, and in accordance with relevant accounting standards, the Group consolidated Yuanda Kuwait into its consolidated financial statements as a wholly-owned subsidiary.

As disclosed in the Prospectus and the annual report of the Company in respect of the year ended 31 December 2011, notwithstanding that the Company considers that it is able to effectively operate and conduct the business of Yuanda Kuwait under the present arrangement, the Company has undertaken that in order to protect the interests of the Company, it will introduce further measures, including using our best efforts to amend the terms of the Kuwait Incorporation Agreement, by entering into supplemental agreements that would include, among others, revisions that the Kuwait Local Partner will not transfer any of its shares in Yuanda Kuwait without the prior written consent of the Company, it will vote for any resolutions of Yuanda Kuwait in accordance with the instruction of the Company, and if there shall be any change to the Kuwait laws or regulations and/or policies such that a foreign entity becomes legally entitled to hold a majority interest in Yuanda Kuwait, it will promptly transfer its relevant interest in Yuanda Kuwait to the extent permitted by the then applicable laws or regulations to Shenyang Yuanda to enable the Company to become the majority shareholder of Yuanda Kuwait.

科威特及卡塔爾業務(續)

科威特遠大(續)

上述科威特成立協議的條款於簽署
 日期起計三年內不可撤銷,並將自
 動按相若年期重續,除非及直至雙
 方預早最少90日發出通知予以終止
 為止。

通過上述安排,本集團能控制科威特遠 大的營運。根據本公司的科威特法律顧 問所告知,科威特成立協議根據科威特 法律為合法、有效及對其訂約各方具有 約束力,對科威特當地夥伴構成有法律 約束力及可強制執行的責任,並符合科 威特的法律及法規。根據上文所述以及 按照相關會計準則,本集團將科威特遠 大作為全資附屬公司於其合併財務報表 內綜合入賬。

誠如招股章程及本公司截至2011年12月 31日止年度報告所披露,本公司認為根 據現時的安排,其能夠有效經營及進行 科威特遠大的業務。儘管如此,為維護 本公司的利益,本公司已承諾並開始引 入進一步措施,包括對科威特成立協議 條款盡力修訂,訂立補充協議以包括(但 不限於)規定科威特當地夥伴在未獲得本 公司事先書面同意的情況下,不得轉讓 其持有的科威特遠大股份,其將按照本 公司的指示就科威特遠大的任何決議案 投票,及倘科威特法律或法規及/或政 策出現任何變動導致外國實體可能有權 合法持有科威特遠大的多數權益,其將 會隨即轉讓當時適用法律或法規下允許 的其於科威特遠大中的相關權益予瀋陽 遠大,以使本公司成為科威特遠大的大 股東。



KUWAIT AND QATAR OPERATIONS (continued)

Yuanda Kuwait (continued)

If the above additional measures cannot be implemented, there will not be any legal consequences assumed by the Company arising solely as a result of the Company's failure to enter into the supplemental agreements to implement these additional measures. However, in order to better protect the Company's interests, the Company will search for a replacement for its existing local partner who is willing to enter into a cooperation agreement with the Company that will contain the terms of the abovementioned additional measures which are in compliance with the requirements of the Stock Exchange.

As of the date of this annual report, the Company is still in negotiation with the Kuwait Local Partner on the implementation of the above additional measures and the Company will disclose any measures implemented and/or replacement of existing local partner in the Company's future annual reports.

Yuanda Qatar

Under Qatar law, the Group is not allowed to own a majority interest in the local operating company. In order to enable the Company to govern and control the financial and operation of Yuanda Qatar and capture its entire economic interest from its operations, the Company has entered into the memorandum of association of Yuanda Qatar dated 20 January 2008 (the "**Qatar Articles**") with Mr. Ahmed Omar Bbhaa Ahmed (the "**Qatar Local Partner**"), an independent third party, and an agreement dated 16 September 2017 (the "**Qatar Incorporation Agreement**") entered into between Shenyang Yuanda and Actrade for Trading & Contracting, a company of which the Qatar Local Partner was the authorized signatory with respect to the governing of the operation of Yuanda Qatar.

科威特及卡塔爾業務(續)

科威特遠大(續)

倘不能實行上述額外措施,本公司不會 僅因未能訂立補充協議去實行額外措 施,而受任何法律後果。然而,為更好 地保障本公司的利益,本公司將尋找另 外的願意與本公司訂立含有符合聯交所 規定的上述額外措施條款的合作協議的 夥伴以替代其現有當地夥伴。

於本年報日期,本公司仍就實行上述額 外措施與科威特當地夥伴磋商。本公司 將於本公司未來刊發的年報內,披露任 何實行的措施及/或替代現有當地夥伴 事宜。

卡塔爾遠大

根據卡塔爾法律,本集團不可擁有當地 營運公司的多數權益。為使本公司可 管治及控制卡塔爾遠大的財政及營運, 並從其營運中取得全部經濟利益,本公 司已與獨立第三方Ahmed Omar Bbhaa Ahmed先生(「卡塔爾當地夥伴」)訂立日 期為2008年1月20日的卡塔爾遠大組織 章程大綱(「卡塔爾章程細則」),而瀋陽 遠大亦於2007年9月16日與Actrade for Trading & Contracting(一家由卡塔爾當地 夥伴擔任授權簽署人的公司)就管治卡塔 爾遠大的營運訂立一項協議(「卡塔爾成 立協議」)。

KUWAIT AND QATAR OPERATIONS (continued)

Yuanda Qatar (continued)

Pursuant to the Qatar Articles and the Qatar Incorporation Agreement, Yuanda Qatar was established and held as to 51% by the Qatar Local Partner and as to 49% by Shenyang Yuanda. Pursuant to the Qatar Articles:

- representatives of Shenyang Yuanda are responsible for managing the company during the entire term of its existence;
- profits of the company will be distributed as to 95% to Shenyang Yuanda and as to 5% to the Qatar Local Partner;

The Qatar Articles were supplemented by the Qatar Incorporation Agreement pursuant to which it was agreed that:

- the Qatar Local Partner will facilitate Shenyang Yuanda to conduct business in Qatar;
- instead of receiving dividends from Yuanda Qatar, the Qatar Local Partner will be paid an annual service fee of US\$40,000 plus a scalable commission calculated based on 1% to 5% of the contract value of projects that Yuanda Qatar won with the assistance of the Qatar Local Partner;
- the dividends declared by Yuanda Qatar may be used to offset and settle any service fees due or payable to the Qatar Local Partner;
- save for assisting Yuanda Qatar with coordination with the local government authorities, the Qatar Local Partner is not involved in the day-to-day operations of Yuanda Qatar;
- all works in relation to tendering, execution of contracts and collection of proceeds are carried out by Yuanda Qatar under the management of Shenyang Yuanda.

科威特及卡塔爾業務(續)

卡塔爾遠大(續)

根據卡塔爾章程細則及卡塔爾成立協 議,卡塔爾遠大已告成立,並由卡塔爾 當地夥伴及瀋陽遠大分別持有51%及 49%。根據卡塔爾章程細則:

- 瀋陽遠大的代表負責於該公司存在 的整個期間管理該公司;
- 該公司的利潤將按95%及5%分發予 瀋陽遠大及卡塔爾當地夥伴;

卡塔爾章程細則乃由卡塔爾成立協議作 補充,據此,雙方同意:

- 卡塔爾當地夥伴將協助瀋陽遠大於
 卡塔爾進行業務;
- 卡塔爾當地夥伴並不會收取卡塔爾 遠大的股息,而會收取每年服務費 用40,000美元,另加按卡塔爾遠大 在卡塔爾當地夥伴協助下投得的項 目的合同價值1%至5%計算的可演 進佣金;
- 卡塔爾遠大宣派的股息可用於抵銷 及清償到期或應付予卡塔爾當地夥
 伴的任何服務費用:
- 除與當地政府機關協調以協助卡塔
 爾遠大外,當地夥伴並不涉及卡塔
 爾遠大的日常營運;
- 所有有關投標、簽立合同及收取所 得款項的工作,均在瀋陽遠大的管 理下由卡塔爾遠大進行。



KUWAIT AND QATAR OPERATIONS (continued)

Yuanda Qatar (continued)

As advised by the legal advisors of the Company as to Qatar law, subject to the Qatar Articles, the Qatar Incorporation Agreement is legal, valid, binding and enforceable under Qatar law, and as the Qatar Incorporation Agreement and the Qatar Articles are related to the same subject matter, the Qatar Incorporation Agreement is considered to be an explanatory to the Qatar Articles under Qatar law. The Company's legal advisors as to Qatar law has further advised that the Qatar Articles is a validly binding and legally enforceable document and constitutes legal, valid, binding and enforceable obligations of the parties thereto with respect to the governance of the affairs of Yuanda Qatar and is in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations of Qatar and the Qatar Incorporation Agreement is enforceable against the Qatar Local Partner.

The Company entered into this arrangement in Qatar in order to enable it to control and operate Yuanda Qatar and capture the economic interest from its operations, and these are supported by the following terms in the Qatar Articles and the Qatar Incorporation Agreement:

- the representatives from Shenyang Yuanda are entitled to similar responsibilities and authorities in Yuanda Qatar as board members in other subsidiaries of Shenyang Yuanda;
- the representatives from Shenyang Yuanda are responsible for managing Yuanda Qatar during the entire term of its existence and they may not be removed without the approval from Shenyang Yuanda;
- resolutions of the shareholders of Yuanda Qatar will only be valid by approval from a majority of the shareholders holding 75% of the shares in Yuanda Qatar;

科威特及卡塔爾業務(續)

卡塔爾遠大(續)

根據本公司的卡塔爾法律顧問所告知, 在符合卡塔爾章程細則的規定下,卡塔 爾成立協議根據卡塔爾法律為合法、有 效、具約束力及可強制執行,而由於 塔爾成立協議與卡塔爾章程細則均關 ,故卡塔爾成立協議根則的 起,故卡塔爾成立協議根則 ,故卡塔爾成立協議根則 , 卡塔爾章程細則乃具有效約束力及 可合法強制執行的文件,且對有關各 就 管治卡塔爾的相關法律及法規,而卡塔 爾成立協議可對卡塔爾當地夥伴強制執 行。

本公司於卡塔爾訂立該項協議以令其能 控制及經營卡塔爾遠大的業務,並從其 營運中取得經濟利益,而此乃由卡塔爾 章程細則及卡塔爾成立協議的下列條款 所支持:

- 瀋陽遠大的代表於卡塔爾遠大享有 的責任及權力與作為於瀋陽遠大其 他附屬公司董事會成員所享有者相 近;
- 瀋陽遠大的代表負責於卡塔爾遠大 存在的整個期間管理卡塔爾遠大, 且未經瀋陽遠大批准不得被免職;
- 卡塔爾遠大的股東決議案須經持有
 卡塔爾遠大75%股份的多數股東批
 准後方為有效;

KUWAIT AND QATAR OPERATIONS (continued)

Yuanda Qatar (continued)

- Yuanda Qatar is managed exclusively by Shenyang Yuanda and its representatives for the period of its existence. Shenyang Yuanda and its representatives shall have full and absolute authority and exclusive right to manage and operate the business of Yuanda Qatar. Such powers are irrevocable and the Qatar Local Partner may not intervene in managing the company or bind or commit Yuanda Qatar in any way whatsoever except with prior written consent from Shenyang Yuanda;
- Pursuant to the Qatar Articles, the profits of Yuanda Qatar will be distributed as to 95% to Shenyang Yuanda and as to 5% the Qatar Local Partner, while the dividends declared by Shenyang Yuanda may be used to offset and settle any service fees due or payable under the management of Shenyang Yuanda under the Qatar Incorporation Agreement.

Based on the above, and in accordance with relevant accounting standards, the Group consolidated Yuanda Qatar into its consolidated financial statement as a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group.

As disclosed in the Prospectus and subsequent annual reports of the Company, notwithstanding that the Company considers that it is able to effectively operate and conduct the business of Yuanda Qatar under the present arrangement, the Company has undertaken that in order to protect the interests of the Company, it will introduce further measures, including using its best efforts to amend the terms of the Qatar Incorporation Agreement, by entering into supplemental agreements that would include, among others, provisions that the Qatar Local Partner will not transfer any of its shares in Yuanda Qatar without the Company's prior written consent, it will vote for any resolutions of Yuanda Qatar in accordance with our instruction, and if there shall be any change to the Qatar laws or regulations and/or policies such that a foreign entity becomes legally entitled to hold a majority interest in Yuanda Qatar, it will promptly transfer its relevant interest in Yuanda Qatar to the extent permitted by the then applicable laws or regulations to Shenyang Yuanda to enable the Company to become the majority shareholder in Yuanda Qatar.

科威特及卡塔爾業務(續)

卡塔爾遠大(續)

- 卡塔爾遠大於該公司存在期間由瀋
 陽遠大及其代表專門管理。瀋陽遠
 大及其代表擁有全面及絕對權力以
 及獨家權利管理及經營卡塔爾遠大
 業務。該等權力不可撤銷,除非事
 先獲得瀋陽遠大的書面同意,否則
 卡塔爾夥伴不可以任何方式干涉管
 理該公司或約束或使卡塔爾遠大承
 擔任何責任;
- 根據卡塔爾章程細則,卡塔爾遠大 的利潤將按95%及5%分發予瀋陽遠 大及卡塔爾當地夥伴,而瀋陽遠大 所宣派的股息可用於抵銷及清償在 瀋陽遠大管理下根據卡塔爾成立協 議的任何到期或應付服務費用。

根據上文所述以及按照相關會計準則, 本集團將卡塔爾遠大作為全資附屬公司 於其合併財務報表內綜合入帳。

誠如招股章程及本公司之後的年度報告 所披露,本公司認為,根據現時的安 排,本公司能夠有效經營及進行卡塔爾 遠大的業務。儘管如此,為維護本公司 的利益,本公司已承諾並開始引入進一 步措施,包括對卡塔爾成立協議條款盡 力修訂,訂立補充協議以包括(但不限 於)規定卡塔爾當地夥伴在未獲得本公司 事先書面同意的情況下,不得轉讓其持 有的卡塔爾遠大股份,其將按照我們的 指示就卡塔爾遠大的任何決議案投票, 及倘卡塔爾法律或法規及/或政策出現 任何變動導致外國實體可能有權合法持 有卡塔爾遠大的多數權益,其將會隨即 轉讓當時適用法律或法規下允許的其於 卡塔爾遠大中的相關權益予瀋陽遠大, 以使本公司成為卡塔爾遠大的大股東。



KUWAIT AND QATAR OPERATIONS (continued)

Yuanda Qatar (continued)

If the above additional measures cannot be implemented, there will not be any legal consequences to the Company arising solely as a result of our failure to enter into the supplemental agreements to implement these additional measures. However, in order to better protect the Company's interests, the Company will search for a replacement for its existing local partner who is willing to enter into a cooperation agreement with the Company that will contain the terms of the abovementioned additional measures which are in compliance with the requirements of the Stock Exchange.

As of the date of this annual report, the Company is still negotiation with the Qatar Local Partner on the implementation of the above additional measures and the Company will disclose any measures implemented and/or replacement of its existing local partner in its future annual reports.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report in this annual report.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE GROUP

During the year ended 31 December 2018, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company.

DISCLOSURE UNDER RULE 13.20 OF THE LISTING RULES

The Directors are not aware of any circumstances resulting in the responsibility of disclosure under Rule 13.20 of the Listing Rules regarding the provision of advances by the Company to an entity.

科威特及卡塔爾業務(續)

卡塔爾遠大(續)

倘不能實行上述額外措施,本公司不會 僅因未能訂立補充協議去實行該等措 施,而受任何法律後果。然而,為更好 地保障本公司的利益,本公司將尋找另 外的願意與本公司訂立含有符合聯交所 規定的上述額外措施條款的合作協議的 當地夥伴以作替代。

於本年報日期,本公司仍就實行上述額 外措施與卡塔爾當地夥伴磋商。本公司 將於其未來刊發的年報內,披露任何實 行的措施及/或替代其現有當地夥伴事 宜。

企業管治

本公司採納之主要企業管治常規載於本 報告內企業管治報告。

購買、出售或贖回本集團上市證券

截至2018年12月31日止年度,本公司或 其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回 本集團任何上市證券。

根據上市規則第13.20條作出披露

據董事所知悉,並無任何情況導致出現 須根據上市規則第13.20條有關本公司向 實體提供墊款作出披露的責任。
Report of the Board of Directors 董事會報告

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group in the past five years is set out on page 288 of this annual report.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision regarding pre-emptive rights in the Articles of Association of the Company or the ordinance of Cayman Islands, stipulating that any new shares shall be offered according to the respective shareholding of the existing shareholders of the Company when new shares are issued by the Company.

SUFFICIENT PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Group and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this annual report, the Group maintained adequate public float throughout the year ended 31 December 2018.

AUDITOR

The Company appointed KPMG as the Auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018. The Company will submit a resolution in the coming AGM to re-appoint KPMG as the auditors of the Company.

By order of the Board

Kang Baohua Chairman

29 March 2019

五年財務概要

本集團於過去五年的業績、資產及負債 概要載於本報告第288頁。

優先購買權

本公司的組織章程細則或開曼群島法例 並無任何有關優先購買權的條文,規定 本公司須於發行新股份時,按本公司現 有股東各自的持股比例提呈新股份。

充足公眾持股量

根據於本年報日期本集團獲得的公開數 據及就董事所知,本集團於截至2018年 12月31日止年度一直保持足夠公眾持股 量。

核數師

本公司已委聘畢馬威會計師事務所為本 公司截至2018年12月31日止年度的核數 師。本公司將於應屆股東周年大會上提 呈決議案,續聘畢馬威會計師事務所為 本公司核數師。

承董事會命

主席 **康寶華**

2019年3月29日



INTRODUCTION

This is the environmental, social and governance (the "**ESG**") report (the "**ESG Report**") of Yuanda China Holdings Limited (the "**Company**" and together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**") for the year ended 31 December 2018. The principal activities of the Group are the design, procurement, production, sale and installation of curtain wall systems.

The Company believes that this ESG Report enables the Company to communicate the Group's sustainability related matters in a transparent and accountable manner, which is key to gaining the trust of its stakeholders. The Group is committed to making continuous contribution to the sustainable development in China and overseas, and fulfilling corporate social responsibilities at various operational levels. This ESG Report provides an overview of the Group's performance related to sustainable development in the areas of the environment, community, employment and labor practices and operation convention for the year ended 31 December 2018, with a coverage of the Company's PRC office and its operation sites in overseas.

Reporting Standard and Scope

This ESG Report has been prepared with reference to the ESG Reporting Guide as set forth under Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules A detailed ESG content index has been included at the back of this report to aid the reader and facilitate greater transparency. This ESG Report describes the initiatives of the Group and its progress with regard to ESG issues for the period from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018.

Operating in compliance with the laws

The Group has ensured and will continue to ensure basically compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have significant impact on its operations, including but not limited to laws and regulations in relation to product safety and liabilities, customer rights protection and employment and occupational safety. The management will monitor the impact for any changes in the relevant laws and regulations from time to time and seek external advice if considered necessary.

引言

本報告為遠大中國控股有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附屬公司稱「本集團」))截至 2018年12月31日止之環境、社會及管治 報告。本集團主營業務為設計、採購、 生產、銷售及安裝幕牆系統。

本公司認為環境、社會及管治報告使得 公司以一種透明、可量化的方式傳達公 司可持續性發展的相關事宜,這是取得 利益相關者信任的關鍵。本集團致力於 為中國及海外的可持續性發展做出持續 貢獻,在多層次的執行層面實現公司社 會責任。環境、社會及管治報告概述了 截至2018年12月31日集團在可持續發展 領域取得成就,包括環境、社區、僱傭 和勞動實踐及操作慣例,涵蓋了公司中 國及海外運營機構的情況。

報告準則及範圍

環境、社會及管治報告乃根據上市規則 附錄27之環境、社會及管治報告 指引編 製。詳細的環境、社會及管治內容索引 已經附在這個報告結尾處,來幫助讀者 和促進更大的透明度。這是環境、社會 及管治報告,闡述了公司2018年1月1日 至2018年12月31日期間環境、社會及管 治方面公司的舉措及進展。

經營守法

本集團確保及將繼續確保基本符合對運 營有著重大影響的相關法律、法規, 包括但不限於關於產品安全與責任,消 費者權益的保護和就業和職業安全相關 法律、法規。管理層將時常監控有關法 律、法規的變化所帶來的影響,在被認 為是必要的時候,尋求外部的建議。

Communication with stakeholders

Stakeholders are groups which directly related to the Group's ESG and play an important role in the Group's decision-making process. The Group has always been committed to various communication and dialogue with all stakeholders via different communication channels for different stakeholders, so as to understand their needs, collect their opinions, share and discuss various issues closely related to the development of the Group, and to actively respond to the opinions and appeals of the stakeholders in the course of the operation, and achieve the Group's overall and sustainable development.

The Company has identified seven major categories of stakeholders who have decision-making power or influence over the Group and are closely related to the Group's business.

The Group communicates with its stakeholders to understand their concerns, and regularly reviews the effectiveness of the relevant actions and improves communication channels to gain a broader and more intensive understanding of its stakeholder's opinions. The following table sets out the issues that different stakeholder categories are particularly concerned about during the Reporting Period:

Table 1

Topics that stakeholders are primarily concerned about

權益人溝通

權益人作為與本集團ESG直接相關的 群體,在本集團決策過程中發揮著重要 的作用。本集團一直致力於與所有權益 人進行多方面的溝通與交流,針對各類 別權益人通過不同溝通管道,深入瞭解 各方需求、收集各方意見、分享並討論 與本集團發展密切相關的各項議題,以 便在行動中積極響應權益人的意見和要 求,進而實現本集團的全面、可持續發 展。

本公司識別出了對本集團具有決策權或 影響力、與集團的業務密切相關的七類 主要權益人。

本集團通過與權益人的溝通交流,瞭解 他們所關心的議題,並定期檢討有關行 動的成效,完善溝通管道以更全面深入 地瞭解權益人意見。下表列出報告期內 不同權益人組別重點關注的議題:

表格 1 *權益人重點關注議題*

| Stakeholder Categories | Topics that stakeholders are primarily concerned about | Communication or response methods | 權益人組別 | 權益人重點 關注議題 | 溝通途徑 或響應方式 |
|----------------------------|--|---|------------|--|--|
| Employees | Compliant operation Quality guarantee Remuneration and benefits Health and safety Care career development of employees | Trainings on regulations Solicit rational suggestions Survey on the development of employees and their satisfaction Workers' congress Day-to-day work communication | 員工 | 合規運營 質量保障 薪酬福利 健康安全 關注員工發展 | 制度培訓 徵求合理化建議 員工發展情況與員 工滿意度調查 工會 日常工作溝通 |
| Shareholders/ Investors | Compliant operation Quality assurance of on- going profitable projects | Shareholder general meeting | 股東/ 投資者 | 合規運營 持續盈利項目 質量保障 | • 股東大會 |

Communication with stakeholders (continued)

權益人溝通(續)

| Stakeholder Categories | Topics that stakeholders are primarily concerned about | Communication or response methods | 權益人組別 | 權益人重點 關注議題 | 溝通途徑 或響應方式 |
|---------------------------|---|--|-------|--|--|
| Government authorities | Compliant operation Promote local employment and economic and social development Fulfill social responsibility | Obtain permits for projects Communicate through meetings Formulate specifications and exchange of ideas Special topic meeting (report) and information reporting Business communication with counterpart departments | 政府機構 | 合規運營 推動地方就業 與經濟社會發 展 承擔企業社會 責任 | 項目證件獲取 會議溝通 規範制定與執行交流 專題會議彙報和信息報送 對口部門業務溝通 |
| Subcontractors | Compliant operationThe environmental impact of construction work | • Daily communication throughout the process, including changes of design and construction | 分包方 | 合規運營 施工對環境的 影響 | 包括設計變更、施 工等在內的全階段 日常交流 |
| Proprietors | Quality guarantee Protection of commercial information Provide satisfied services | Communication of sales and inspection Documents and mails Customer assessment and management | 業主和客戶 | • • f重保障 • 商業信息保護 • 提供滿意服務 | 銷售交流與考察 文檔函電來往 業主評價與管理 |
| Suppliers | Industry participation Requirements of suppliers on environmental and social influence Supply chain management Keep good cooperative relationships | Daily transactions Qualification review Communication throughout the tendering and bidding process | 供貨商 | 行業参與 對供貨商的環保、社會影響要求 供應鏈管理 良好合作關係 | 日常交易 資質審核 招投標全過程交流 |
| Communities | Charity Promote local employment and economic and social development | Charity activitiesActivities to promote community's development | 社區 | 公益慈善 推動地方就業 與經濟社會發 展 | 公益慈善活動 促進社區發展活動 |

Materiality identification

Based on the social responsibility standards both in China and abroad, the policy requirements of Chinese government, benchmarking with leading enterprises, and investigation and research of stakeholders as well as its own development plan, the company has established social responsibility topic pool, and then classified the topics into five categories of corporate governance, environment, employment and labor, community, operation practice, covering a total of 18 items.

重要性識別

基於國內外社會責任標準、中國政府政 策要求、標杆企業對標、利益相關方調 研,並結合企業自身發展規劃,公司建 立了社會責任議題池,並將議題分為公 司治理、環境、僱傭與員工、社區、市 場運營五大類,共計18項。

| Table 2 | 表格2 |
|--------------------------|------|
| Identification of topics | 議題識別 |

| Category | No. | Topics | 類別 | 編號 | 議題 |
|----------------------|----------------------|---|-------|----------------------|--|
| Corporate governance | 1 2 3 4 | Compliant operation Risk management Prohibit bribery and corruption Stakeholder communication | 公司治理 | 1 2 3 4 | 合規運營 風險管理 禁止商業賄賂及腐敗 利益相關方溝通 |
| Environment | 5 6 7 8 | Establishment of environmental management systems Energy-saving and emission reduction Resource recycling Green concept | 環境 | 5 6 7 8 | 建立環境管理體系 節能減排 資源循環利用 環保理念 |
| Employment and labor | 9 10 11 12 | Remuneration and welfare system Occupational safety Training and career development Caring about employees | 僱用與員工 | 9 10 11 12 | 薪酬與福利體系 職業安全 培訓與職業發展 員工關愛 |
| Community | 13 14 | Public welfare and charity Volunteer activities of employees | 社區 | 13 14 | 公益慈善 員工志願者活動 |
| Operation practice | 15 16 17 18 | Product responsibility and project quality assurance Supply chain management Requirements of suppliers on environmental and social impact Intellectual rights protection | 市場運營 | 15 16 17 18 | 產品責任及工程質量保證 供應鏈質量管理 對供貨商的環保、社會影響要求 知識產權保護 |



ENVIRONMENTAL Α.

The Group proactively responses to the national environmental protection policies with an objective (i) to reduce the adverse effect that the operational production may bring to the environment; and (ii) to ensure the harmonious development of the Group and environmental sustainability. The Group strives to reduce energy and other energy consumption, reduce waste emissions, to fully utilise recyclable resources, increase area of greening and introduce the concept of green environmental protection in the Group's products.

A.1 Energy Preservation and Emission Reduction

The Group always concerns itself with environmental protection and works on energy saving and emission reduction.

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the Group has strengthened energy saving, emission reduction and waste reduction in various aspects of its production process as follows:

| Production process | Related policy and Management method |
|--------------------|---|
| Product Design | • The Company has instilled the concept of green-building into the products and gained the certification of green building materials and products. |
| Choice of Supplier | • Suppliers are asked to provide environmental assessment reports or guarantee of environmental protection to help suppliers to enhance energy conservation and emissions reduction in production. |
| | Purchasing materials according to order demand, the Company preferentially chooses the nearby suppliers to reduce the energy consumption of delivery. |

環境 Α.

本集團積極響應國家環境保護相關 政策旨在(i)降低運營生產對於環境 可能造成的不利影響,及(ii)確保本 集團與環境可持續性的和諧發展。 本集團努力減少能源及其他資源的 消耗、減少廢物的排放、充分及循 環利用可循環使用資源、增加廠區 的綠化面積、在產品設計中推廣綠 色環保概念。

A.1 節能及排放的減少

本集團一百關注環境保護並致 力於節能減排。

截至2018年12月31日,本集團 已在生產的各個環節加強能源 節約、排放減少及廢物減少:

| 生產環節 | 相關政策 及管理方法 |
|------------|---|
| 產品設計 | 積極參與到綠色建 築項目中,生產的 門窗、幕牆產品已 經獲得《綠色建築選 用產品證明》。 |
| 供應商的 選擇 | 選擇供應商時,會 要求去提供環保監 測證書或者環保聲 明書,促進供應商 在生產中節能減排。 |

• 根據訂單需求採購 材料,優先選取臨 近的供應商,減少 物流產生的能源消 耗。

| EN | IRONMENTAL (cor | ntinued) | Α. | 環境 | 〔 <i>〔續〕</i> | |
|-----|--------------------------------|---|----|-----|---------------------|--|
| A.1 | Energy Preserva (continued) | tion and Emission Reduction | | A.1 | 節能及排 | 放的减少(<i>續</i>) |
| | Production process | Related policy and Management method | | | 生產環節 | 相關政策 及管理方法 |
| | Production | • Dust Control: For dust generated during sealant processing, the Group uses filters to control and recover dust. For dust generated during spraying process, the Group has adopted both filter method and cyclone method to control and recover dust. | | | 生產過程中 | 灰塵控制:就密封膠 加工所產生的灰塵 而言,本集控制。 過來塵 上,本集控制、 過一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一 |
| | | • Noise Control: The Group has adopted various measures to control the noise generated from our production process, including implementation of shock absorption, appropriate design of factory layout, and cultivation of plants at our production facilities. | | | | 噪音控制:本集團 採用多種措施以控 制生產過程所產生的噪音,包括於產 產設施實施震動吸 收、適當設計廠房 布置,以及栽種植 物。 |
| | | • Waste Water Control: Waste water generated from our spraying process is gathered and reused in our spraying process in a closed loop after flotation, flocculation, sedimentation and other procedures. The Group also generates waste water during material pre-treatment in our production. Such waste water is discharged into municipal sewage processing plant after flocculation, sedimentation, sand filtration, carbon filtration and other procedures. | | | | 污水控制:噴塗滑 程產、架相的炭、定量的炭、加速 方水控制:「水水積 水水積 水水積 水水積 水水積 水 <li< td=""></li<> |

Α.

| | ontinued) | Α. | 環境 | E (續) | |
|-----------------------------------|--|----|-----|--------------|---|
| A.1 Energy Preserv (continued) | ation and Emission Reduction | | A.1 | 節能及排 | 放的減少(續) |
| Production process | Related policy and Management method | | | 生產環節 | 相關政策 及管理方法 |
| | • Air Emission Control: The air must be purified before emission and shall meet the relevant requirements stipulated by the laws. Air emissions generated during the production process of the Group include nitrogen oxide, particulates, sulphur dioxide and organic waste gas (benzene and xylene). | | | | 氣體排放控制:需排 放的氣體必須經過 淨化處理,符合相 關法律要求標準。 本集團在生產過程 中產生的氣體包括 氮氧化物、粉塵、 二氧化硫及有機廢 氣(苯、二甲苯)。 |
| Policies | Regularly conduct a comprehensive energy audit to analyze the energy management and give suggestions for improvements. | | | 監管制度 | 定期委托獨立第三 方進行全面能源審 計,分析能源管理 現狀、發現能源利 用方面的薄弱環 節、提出改進措施 及建議。 |
| | The Company is effectively operating the Environmental Management System ISO14001:2015. | | | | 集團有效運營 環境管理體系 ISO14001:2015認 證。 |
| | • The Group implemented "Safe, saving energy and reducing consumption" management in all the operation sites to regulate the behaviour of employees and lower energy consumption. Production planning department reasonably arrange the production shift to avoid electric usage rush hour. All the office room equipped with the curtain wall to ensure efficient usage of sunlight and save energy. | | | | 制定《安全用電、 節能降耗日常管理 辦法》,規 、降 、 上 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 二 一 二 一 二 一 二 一 二 一 |

Α.

| E | NVIRONMENTAL (co. | ntinued) | Α. | 環境 | 〔 <i>續</i> 〕 | |
|----|----------------------------------|--|----|-----|---------------------|--|
| A. | 1 Energy Preserva (continued) | ation and Emission Reduction | | A.1 | 節能及排 | 放的減少(續) |
| | Production process | Related policy and Management method | | | 生產環節 | 相關政策 及管理方法 |
| | | The Group has a comprehensive non-hazardous treatment and re- utilisation system to recycle and re- use the waste | | | | 本集團建立了綜合 無害處理和再利用 系統以回收和再次 利用本集團在所有 生產過程中產生的 廢物。 |
| | | pany has not been challenged or competent government authorities | | | | 本公司沒有受到任 質政府機構或主體有 |

questioned by any competent government authorities of relevant bodies in relation to issue on environmental pollution caused by emission.

Plan for the year 2019

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- To increase our transparency by developing company-wide guidelines for energy consumption, as well as setting greenhouse gas emission target of 3% reduction from 2017 to 2019.
- To further reduce paper use by enhancing the paperless system for internal communications.

2019年的計劃

反對和詢問。

 計劃通過制訂公司層面 的能源使用指引,以及 訂立減少2017年到2019 年的溫室氣體排放百分 之三為目標,增加透明 度。

關排放物引起環境污染事宜的

提高內部通訊無紙化系
 統,進一步減少用紙。



A. ENVIRONMENTAL (continued)

A.1 Energy Preservation and Emission Reduction *(continued)*

Energy and resource Consumption and Pollutant Emissions of the Group

The main greenhouse gas emissions of the Group are carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur dioxide and particulate matter which are monitored to ensure compliance with standards before being discharged. As the Company's statistics and monitoring system for emission indicators is fully installed, the accurate statistics of organic waste gas (benzene and xylene) indicators. In 2018, the emission of benzene is 23,610kg and the emission of xylene is 6,400kg, which is purified before emission and do not exceed the specified environmental standard.

Table 3Resources consumption of the Group

A. 環境(續)

A.1 節能及排放的減少(續)

本集團的能源,資源消耗及污 染排放物

本集團的主要排放物溫室氣體 主要為二氧化碳、氮氧化合 物、二氧化硫、顆粒物。所有 的排放均經過檢測,以確保符 合標準後排放。隨著公司排放 物監測的體系設備的完善,有 機氣體(甲苯和二甲苯)的檢 指標可以準確記錄。2018年 度,監測排放含有二甲苯氣體 約23,610千克,含有甲苯氣體 約6,400千克,這些氣體排放 前都經過淨化處理且不超過環 保規定標準。

表格3 *本集團消耗資源*

| | Power consumption (KWH) 耗電量 (千瓦時) | Diesel (L) 柴油 (升) | Gasoline c (L) 汽油 (升) | Water onsumption (m³) 耗水量 (立方米) |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Annual Consumption of 2018 2018年全年消耗量 | 13,881,845 | 543,710 | 100,255 | 132,441 |
| Annual Consumption of 2017 2017 年全年消耗量 | 14,611,801 | 270,643 | 83,418 | 340,741 |

| ENV | IRONMENTAL (continued) | | Α. | 環境 (編 | 夏) | |
|-----|--|---|----|---|---|--|
| A.1 | Energy Preservation and Emission Re (continued) | eduction | | A.1 節 | 能及排放的減 | 。少(續) |
| | Table 4 Indirect emissions of the Group | | | | 格4 <i>集團間接排放</i> | 物 |
| | | Co ₂ emissions (kg) 二氧化碳 排放量 (千克) | 氮 | No _x ssions (kg) 氧化物 排放量 (千克) | So ₂ emissions (kg) 二氧化硫 排放量 (千克) | Particulate matter (kg) 顆粒物 (千克) |
| | Annual emissions of 2018 2018年全年排放量 | 15,498,060 * | 5 | 63,777 | 416,455 | 3,775,862 |
| | Annual emissions of 2017 2017年全年排放量 | 15,473,293 | 5 | 514,596 | 438,354 | 3,974,410 |

 * Scope 1 –Co2 from the combustion of petroleum, diesel, kerosene and LPG is about 1,657,860 kg;
 Scope 2 –Co2 from the use of purchased electricity and thermal power is about 13,840,200 kg.

A.2 Green Concept

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In order to be more effective in utilisation of resources and achieve waste reduction and environmental protection, all the operation sites of the Group began to implement 'Green' office, 'Green' material and 'Green' filing management. Employees are also encouraged to save documents, files and product information electronically and go paperless, thus resolving the difficulty in file searching and management and realising resources sharing. In term of production technology, selects and uses lighter and more environmental-friendly materials to ease the burden to the environment.

The Group focuses on the greening of production bases. Total carbon dioxide annually absorbed by green plants is 634,570 kg.

A.2 綠色理念

為了更有效地利用資源,達到 減少廢物和環境保護,本集團 所有業務運行節點開始實施 「綠色」辦公室,「綠色」材料和 「綠色」歸檔管理。員工也鼓勵 保存電子化和無紙化文檔,文 件和產品信息,從而解決困難 的文件搜索和管理,實現資源 共享。關於生產技術方面,選 擇和使用更輕質更環保的材料 以減輕環境負擔。

其中範疇一溫室氣體來自汽

油、柴油、煤油和液化石油

氣的燃燒,約1,657,860千

克;範疇二溫室氣體來自外 購電力、外購熱力的使用, 約13,840,200千克。

本集團注重生產基地的綠化。 綠色植被年吸收二氧化碳總量 為634,570千克。



A. ENVIRONMENTAL (continued)

- A.2 Green Concept (continued)
 - Table 5 Green planting area

| ۹. | 環境 | (續) |
|----|----|-----|
|----|----|-----|

A.2 綠色理念(續)

表格5 *本綠色植被面積*

| | 2 | 2018 | 2017 | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| | 20 |)18年 | 20 | 17年 | | | |
| | Green area | Absorbed | Green area | Absorbed | | | |
| | of the base | Co ₂ (kg) | of the base | Co ₂ (kg) | | | |
| | 廠區綠化面積* | 吸收二氧化碳量 (kg) | 廠區綠化面積 | 吸收二氧化碳量(kg) | | | |
| Production base in Shenyang 瀋陽生產基地 | 100,000 m ² | 634,570 | 120,000 m ² | 726,570 | | | |
| Production base in Chengdu 成都生產基地 | 8,167 m² | | 8,167 m ² | | | | |
| Production base in Foshan 佛山生產基地 | 4,000 m ² | | 4,000 m ² | | | | |
| Production base in Shanghai 上海生產基地 | 25,783 m² | | 25,783 m ² | | | | |
| * Including reptod area | | | * 句今租 | 田商品 | | | |

Including rented area

A.3 Waste Management

As for classification of wastes, due to the industry attributes, main wastes of the Group are non-hazardous wastes other than hazardous wastes. The nonhazardous wastes are mainly the waste steel, waste paint, waste water, exhaust gas even the waste packing materials which the Group has a comprehensive nonhazardous treatment and re-utilisation system to recycle and re-use.

* 包含租用廠區

A.3 廢物管理

廢棄物分類中,由於行業屬 性,相較於有害廢棄物,本集 團主要廢棄物類別為無害廢棄 物,無害廢棄物。無害廢棄物 主要為廢金屬、廢塑料、廢紙 張、廢木材及包裝材料。集團 建立了綜合無害處理和再利用 系統以回收和再次利用無害廢 棄物。

A. ENVIRONMENTAL (continued)

A.3 Waste Management (continued)

The Company have strictly complied with the Environmental Protection Law, Cleaner Production Promotion Law, Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law, Integrated Wastewater Discharge Standard, etc. A designated department was set up to monitor the wastewater discharge in daily production, to ensure clean production.

The amount of industrial and domestic wastewater discharged and concentration of pollutants are greatly reduced after onsite treatment, recycling and reuse. The Company have established a sewage treatment plant in the factory for treating chemicals to meet the environmental standard before discharging to municipal sewage pipe network according to regulations.

A. 環境(續)

A.3 廢物管理(續)

本公司謹遵《環境保護法》《清 潔生產促進法》、《水污染防治 法》及污水綜合排放標準等相 關法律法規,設立專門的工作 部門,對日常生產的廢水排放 進行監察,確保清潔生產。

工業廢水及生活廢水經廠內處 理和循環再用後,大幅度降低 廢水排放量和污染物濃度。廠 內建設污水處理車間,排放前 進行化學處理,以達到環保標 準,方可按規定排放至市政污 水管網。

表格6 *廢料回收清理*

| | 2018 2018年 | | | | | | 2017 2017年 | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| | | | | | Other | Othe | | | | | |
| | Metal | Wood | Plasic | Paper | waste | Metal | Wood | Plasic | Paper | waste | |
| | 金屬 | 木材 | 塑料 | 紙 | 其他 | 金屬 | 木材 | 塑料 | 紙 | 其他 | |
| Recycling weight (kg) – | | | | | | | | | | | |
| production base in Shenyang | 6,297,104 | 1,482,240 | 388,602 | 423,627 | 1,249,392 | 4,955,790 | 770,460 | 110,120 | 502,800 | 596,460 | |
| 瀋陽生產基地-回收重量(kg) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Recycling weight (kg) – | | | | | | | | | | | |
| production base in Foshan | 1,067,850 | 185,554 | 55,510 | 31,840 | 384,180 | 572,330 | 320,270 | - | 33,930 | 434,140 | |
| 佛山生產基地-回收重量(kg) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Recycling weight (kg) - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| production base in Chengdu | 186,151 | - | - | 3,000 | - | 341,170 | - | - | 14,460 | 245 | |
| 成都生產基地-回收重量(kg) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Recycling weight (kg) - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| production base in Shanghai | 801,983 | 29,827 | 7,256 | 41,525 | 7,000 | 563,728 | 44,331 | - | 344,950 | 11,685 | |
| 上海生產基地-回收重量(kg) | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 6Waste recycling management

B. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR STANDARDS

The Group's sustainability and development cannot be separated from the value of its employees. The Group strives to continuously establish and improve its staff management system, including the recruitment of quality employees, establish and improve the welfare system to provide employees with a safe working environment, improve the professional development of employees with an objective that employees can grow together with the Company.

B. 僱傭及員工規範

本集團的可持續性和發展離不開員 工的價值。本集團努力不斷建立和 完善員工管理體系,包括質量的招 聘員工,建立、健全的福利體系, 為員工提供一個安全的工作環境, 提高員工的職業發展,為了共同的 目標讓員工能與公司共同成長。

| Provide a good working environment to attract outstanding employees | Clear job description, appointment criteria and performance appraisal standards | 提供良好工作 環境吸引優秀員工 | 明晰的崗位權責説明 書、聘任標準、績效 考核標準 |
|--|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cultivate staff development | Regular business training and education | 提升員工的成長空間 | 定期的業務培訓、教 育 |
| Well-being of employees | Conduct regular physical examination, games, convenient staff commuting and sudden disaster weather timely evacuation | 關愛員工的生活 | 體檢、運動比賽、便 捷員工通勤、突發災 害天氣及時疏散 |
| Importance of work safety | Regular equipment maintenance, safety training, dangerous operating practices | 重視安全生產 | 定期設備維檢、安全 培訓、危險作業操作 守則 |
| Promote a fair and honest corporate culture | Anti-corruption, anti-discrimination awareness of publicity, reporting as well as internal audit and other measures | 宣揚公平廉潔的 企業文化 | 反貪腐、反歧視意識 的宣導、舉報、內部 審計等措施 |



B. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR STANDARDS (continued)

B.1 Working Environment

To enable the growth and development of the Group's employees, the Group strives to build a collaborative and harmonious working environment. The Company rewards its employees with competitive remuneration packages and fringe benefits which commensurate with their experience and job task. Staff members are also informed of requirements on expected professional conduct. The Company adheres to the "fairness, equality, diversity" principle for its staff management and does not tolerate discrimination or harassment in any form, and allow its staff members to realise their full potential at work.

The Company adopted a transparent system for assessing staff performance. At the end of each year, the Company will appraise the performance of all employees, and together with the results of the assessment results and employees' personal desire to adjust their job nature and pay arrangement as appropriate.

In terms of talent recruitment, the Group attracts the best talents through various channels such as social recruitment, internal recommendation and campus recruitment, and strengthen the talent deployment between different regions. All employment with the Group is voluntary. The Group complies with national and local laws and all employees are voluntary and do not employ any child labor. The Group is dedicated to ensuring that operations remain free from child labor, and is developing systems and procedures to handle the management of such incidents. Should a child be discovered working on our premises, he or she will immediately be transported back to their hometown or place of origin. The Group will then file necessary documentation with the local authorities while consulting with the child's guardians on avenues for his or her return to school.

B. 僱傭及員工規範(續)

B.1 工作環境

確保本集團的員工的成長和發展,本集團致力於建立一個協作的、和諧的工作環境。本公司以具有優勢的薪酬福利體氣和工作完成情況獎勵員工也會被告知相關當位所需要的必須技能。本公司在員工管理上堅持「公平、平等、多樣性」原則和不容忍任何形式的歧視或騷擾,並允許其員工在工作中發揮他們的潛能。

本公司採用了透明的體系來評 估員工的表現。每年年底,本 公司將評估所有員工的表現, 並結合評估的結果和員工個人 意願適當調整他們的工作內容 和薪酬。

在人才招聘方面,本集團通過 各種渠道如社會招聘、內部推 薦和校園招聘吸引最好的人 才,加強不同地區之間的人才 部署。所有就業群體是自願 的。符合國家和地方法律,所 有員工是自願並且沒有僱傭童 工。本集團致力於確保沒有童 工參與實際業務運營,並且正 在開發的系統和程序來處理這 類事件的管理。一旦發現童工 出現,他或她會立即遣返家鄉 或原所在地。本集團將在當地 權力機構存檔,在向孩子的監 護人諮詢他或她的回到學校路 徑時。

B. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR STANDARDS (continued)

B.2 Cultivate Staff Development

The Company encourages its staff to undertake training and further studies to enhance their job-related skills and knowledge. This training shall contribute to a more productive and effective workforce that is able to address the challenges that the Company may face as a company. In 2018, the Company further improved the Company's training management system. The Company uses internal and external training resources to actively organize 4-level education and trainings covering "company level", "headquarter level", "subsidiary level" and "department level".

Changes in social and business environments may require updated skill sets to deal with new market opportunities. The Group has devoted plenty resources in offering staff training and development programmes. The Group encourages continuous learning via training and further studies to enhance our staff's job-related skills and knowledge. It does not only increase staff satisfaction and reduce staff turnover but also enhances ability for staff to adapt to change.

The Company also has a strong desire to develop its own pool of talents in view of the uniqueness and diversity of its business. The Company provides graduates with the opportunity to make their way up in their career as qualified professionals. Other training, such as seminars, workshops and technical visits are aligned to the specific needs of individuals, covering professional development as well as management and technical skills.

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the Group organised a total of 30 training targeted at employees of the Group. The Company also built E-platform for sharing training materials for employees to study anytime and anywhere.

B. 僱傭及員工規範(續)

B.2 培養員工發展

本公司鼓勵員工參加培訓和進 修來提高他們的工作技能和知 識。作為公司一員,培訓有助 於更高效和有效的勞動力,能 夠解決公司可能面臨的挑戰。 2018年度本公司進一步完善 了培訓管理體系。充分利用 內部外部培訓資源,積極開 展「公司層面」「總部部門層面」 「所屬單位層面」「所屬部門層 面」四個層次教育培訓。

社會和商業環境的變化可能需 要更新的技能來應對新的市場 機會。本集團投入了大量的資 源為員工提供培訓和發展項 目。本集團鼓勵持續學習,通 過培訓和進一步的研究來提高 我們員工的與工作相關的技能 和知識。它不僅提高員工滿意 度,降低員工流失率,還增強 了員工適應變化的能力。

在獨特性和多樣性的企業願景 下,本公司亦有一個強烈的願 望發展自己的人才池的。本公 司為畢業生提供了機會,使他 們在職業生涯成為合格的專業 人士。其他培訓形式,例如研 討會,研討會和技術訪問會滿 足個人的特定需求,涵蓋職業 發展以及管理和技術技能。

截至2018年12月31日,本集 團面向員工組織了30場內部員 工培訓。另外,相關技術培訓 資料也實現了網絡化共享,便 於員工隨時隨地進行學習。

| в. | EM | PLOYMENT AND | LABOUR STANDARDS (continued) | B. | 僱傭 | 及員工規範 | (續) |
|----|-----|--------------------------------|--|----|-----|---------------|--------------------------------|
| | B.2 | Cultivate Staff De | evelopment (continued) | | B.2 | 培養員工發 | 展(續) |
| | | Employees | Type of trainings | | | 員工類別 | 培訓內容 |
| | | Management level | Managerial and compliance | | | 管理層 | 管理、合規培訓 |
| | | Design department | Software operation | | | 設計部門 | 軟件操作培訓 |
| | | Workshop and construction site | Safety operation, safety installation training and raw material production | | | 車間部門、 施工現場 | 安全操作、安全安裝 培訓、生產原材料性 能培訓等 |
| | | Sales department | Business etiquette and language | | | 銷售部門 | 商務禮儀、語言培訓 |
| | B.3 | Well-being of Em | ployees | | B.3 | 關愛員工 | |

A healthy work-life balance is encouraged among the Group's staff members. The Group has organised a wide array of staff activities including badminton contest, ping pong contest and Yuanda Marathon, amongst others, to cater to the diverse interests of its employees.

As the fast pace and pressure of life, the Group and the specialized medical institutions reached a long-term cooperation agreement, pursuant to which staff can enjoy a medical check-up and examination on an annual basis. Further, the Group also arranged and invited relevant medical specialists to the factory and production site to arrange physical examination for staff free-ofcharge.

B.3 關愛員工

健康的工作與生活的平衡是集 團所提倡的。本集團有組織各 賽,乒乓球比賽以及遠大馬拉 松,以保證員工的多樣化的利 益。

隨著生活的快節奏和壓力,本 集團和專業醫療機構達成長期 合作協議,按照計劃,員工可 享受每年一次體檢。此外,本 集團還安排,並邀請相關醫學 專家到工廠和生產現場為員工 免費安排義診。



B. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR STANDARDS (continued)

B.4 Occupational Safety

The health and safety of the Group's employees are of utmost concern. The Group has adopted the Management System GB/T28001-2011OHSAS18001: 2007 as a standard to guide our approach in mitigating occupational health and safety hazards.

Different safety-related initiatives and measures have been rolled out in the Group's operations. Risk assessments are also conducted to identify risks in special working environments, while detailed safety instructions have been formulated and communicated to workers as part of their safety training sessions. Safety officers are appointed to coordinate and communicate safety-related matters to workers on site.

- Safety instructions In order to clarify the operational steps and risk points of each process, the Group has prepared a number of safety instructions.
- Training In order to ensure the safety of employees in practice, the Group conducts training on theory and field safety on a regular basis to promote safety awareness.
- Inspection Perform regular maintenance and inspection on the production sits with higher tendency of safety issues.





B. 僱傭及員工規範(續)

B.4 職業安全

員工的健康和安全是本集團 最關心的問題。本集團採 用了管理體系GB/T28001-2011OHSAS18001:2007作為 標準來制定我們管理方法以減 少職業健康安全危害。

在本集團的各個業務操作環節 中實施了多種安全措施和方 法。風險評估確亦能識別特殊 的工作環境中的風險,同時制 定詳細的安全指引説明並以安 全培訓的方式傳達給工人。安 全生產負責人將與現場工人協 調和溝通安全問題。

- 安全操作 為了明確各工序的操作步 説明 驟和風險點,集團編製了 若干安全操作説明。
- 培訓 為了在實際中確保員工的 安全,集團定期為員工進 行理論及實地安全培訓, 推廣安全意識。

檢查 對於工傷多發的生產環境 進行安全巡邏及檢查。對 於設備進行定期的維護。

B. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR STANDARDS (continued)

B.4 Occupational Safety (continued)

- Certification The Group has passed the GBT28001-2011/ OHSAS18001:2007 safety management certification, during the process of which, a comprehensive review of the Group's safety risks had been conducted and thorough rectification.
- Accountability Strengthen the Group's safety management by way of annual assessment of the responsible person responsible the safety issue of each workshop and production site.

The Group also seeks to influence its subcontractors and collaborate with them to heighten their understanding of safety concerns at the workplace.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, there was no confirmed material non-compliance incident or grievance in relation to human rights and labour practices. Reported lost days due to work related injuries amounted to a total of 240 days.

B.5 Fair and honest corporate culture

The Group adheres to high standards of business ethics and integrity, all staff members are required to abide by the requirements of professional conduct specified in the employees handbook. Strict rules have also been laid out on accepting gifts from business partners during festive seasons.



B. 僱傭及員工規範(續)

- B.4 職業安全(續)
 - 認證 本集團通過了GBT28001-2011/OHSAS18001:2007 安全管理認證,在認證審 核過程中對於安全隱患處 進行全面徹底的整改。
 - 問責 對於各個車間及生產現場 制定安全負責人,通過安 全表現與年度考核相挂鈎 的方法,加強安全管理

本集團亦試圖帶動其分包商, 與他們一同提高對工作場所的 安全問題認識。

截至2018年12月31日期間, 無已確認的重大違規事件及人 權和勞工的申訴。與工作相關 的傷害誤工達240天。

B.5 宣揚公平廉潔的企業文化

本集團堅持高標準的商業道德 和廉政,所有員工都必須遵守 在員工手冊中規定的職業行為 的要求。廉潔準則也體現在節 日期間的收受禮物方面。



B. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR STANDARDS (continued)

B.5 Fair and honest corporate culture (continued)

In order to promote a corporate culture with high integrity standard, the Company not only regularly conducts lectures on anti-corruption, it also encourages all employees to participate in anti-corruption activities. Complementing this effort is the implementation of an anti-fraud policy as well as a whistle-blowing policy, which provides a reporting channel for employees and stakeholders such as customers, suppliers, amongst others to report any misconduct or malpractice. During the reporting year, there had been no confirmed case of corruption.

B.6 Compliance

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Group had no material incidences of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations regarding employment and labour practices.

Plan for 2019

- To offer the opportunity to employees to further enhance their skills.
- To increase employees' knowledge on health protection and introduce health and hygiene knowledge.

B. 僱傭及員工規範(續)

B.5 宣揚公平廉潔的企業文化(續)

為了促進企業文化高廉潔的規 定,本公司不僅定期進行反腐 敗專題講座,它還鼓勵所有員 工參與反腐敗活動。配套反腐 政策集團還制定了舉報機,它 為員工和利益相關者如客戶、 供應商提供了一個報告渠道揭 發不端或不當行為。年度報告 中顯示,沒有腐敗的確診案 例。

B.6 合規

截至2018年12月31日期間, 本集團沒有不符合就業和勞動 實踐有關的法律、法規重大的 事故發生。

2019年的計劃

- 為員工提供進一步深造 技能的機會。
- 開展員工健康防護知識
 培訓,不定期介紹健康
 衛生知識。

| В. | EMF | PLOYMENT AND | D LABOUR STANDARDS (co | ntinued) | В. | 僱傭及 | 及員工規範 (續) |) |
|----|-----|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | B.6 | Compliance (cor | ntinued) | | | B.6 f | 合規 <i>(續)</i> | |
| | | | per 2018, the Group had a total of formation of our staff was as fol | | | Ę | 截至2018年12月 共有僱員人數名 本集團僱員數據 | 合計4,604人, |
| | | Table 7 Employees of the | e Group | | | | 表格7 本 <i>集團職工情況</i> | , |
| | | | | : | 2018 2018年 | | | 2017 017年 |
| | | | | Number of employees 員工人數 | р | ng hours er capita 培訓小時 | employees | Training hours per capita 人均培訓小時 |
| | | Total 總數 | | 4,604 | | | 6,094 | |
| | | Gender 按性別 | Male 男性 Female 女性 | 3,928 676 | | 3.50 3.40 | -, - | 3.70 3.30 |
| | | Age 按年齡 | Under the age of 30 30 歲以下 | 451 | | 4.00 | 839 | 4.20 |
| | | | Between the age of 30 and 50 30-50 歲 | 3,686 | | 3.60 | | 3.64 |
| | | | Above the age of 50 50歲以上 | 467 | | 2.32 | 386 | 2.45 |
| | | Region 按地區 | Northeast of China 中國東北區域 Other regions 其他區域 | 3,384 1,220 | | 3.60 3.30 | -, | 4.10 2.86 |
| | | Job category 職級 | Senior management 管理層 Ordinary emplyee 普通員工 | 191 4,413 | | 4.30 3.45 | | 5.30 3.57 |

C. OPERATION PRACTICES

Since establishment, the Group has been committed to building and improving the supply chain of products. On the basis of traditional curtain wall products, the Group adopts relatively complex designs, uses new materials or advanced technology to develop a variety of products, which has proven to be able to provide different functions, such as environmental protection, energy saving and intelligent control. A comprehensive product supply has laid a solid foundation for the Group's development in the China and overseas markets. In order to ensure products are of high quality, the Group screens its suppliers strictly in terms of quality provided, and pay close attention to maintain a good relations of cooperation with customers to ensure efficient and smooth operation of the Group.

C.1 Product responsibility

The Group performs a number of product performance tests before, during and after installation to ensure a high level of safety as follows:

| Before installation | Safety test for curtain wall connectivity | The test will usually be conducted during the embedment and after the embedment of the curtain wall parts. The Group will firstly apply for testing, and then conduct sample testing on site as approved by the site supervisor. Testing will be conducted by a professional testing company, which will issue a test report to guide the Group on the rectification step thereafter, if any. |
|------------------------|---|---|
| | Re-testing of materials | This is a quality test of curtain wall components. The site supervisor will select the material samples from the site. Thereafter, samples will be sent to the laboratory for chemical and physical testing, with conclusions being delivered by the laboratory with reference to the national and industry- related standards. |

C. 市場運營

自創立以來,本集團一直致力建設 及完善產品供應。在傳統幕牆產品 的基礎上,本集團應用更多複雜的 設計、新材料或先進技術,開發多 種產品,已提供不同功能,如環 保應為本集團奠定下堅實的基礎, 利於證產品的高品質,本集團供應 簡保持緊密良好的合作關係,保證 本集團運營高效順暢。

C.1 產品責任

本集團在幕牆產品安裝前、安 裝時和安裝後,均實施多項產 品性能測試,以確保項目的高 安全性:

| 安裝前 | 幕牆連接 | 此項測試主要在幕牆的 |
|-----|-------------|---|
| | 性的安全 | 預埋件及後補埋件進 |
| | 測試 | 行。本集團首先申請測 |
| | | 試,然後在工地挑選經 |
| | | 現場監督員核准的測試 |
| | | 樣本。測試由專業檢測 |
| | | 公司進行,檢測公司會 |
| | | 發出測試報告,指引本 |
| | | 集團隨後要採取的步驟。 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | 材料的複 | 這是幕牆部件的質 |
| | 材料的複 檢測試 | 這是幕牆部件的質 量測試。現場監督 |
| | | |
| | | 量測試。現場監督 |
| | | 量測試。現場監督 員會從工地挑選材 |
| | | 量測試。現場監督 員會從工地挑選材 料樣本,樣本送往 |
| | | 量測試。現場監督 員會從工地挑選材 料樣本,樣本送往 實驗室進行化學性 |
| | | 量測試。現場監督 員會從工地挑選材 料樣本,樣本送往 實驗室進行化學性 能和物理性能的檢 |
| | | 量测試。現場監督 員會從工地構築選材 料樣本,樣本送往 實驗室進行化學檢 測,實驗室然後按 |

| OPE | RATION | PRACTICE | S (continued) | С. | 市場 | 運營 () | 續) | |
|-----|------------------------|---|--|----|-----|--------------|-------------------|--|
| C.1 | Product re | esponsibility | (continued) | | C.1 | 產品費 | 責任 <i>(續)</i> | |
| | | Material compatibility testing | This is a safety and performance test to determine if the sealant and curtain wall components have any bonding problems or harmful chemical effects. Samples of curtain wall components will be provided to the relevant sealant manufacturers who will conduct the tests and provide written reports to the Group. | | | | 材料的兼 容性的測 試 | 這檢膠有的團產樣會太上,不會的對沒害集生件商向報告。 |
| | | Curtain wall performance testing | This test is used to ensure that the performance of the curtain wall in use, with four basis tests to be conducted, including wind pressure, water-tightness, air tightness, in-plane deformation. Inspections may also include insulation, sound insulation, seismic and optical performance as part of the test, as appropriate. Performance testing is conducted by national laboratory with reference to the relevant project curtain wall performance and performance indicators. | | | | 幕牆性能 的測試 | 這幕能壓性四試測隔和檢驗的指個牆,、、項。內熱光測室幕針人來不基視容、學由根牆進測使容密面本乎也隔性國據圖紅內時括、變能況能、。檢關和比時括、變能況能、。檢關和和時的抗氣形的,包抗性測項性 |
| | During installation | Conformance testing of lightning protection grid | The purpose of the test is to ensure that people and property in the building will not be damaged by lightning. Detection will be carried out in each lightning protection grid. | | | 安裝時 | 防雷網格 的導通測 試 | 檢測目的是確定建 築物內的人和財產 不會因幕應受損傷。檢測會 在每個防雷網格進 行。 |

С.

| OPE | OPERATION PRACTICES (continued) | | | | | 運營 (約 | 瀆) | |
|-----|--|---|--|--|-----|--------------|---------------|---|
| C.1 | C.1 Product responsibility (continued) | | | | C.1 | 產品責 | 任 <i>(續)</i> | |
| | | Strength testing of structural adhesives | The structural adhesive is used to connect the curtain wall panel and aluminum. This is what is required to be done after applying the structural adhesive and applying the sealant to the curtain wall component. | | | | 結構膠的 強度測試 | 結構 膠用於連接幕 牆板塊及鋁材。這 是在塗漏部件上塗 並密封膠前需要進 行的檢測 |
| | After installation | On-site water spray test | This is a field test of whether the curtain wall has water leakage, i.e., a five-minute water spray test for each cross-connector. | | | 安裝後 | 現場噴水 試驗 | 這是對幕牆有否滲 水的現場試驗,即 對每個十字接口進 行五分鐘噴水試驗。 |
| | In case of complaint(s) | To be handled as soon as possible | Any complaint to our operation sites will be recorded and dealt with immediately. | | | 受理 投訴時 | 立即處理 | 立即對客戶的投訴 進行反饋,展開調 查,並迅速解決。 |
| | During the year ended 31 December 2018, the customers' complaints rate of the Group is under 1%. The Company will continue to enhance its product quality to strive to reduce the number of complaints in | | | | | 内,才 1%。 | 5.集團客 本公司將 | 2月31日止年度 戶投訴率低於 孫繼續加強產品 少未來的投訴數 |

C.2 Supply chain management

the future.

The Group relies on an extensive network of suppliers and subcontractors to ensure the quality and consistency of its services. The proactive management of the Group's supply chain helps the Group mitigate and manage related risks that may affect its operations. The Group continuously engages with its subcontractors and raise their awareness on occupational health and safety issues. The Group also monitors and assesses its suppliers and subcontractors by reviewing their services, product quality, safety, financial performance on an annual basis. Substandard suppliers and subcontractors will be suspended or even removed from our approved vendor list.

C.2 供應鏈管理

量。

本集團依賴於廣泛的供應商和 分包商網絡,以保證自身產品 的質量和服務品質。本集團對 於供應鏈的主動式管理可以幫 助緩解和控制可以影響業務運 轉的相關的風險。本集團不斷 和其分包商進行磨合以提高他 們對職業健康安全問題的認 識。本集團還評估供應商和分 包商檢查他們的服務,產品質 量,安全,每年的財務業績。 不合格的供應商和分包商將暫 停甚至從我們經批准的供應商 名單上刪除。

C.

C. OPERATION PRACTICES (continued)

C.2 Supply chain management (continued)

The Group has established a supplier evaluation system, evaluation factors include not only the strength and credibility of the supplier, the quality control system, technology, production capacity, supply ability, management and product price, also consider whether the factors such as environmental protection, harmless to the human body. According to the evaluation results, compiled annually qualified supplier list, and qualified suppliers can be divided into A, B, C three categories, and the Group usually only buys from this year's list of qualified suppliers in the purchase of raw materials, including class A is preferred, class C as A last resort. In order to reduce carbon emissions in the process of transportation and save the transportation cost at the same time, we give priority to local quality qualified suppliers.

Preliminary review of documents and discussion on bidding proposals will be conducted. When the final decision is made after deliberation, the Group will enter into a purchase agreement with the selected supplier.

Necessary due diligence is also performed where required, with site visits and verification of products or services arranged to ensure that suppliers conform to the Group's high standards.



C. 市場運營(續)

C.2 供應鏈管理(續)

隨後,將對投標文件進行初步 的審查並進行討論。當經審議 後做出最終決議時,本集團將 與選定的供應商簽訂購買協 議。

必要時也會展開對供應商的盡 職調查,通過現場考察以及產 品及服務驗證的方式確保供應 商達到了本集團對產品的高標 準。



| C. | OPE | RATION PRACTICES (continued) | | | 市場運營 (續) | | | |
|----|-----|---|--|--|-----------------|---|-------------------------|--|
| | C.2 | Supply chain management (cor | ntinued) | | C.2 | 供應鏈管理 <i>(續)</i> | | |
| | | Table 8 Qualified suppliers of the Group | 0 | | | 表格8 <i>本集團合格供應商</i> | 情況 | |
| | | Number of suppliers 供應商數量 | | | | 2018 2018年度 2 | 2017 2017年度 | |
| | | Geographical region 按地區 | | | | | | |
| | | | Northeast of China 東北 | | | 124 | 135 | |
| | | | Other regions of China 其他省市 | | | 324 | 566 | |
| | | | Overseas 海外 | | | 138 | 124 | |
| | C.3 | Intellectual Rights Protection | | | C.3 | 知識產權保護 | | |
| | | In order to provide consumers products and protect our pr method of intellectual property r obtained 37 patents, including and 36 patents for utility model | roduct and installation rights, in 2018, the Group g 1 patents for invention | | | 為了真正為消費者 的產品,為保護有 品及安裝方法的知 2018年,本集團新 權37項,其中發明 | 關我們的產 識產權,於 新獲專利授 | |

實用新型專利36項。

D. COMMUNITY

The Group as a corporation, should take up and be accountable for social responsibility. The Group actively cares about the society and fulfills its corporate social responsibilities. Ever since the establishment, the Group has been maintaining close communications and interactions with local communities in order to contribute to local development. As a result of which, the Group actively participates in community and government livelihood activities, to create a harmonious society.

Table 9 Social responsibility activities

D. 社區

作為一個公司,應該負責社會責任。本集團積極關心社會和履行企業社會責任。自成立以來,本集團 一直保持密切溝通與當地社區和互動來促進當地的發展。結果,本集 團積極參與社區和政府生計活動, 為創建一個和諧社會貢獻力量。

| 表格9 |
|--------|
| 社會責任活動 |

| Date 日期 | Community activities 活動主題 |
|--------------------|---|
| 2018.1.19 | Organized long-distance race 長跑 |
| 2018.1.31 | Alleviated poverty of military families 擁軍 |
| 2018.2.14 | Arranged for employees' return to their hometown to celebrate the chinese new year 護送員工返鄉度新春 |
| 2018.3.12 | Organized health knowledge lectures 健康知識講座 |
| 2018.3.24 | Made contribution to win the honor title "well-civilized, good-sanitary condition, eco- friendly" for the local city during the rating period by volunteer community services 三城聯創城市評選志願者社區服務 |
| 2018.3.31 | Organized free medical consultation clinic for employees and their families 員工及家屬義診活動 |
| 2018.4.13 | Honored the martyrs of the War to Resist US Aggression and Aid Korea 祭掃抗美援朝烈士墓 |
| 2018.4.14 | Made contribution to win the honor title "well-civilized, good-sanitary condition, eco- friendly" for the local city during the rating period by volunteer community services 三城聯創城市評選志願者社區服務 |
| 2018.4.15 | Made contribution to win the honor title "well-civilized, good-sanitary condition, eco- friendly" for the local city during the rating period by volunteer community services 三城聯創城市評選志願者社區服務 |
| 2018.6.15 | Organized a visit the World War II Memorial in Shenyang 組織參觀世界第二次世界大戰紀念館 |
| 2018.6.1-2018.6.30 | Organized tug-of-war competition 拔河比賽 |

D. COMMUNITY (continued)

D. 社區(續)

| Date | Community activities | | |
|--------------------|--|--------------------|--|
| 日期 | 活動主題 | | |
| | | | |
| 2018.7.28 | Organized stride race | | |
| | 健步走 | | |
| 2018.8.31 | Organized a visit the World War II Memorial in S | Shenyang | |
| | 組織參觀世界第二次世界大戰紀念館 | | |
| 2018.9.1 | Organized Yuanda Marathon | | |
| | 遠大馬拉松比賽 | | |
| 2018.9.13 | Participated the precise poverty alleviation activ | vities in Chaoyang | |
| | 參與朝陽市精准扶貧活動 | | |
| 2018.9.20 | Sent gifts to employees at Chinese traditional Mid-Autumn festival | | |
| | 中秋節分發禮品福利 | | |
| 2018.11.23 | Organized a visit the Urban Planning Exhibition | Hall in Shenyang | |
| | 參觀瀋陽城市規劃展覽館 | | |
| In 2018, total exp | pense of community activities is about | 2018年,社會責任活動總支出約為 | |
| RMB1.2million. | | 人民幣1.2百萬元。 | |



E AWARDS AND HONOR

The Company have long been striving for innovation and providing qualified products to customers. In 2018, the Group was awarded the following awards and honors:

Honors

名譽名稱

| 2018.1 | Awarded with Luban Prize for Construction Project for 2016-2017 |
|---------|---|
| | 獲得2016-2017年度魯班獎 |
| 2018.3 | Awarded with "Most popular curtain wall projets" in 13th AL-Survey |
| | 獲得第13屆「我最喜愛幕牆工程」榮譽 |
| 2018.3 | Awarded with 2017 Shenyang Mayor Quality Prize |
| | 獲得2017年度瀋陽市長質量獎 |
| 2018.4 | Awarded with "Top 20 international contractor for construction projects in 2017" |
| | 獲得「2017年度對外承包工程承包商企業20強」 |
| 2018.9 | Awarded with "Top 10 Most Influential Brands" in |
| | 3rd FC Awards |
| | 第三屆金軒獎「十大最具影響力品牌」 |
| 2018.11 | Awarded with "the 3rd China Quality Prize" |
| | |

獲得第三屆中國質量獎

E 獲得獎項及榮譽

本公司一直力求創新,為客戶提供 高品質的產品。於2018年,本集團 獲得了以下的獎項及榮譽:

Awards Sponsor

主辦單位

Ministry of Housing and Urban-Rural Development of the People's Republic of China and China Construction Industry Association 中華人民共和國住房和城鄉建設部、 中國建築業協會 China National Association for Construction Metal Structure 中國建築金屬結構協會 Shenyang municipal people's government 瀋陽市人民政府 China International Contractors Association 中國對外承包工程商會 China National Association for Construction Metal Structure 中國建築金屬結構協會 China Administration of Quality Supervision 國家質檢總局



ESG content index

ESG 索引

| Aspect 層面 | KPI 指標 | Description 描述 | Remarks 標注 |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---|----------------------|
| A. Environmental | | | |
| A.環境 | | | |
| A1 Emission A1 排放物 | A1 | General Disclosure 一般披露 | A.A.1 |
| | A1.1 | Types of emissions and respective emissions data 排放物種類及相關排放數據 | Table 4 表格4 |
| | A1.2 | Greenhouse gas emissions in total and where appropriate, intensity | Table 4 |
| | | 溫室氣體總排放量及(如適用)密度 | 表格4 |
| | A1.3 | Total hazardous waste produced and where appropriate, intensity | Not Applicable |
| | | 所產生有害廢棄物總量及(如適用)密度 | A.A.1 |
| | A1.4 | Total non-hazardous waste produced and where appropriate, intensity | A.3, Table 6 |
| | | 所產生無害廢棄物總量及密度 | A.3, 表格6 |
| | A1.5 | Measure to mitigate emissions and results achieved 描述减低排放量的措施及所得成果 | A.2, Table 5 表格5 |
| | A1.6 | Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, reduction initiatives and results achieved | A.3, Table 6 |
| | | 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低產生量的措施 及所得成果 | A.3, 表格6 |
| A2 Use of Resources A2 資源使用 | A2 | General Disclosure 一般披露 | А |
| | A2.1 | Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity | A.1, Table 3 |
| | | 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源總耗量及密度 | A.1, 表格3 |
| | A2.2 | Water consumption in total and intensity | A.1, Table 3 |
| | | 總耗水量及密度 | A.1, 表格3 |
| | A2.3 | Energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved 描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果 | A.1 |
| | A2.4 | Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved | A.1, Table 3 |
| | | 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及提升用水效益 計劃及所得成果 | A.1, 表格3 |
| | A2.5 | Total packaging material used for finished products 製成品所用包裝材料的總量及(如適用)每生產單位佔量 | A.3 |

ESG content index (continued)

ESG索引(續)

| Aspect 層面 | KPI 指標 | Description 描述 | Remarks 標注 |
|---|-----------|--|--|
| A3 The Environment and Natural | A3 | General Disclosure 一般披露 | |
| Resources A3 環境及天然資源 | A3.1 | Significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管 理有關影響的行動 | A.1, Table 3 A.2, Table 5 A.1, 表格 3 A.2, 表格 5 |
| B. Social B. 社會 Employment and Labour Practices 僱傭及勞工準則 | | | |
| B1 Employment B1 僱傭 | B1 | General Disclosure 一般披露 | В |
| | B1.1 | Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region | B.6 Table 7 |
| | | 按性別、僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數 | B.6 表格7 |
| B2 Health and Safety | B2 | General Disclosure | D 1 |
| B2 健康與安全 | B2.1 | 一般披露 Number and rate of work-related fatalities | B.1 B.4 Table 7 |
| | D2.1 | 因工作關係而死亡的人數及比率 | B.4, Table 7 B.4 表格7 |
| | B2.2 | Lost days due to work injury | B.4 衣宿7 B.4, Table 7 |
| | D2.2 | 因工傷損失工作日數 | B.4, Table 7 B.4 表格7 |
| | B2.3 | Description of occupational health and safety measures | B.4 |
| | | adopted, how they are implemented and monitored 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監 察方法 | |
| B3 Development and Training | B3 | General Disclosure 一般披露 | B.2 |
| B3發展及培訓 | B3.1 | Percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category | B.6, Table 7 |
| | | 按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比 | B.6 表格7 |
| | B3.2 | Average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category | B.6, Table 7 |
| | | 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數 | B.6 表格7 |
| B4 Labour Standards B4勞工準則 | B4 | General Disclosure 一般披露 | B.3, B.4 |



ESG content index (continued)

ESG索引(續)

| Aspect 層面 | KPI 指標 | Description 描述 | Remarks 標注 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|--|--------------------------|
| | B4.1 | Measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour | B.1 |
| | B4.2 | 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工 Steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered 描述在發現違規情況時消除童工及強制勞工情況所採取 的步驟 | B.1 |
| Operating Practices 運營 | | | |
| B5 Supply Chain Management | B5 | General Disclosure 一般披露 | С |
| B5供應鏈管理 | B5.1 | Number of suppliers by geographical region 按地區劃分的供應商數目 | C.2, Table 8 C.2. 表格8 |
| | B5.2 | Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應 商數目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法 | C.C.2 |
| B6 Product Responsibility | B6 | General Disclosure 一般披露 | C.1 |
| B6產品責任 | B6.1 | Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比 | C.1 |
| | B6.2 | Number of products and services related complaints received and how they are dealt with 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法 | C.1 |
| | B6.3 | Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例 | C.3 |
| | B6.4 | Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序 | C.1 |
| | B6.5 | 油延員重微定過程及產品回收程序 Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored 描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察 方法 | C.1 |

ESG content index (continued)

ESG索引(續)

| Aspect 層面 | KPI 指標 | Description 描述 | Remarks 標注 |
|------------------------------|-----------|--|----------------------|
| B7 Anti-corruption B7 反貪污 | B7 | General Disclosure 一般披露 | B.5, B.6 |
| | B7.1 | Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases 於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟 案件的數目及訴訟結果 | B.5, B.6 |
| | B7.2 | Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored 描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法 | B.5, B.6 |
| B8 Community Investment | B8 | General Disclosure 一般披露 | D |
| B8 社會責任 | B8.1 | Focus areas of contribution 專注貢獻範疇 | Table 9 表格 9 |
| | B8.2 | Resources contributed to the focus area 在專注範疇所動用資源 | Table 9 表格9 |



Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF YUANDA CHINA HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Yuanda China Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 114 to 287, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2018 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Cayman Islands, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致遠大中國控股有限公司 股東的獨立核數師報告 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

吾等已完成審核遠大中國控股有限公司 (「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」) 載於第114頁至第287頁之合併財務報表, 包括貴集團於2018年12月31日之合併財務 狀況表,及貴集團截至該日止年度之合併 損益表、合併損益及其他全面收益表、合 併權益變動表及合併現金流量表以及合併 財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

吾等認為,合併財務報表已根據國際會計 準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒 佈的國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準 則」)真實而中肯地反映了貴集團於2018年 12月31日之合併財務狀況以及截至該日止 年度之合併財務表現及合併現金流量,並 已按照香港公司條例之披露規定妥為編製。

意見之基礎

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審 計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。吾等 在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告核數 師就審核合併財務報表承擔的責任部分中 作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的專業會計師道德守則(「守則」)以及與吾 等對開曼群島合併財務報表的審計相關的 道德要求,吾等獨立於貴集團,並已履行 該等道德要求以及守則中的其他專業道德 責任。吾等相信,吾等所獲得的審計憑證 能充足及適當地為吾等的審計意見提供基 礎。



KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Recognition of construction contract revenue

Refer to Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Note 2(t)(i).

The Key Audit Matter

The Group is primarily engaged in the design, production and installation of curtain wall systems for commercial buildings and high-end residential buildings. The Group normally enters into construction contracts with main contractors or real estate developers.

The Group recognises construction contract revenue progressively overtime using input method based on the proportion of total contract costs incurred at the end of reporting period compared to the estimated total budgeted contract costs to complete the contract when control of the good or service is transferred to the customer.

The measurement of the revenue therefore relies on estimations of total budgeted contract costs. Changes to estimated total budgeted contract costs could give rise to material variances in the amount of revenue recognised.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our procedures to assess the recognition of construction contract revenue included the following:

- assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over the budgeting process for construction contracts;
- scrutinising the key clauses of construction contracts on a sample basis, and assessing whether these key clauses had been appropriately reflected in the estimation of total budgeted contract costs applied in revenue recognition;
- challenging the Group's estimates of budgeted costs to complete the contract on a sample basis by considering the Group's historical records of gross profit margins for similar contracts;
- assessing whether costs incurred were accounted for in the appropriate period and comparing costs incurred during the current period to purchase invoices and other relevant underlying documentation on a sample basis;

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據吾等的專業判斷,認 為對本期合併財務報表的審計最為重要的 事項。該等事項是在吾等審計整體合併財 務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。吾等不 會對該等事項提供單獨的意見。

建築合同收入確認

請參閱合併財務報表附註4及附註及2(t)(i)的會計政 策。

吾等的審計如何處理該

| 關鍵審計事項 | 事項 |
|------------|------------|
| 貴集團主要從事為商業 | 吾等就確認建築合同收 |
| 大廈及高端住宅大廈設 | 入的程序包括以下程 |
| 計、生產及安裝幕牆系 | 序: |
| 統。貴集團一般與主要 | |
| 承包商或房地產開發商 | • 評估有關建築合同 |
| 訂立建築合同。 | 預算編製過程的關 |
| | 鍵內部控制的設 |
| | 計、執行及運行有 |
| 貴集團根據於報告期末 | 效性; |
| 產生的合同成本總額使 | |
| 用輸入法隨著時間逐步 | • 以抽樣方式核對合 |
| 確認建築合同收入,並 | 同的關鍵條款,並 |
| 與在商品或服務的控制 | 評估該等關鍵條款 |
| 權轉移至客戶時完成合 | 是否已在估計總預 |
| 同的估計總預算合同成 | 算中適當反映,並 |
| 本相比較。 | 於收入確認中應 |
| | 用; |
| | |
| 因此,收入的計量依賴 | • 透過考慮貴集團類 |
| 對總預算的估計。估計 | 似合同的毛利率的 |
| 總預算的變動或會引起 | 歷史記錄,以抽樣 |
| 收入確認的金額產生重 | 方式評價貴集團對 |
| 大差異。 | 項目總預算的估計 |
| | 是否合理; |
| | |
| | • 評估合同產生的成 |
| | 本是否於合適期間 |
| | 入賬,並以抽樣方 |
| | 式對當前期間產生 |
| | 的成本與採購發票 |
| | 及其他相關文件相 |
| | 比較; |
| | |
KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

Recognition of construction contract revenue (continued)

Refer to Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Note 2(t)(i).

The Key Audit Matter

We identified the recognition of construction contract revenue as a key audit matter because there is a high degree of risk and associated management judgement in estimating total budgeted contract costs and the amount of revenue to be recognised by the Group.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

- performing a re-calculation of revenue recognised for individual contracts based on the estimated total budgeted contract costs, the costs incurred to date and the agreed contract price;
 - performing site visits for the selected major contracts in progress, physically observing the stage of completion of the contract and discussing the status of the contract with the site supervisor; and
- assessing the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards.

關鍵審計事項(續)

建築合同收入確認(續)

請參閱合併財務報表附註4及附註2(t)(i)的會計政策。

| | 푬筆 | ら的審計如何處理 該 |
|------------|----|-------------------|
| 關鍵審計事項 | 事項 | 頁 |
| 吾等確定確認建築合同 | • | 根據估計總預算合 |
| 收入為關鍵審計事項, | | 同成本、累計已發 |
| 乃由於在估計總預算及 | | 生成本及協定合同 |
| 確認合同變更的時點, | | 價格,對各合同確 |
| 以及貴集團確認的收入 | | 認的收入進行重新 |
| 金額涉及高風險及高度 | | 計量; |
| 依賴管理層判斷。 | | |
| | | |
| | • | 就經選定的主要在 |
| | | 建合同進行實地視 |
| | | 察,現場視察合同 |
| | | |

- 建合问進行實地視 察,現場視察合同 完成進度,並與工 程負責人討論合同 狀況;及
- 參考現行會計準則 的規定,評估合併 財務報表中的相關 披露。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

Loss allowance for contract assets and trade receivables

Refer to Notes 16, 17 and 29(a) to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Note 2(j)(i).

The Key Audit Matter

The Group's contract assets and trade receivables arise from the Group's construction contract business. As at 31 December 2018, the aggregate amount of contract assets and trade receivables totalled RMB5,636.5 million.

The Group has initially applied IFRS 9 on 1 January 2018 and recognised the cumulative effect of initial application as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2018.

The Group measures loss allowances on contract assets and trade receivables at amounts equal to lifetime expected credit losses (the "ECL") using a provision matrix which involved significant management judgement in estimating loss rate and adjusting factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

We identified the loss allowance for contract assets and trade receivables as a key audit matter because of the significant balances at the end of the reporting period and because the recognition of ECL is inherently subjective and requires the exercise of significant management judgement.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our procedures to assess the loss allowance for contract assets and trade receivables included the following:

- assessing the design and implementation of key internal controls over the credit control and estimation of the ECL;
- assessing the reasonableness of the ECL by examining the information used by management to form such estimates, including testing the accuracy of the historical loss rates and historical transition rates, and evaluating whether the historical loss rates and historical transition rates are appropriately applied in the ECL model;
- assessing whether items in the ageing report were categorised appropriately for contract assets and trade receivables by comparing a sample of individual items with the underlying documentation; and
- assessing the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards.

關鍵審計事項(續)

合同資產及貿易應收款的虧損撥備

請參閱合併財務報表附註16、17及29(a)及附註2(i) (1)的會計政策。

吾等的審計如何處理該

| | 百夺的番乱如问颇垤該 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| 關鍵審計事項 | 事項 |
| 貴集團的合同資產及貿 | 吾等就評估合同資產及 |
| 易應收款來自貴集團建 | 貿易應收款的程序包括 |
| 築合同業務。於2018年 | 以下程序: |
| 12月31日,合同資產及 | |
| 貿易應收款總額為人民 | • 評估有關信用控制 |
| 幣5,636.5百萬元。 | 及估計預期信用損 |
| , | 失的主要內部監控 |
| | 的設計及實施; |
| 貴集團於2018年1月1 | |
| 日首次應用國際財務報 | • 透過檢查管理層形 |
| 告準則第9號並確認首 | 成有關估計所使用 |
| 次應用的累計影響作為 | 的資料評估預期信 |
| 對於2018年1月1日期 | 用損失的合理性, |
| 初權益結餘的調整。 | 包括測試歷史虧損 |
| | 率的準確性及評估 |
| 貴集團使用撥備矩陣按 | 歷史虧損率及歷史 |
| 等於存續期預期信用損 | 過渡率是否於預期 |
| 失(「預期信用損失」)的 | 信用損失模式中妥 |
| 金額計量合同資產及貿 | 善應用; |
| 易應收款的虧損撥備, | |
| 這涉及在估計虧損率及 | • 比較單個項目樣本 |
| 債務人的專門因素作出 | 與相關文件,評估 |
| 調整及於報告日期的當 | 合同資產及貿易應 |
| 前及預測整體經濟狀況 | 收款賬齡報告中的 |
| 時作出重大管理層判 | 項目是否準確分 |
| 前 F 山 主 八 6 垤 個 万 斷。 | 類;及 |
| 1 1 1 | XX ' IX |
| 吾等識別合同資產及貿 | • 參考現行會計準則 |
| る應收款虧損撥備為關 | 的規定,評估合併 |
| 鍵審計事項,原因為報 | 財務報表中的相關 |
| 告期末的結餘重大以及 | 披露。 |
| 確認預期信用損失本身 | 11人 正台 |
| ^曜 応原新信用預入本身 具有主觀性及須行使重 | |
| 兵有土街止反須11 反重 大管理層判斷。 | |
| 八日圩眉力劑。 | |

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

合併財務報表及其核數師報告以外的資 料

董事需對其他資料負責。其他資料包括刊 載於年報內的全部資料,但不包括合併財 務報表及吾等的核數師報告。

吾等對合併財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 資料,吾等亦不對該等其他資料發表任何 形式的鑒證結論。

結合吾等對合併財務報表的審計,吾等的 責任是閱讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮 其他資料是否與合併財務報表或吾等在審 計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者 似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於吾等已執行的工作,倘吾等認為其他 資料存在重大錯誤陳述,吾等需要報告該 事實。就此而言,吾等沒有任何報告。

董事就合併財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據國際會計準則理事會頒佈 的國際財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披 露要求編製真實而公允之合併財務報表, 並對其認為使合併財務報表的編製不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所 需的內部控制負責。

在編製合併財務報表時,董事負責評估貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披 露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續 經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將貴集團 清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代 方案。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督貴集團的財 務報告過程的責任。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核合併財務報表承擔的責任

吾等的目標,是對合併財務報表整體是否 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括吾等意見 的核數師報告。吾等僅向整體股東報告。 除此以外,吾等的報告不可用作其他用 途。吾等概不就本報告的內容,對任何其 他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按 照香港審計準則進行的審計,在某一重大 錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以 由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單 獨或匯總起來可能影響合併財務報表使用 者依賴財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有 關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中, 吾等運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態 度。吾等亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致合
 併財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對該等
 風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為吾等意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對貴集 團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

核數師就審核合併財務報表承擔的責任 (續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當 性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑 證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關 的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對貴 集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。 倘吾等認為存在重大不確定性,則有 必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意 合併財務報中的相關披露。假若有關 的披露不足,我們應當發表非無保留 意見。吾等的結論是基於核數師報告 日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來 事項或情況可能導致貴集團不能持續 經營。
- 評價合併財務報表的整體列報方式、
 結構和內容,包括披露,以及合併財
 務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對合併財務報表發表意見。吾等負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。吾 等為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,吾等與審核委員會溝通了 計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發 現等,包括吾等在審計中識別出內部控制 的任何重大缺陷。

吾等亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明吾等 已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與彼等溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響 吾等獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及 在適用的情況下,相關的防範措施。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is YU Wai Sum.

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

29 March 2019

核數師就審核合併財務報表承擔的責任 (續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,吾等確定 哪些事項對本期合併財務報表的審計最為 重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。吾等在核 數師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律法規 不允許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見 的情況下,如果合理預期在吾等報告中溝 通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾 利益,吾等決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人 是余慧心。

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港中環 遮打道十號 太子大廈八樓

2019年3月29日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 合併損益表

(Expressed in Renminbi ("RMB")) For the year ended 31 December 2018 (以人民幣(「人民幣」)為單位) 截至2018年12月31日止年度

| | | Note 附註 | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i> |
|--|----------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Revenue | 收入 | 4 | 4,615,704 | 5,688,650 |
| Cost of sales | 銷售成本 | | (3,714,701) | (4,439,731) |
| Gross profit | 毛利 | | 901,003 | 1,248,919 |
| Other income | 其他收入 | 5 | 172,741 | 108,949 |
| Selling expenses | 銷售費用 | | (91,112) | (95,217) |
| Administrative expenses | 行政開支 | | (565,949) | (971,578) |
| Expected credit losses of financial and contract assets | 金融資產及合同資產之 預期信用損失 | 2(c)(i) | (193,754) | _ |
| Profit from operations | 經營利潤 | | 222,929 | 291,073 |
| Finance costs | 融資成本 | 6(a) | (68,767) | (232,801) |
| Profit before taxation | 税前利潤 | 6 | 154,162 | 58,272 |
| Income tax | 所得税 | 7 | (65,991) | 27,457 |
| Profit for the year | 年內利潤 | | 88,171 | 85,729 |
| Attributable to: | 以下人士應佔: | | | |
| Equity shareholders of the Company | | | 79,119 | 60,652 |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股權益 | | 9,052 | 25,077 |
| Profit for the year | 年內利潤 | | 88,171 | 85,729 |
| Earnings per share (RMB cents) | 每股盈利 (人民幣分) | | | |
| - Basic and diluted | 一基本及攤薄 | 11 | 1.27 | 0.98 |

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c).

附註:本集團於2018年1月1日首次應用國際財務 報告準則第15號及國際財務報告準則第9 號。根據所選擇的過渡方法,比較資料不 予重列。有關詳情請參閱附註2(c)。

The notes on pages 123 to 287 form part of these financial statements. Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in Note 27(b).

第123頁至第287頁之附註為此等財務報表 之一部分。應付本公司股東應佔年內利潤 之股息詳情載於附註27(b)。

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 合併損益及其他全面收益表

(Expressed in RMB) For the year ended 31 December 2018 (以人民幣為單位) 截至2018年12月31日止年度

| | | | 0010 | 0017 |
|---|---|------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| | | Note 附註 | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i> |
| Profit for the year | 年內利潤 | | 88,171 | 85,729 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year (after tax and reclassification adjustments): | 年內其他全面收益 (除税及重新分類 調整後): | 10 | | |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: – Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of the Company and certain subsidiaries | 其後可重新分類至 損益的項目: 一換算本公司及 若干附屬公司 財務報表為呈列 貨幣的匯兑差額 | | | 04.000 |
| into presentation currency – Cash flow hedge: net movement in the hedging reserve | -現金流量對沖: 對沖儲備變動淨額 | | (17,017) (1,221) | 94,903 9,981 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | 年內其他全面收益 | | (18,238) | 104,884 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 年內全面收益總額 | | 69,933 | 190,613 |
| Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests | 以下人士應佔 : 本公司股東 非控股權益 | | 58,345 11,588 | 183,615 6,998 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 年內全面收益總額 | | 69,933 | 190,613 |

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c).

附註:本集團於2018年1月1日首次應用國際財務 報告準則第15號及國際財務報告準則第9 號。根據所選擇的過渡方法,比較資料不 予重列。有關詳情請參閱附註2(c)。

The notes on pages 123 to 287 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 合併財務狀況表

(Expressed in RMB) At 31 December 2018 (以人民幣為單位) 於2018年12月31日

| | | | 2018 | 2017 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------|--------------|-----------|
| | | | 018年 | 2017年 |
| | | Note | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 附註 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | MJ HL | 八氏市 九 | (Note) |
| | | | | (附註) |
| | | | | (11) 41 |
| Non-current assets | 非流動資產 | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 物業、廠房及設備 | 12 | 427,829 | 617,302 |
| Lease prepayments | 預付租金 | 13 | 368,358 | 600,490 |
| Deferred tax assets | 遞延税項資產 | 25(c) | 558,844 | 454,312 |
| | | (-) | | |
| | | | 1,355,031 | 1,672,104 |
| Current assets | 流動資產 | | | |
| Inventories and other contract costs | 存貨及其他合同成本 | 15 | 407,125 | 277,198 |
| Contract assets | 合同資產 | 16 | 2,831,703 | - |
| Gross amount due from customers | 應收客戶合同 | | | |
| for contract work | 工程款總額 | 16 | - | 4,027,183 |
| Trade and bills receivables | 貿易應收款及應收票據 | 17 | 2,838,648 | 3,035,194 |
| Deposits, prepayments and | 按金、預付款及 | | | |
| other receivables | 其他應收款 | 18 | 789,864 | 663,842 |
| Cash on hand and in bank | 手頭現金及銀行存款 | 19(a) | 1,702,751 | 1,805,591 |
| Assets classified as held for sale | 分類為持作出售資產 | 20 | 136,241 | - |
| | | | 8,706,332 | 9,809,008 |
| Ourmont lichilities | 达到台店 | | | |
| Current liabilities | 流動負債 | 01 | 0.000.000 | 0.014.050 |
| Trade and bills payables | 貿易應付款及應付票據 | 21 | 2,998,632 | 3,314,858 |
| Contract liabilities | 合同負債 | 16 | 881,998 | _ |
| Gross amount due to customers | 應付客戶合同 | 10 | | 001 455 |
| for contract work | 工程款總額 | 16 | - | 891,455 |
| Receipts in advance | 預收款項 | | - | 16,282 |
| Accrued expenses and | 應計開支及其他應付款 | 00 | 500.000 | 501 000 |
| other payables | 4月7月1代14月 | 22 | 592,280 | 591,806 |
| Bank loans | 銀行貸款 | 23(a) | 2,287,877 | 2,222,000 |
| Income tax payable | 應付所得税 | 25(a) | 224,084 | 211,528 |
| Provision for warranties | 保修撥備 | 26 | 63,365 | 52,277 |
| | | | 7,048,236 | 7,300,206 |
| Net current assets | 流動資產淨值 | | 1,658,096 | 2,508,802 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | 總資產減流動負債 | | 3,013,127 | 4,180,906 |
| | | | | |

The notes on pages 123 to 287 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (continued) 合併財務狀況表(續)

(Expressed in RMB) At 31 December 2018 (以人民幣為單位) 於2018年12月31日

| | | | 2018 2018年 | 2017 2017年 |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-------|---------------|---------------|
| | | Note | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 附註 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | | (Note) |
| | | | | (附註) |
| Non-current liabilities | 非流動負債 | | | |
| Bank loans | 銀行貸款 | 23(b) | 61,769 | 721,551 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 遞延税項負債 | 25(c) | 2,858 | 3,971 |
| Provision for warranties | 保修撥備 | 26 | 240,373 | 257,118 |
| | | | 305,000 | 982,640 |
| NET ASSETS | 淨資產 | | 2,708,127 | 3,198,266 |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | 資本及儲備 | 27 | | |
| Share capital | 股本 | | 519,723 | 519,723 |
| Reserves | 儲備 | | 2,188,404 | 2,817,332 |
| Total equity attributable to equity | 本公司股東應佔總權益 | | | |
| shareholders of the Company | | | 2,708,127 | 3,337,055 |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股權益 | | - | (138,789) |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 總權益 | | 2,708,127 | 3,198,266 |

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 March 2019.

| Kang Baohua | Wang Hao |
|---------------------|----------|
| 康寶華 | 王昊 |
| Director (Chairman) | Director |
| 董事(主席) | 董事 |

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c).

附註:本集團於2018年1月1日首次應用國際財務 報告準則第15號及國際財務報告準則第9 號。根據所選擇的過渡方法,比較資料不 予重列。有關詳情請參閱附註2(c)。

董事會於2019年3月29日批准及授權刊發。

The notes on pages 123 to 287 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 合併權益變動表

(Expressed in RMB) For the year ended 31 December 2018 (以人民幣為單位) 截至2018年12月31日止年度

| | | Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|--|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| | | | | | 本公司股東應 | 佔 | | | | _ | | |
| | | | Shares | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | held | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | under | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | share | | PRC | | | | | Non- | | |
| | Share | Share | award | Other | statutory | Exchange | Hedging | Retained | | controlling | Total | |
| | capital | premium | scheme | reserve | reserves | reserve | reserve | profits | Total | interests | equity | |
| | | | 根據股份 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 獎勵計劃 | | 中國法定 | | | | | 非控股 | | |
| | 股本 | 股份溢價 | 持有股份 | 其他儲備 | 儲備 | 匯兑儲備 | 對沖儲備 | 保留利潤 | 總計 | 權益 | 總權益 | |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | |
| | | (Note 27 | (Note 27 | (Note 27 | (Note 27 | (Note 27 | (Note 27 | | | | | |
| | (Note 27(c)) | (d)(i)) | (d)(ii)) | (d)(iii)) | (d)(iv)) | (d)(v)) | (d)(vi)) | | | | | |
| | | (附註27 | (附註27 | (附註27 | (附註27 | (附註27 | (附註27 | | | | | |
| | (附註27(c)) | (d)(i)) | (d)(ii)) | (d)(iii)) | (d)(iv)) | (0)(v)) | (d)(vi)) | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2017 於2017年1月1日之結餘 | 519,723 | 574,047 | (210) | 189,698 | 368,869 | (110,964) | (8,760) | 1,621,037 | 3,153,440 | (145,787) | 3,007,653 | |
| Changes in equity for 2017: 2017年之權益變動: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Profit for the year 年內利潤 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 60,652 | 60,652 | 25,077 | 85,729 | |
| Other comprehensive income 其他全面收益 | - | - | - | - | - | 112,982 | 9,981 | - | 122,963 | (18,079) | 104,884 | |
| Total comprehensive income 全面收益總額 | - | - | - | - | - | 112,982 | 9,981 | 60,652 | 183,615 | 6,998 | 190,613 | |
| Appropriation to reserves 分配至儲備 | - | - | - | - | 24,337 | - | - | (24,337) | - | - | - | |
| Balance at 31 December 2017 於2017年12月31日 (Note) 之結餘(附註) | 519,723 | 574,047 | (210) | 189,698 | 393,206 | 2,018 | 1,221 | 1,657,352 | 3,337,055 | (138,789) | 3,198,266 | |

Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c).

附註:本集團於2018年1月1日首次應用國際財務 報告準則第15號及國際財務報告準則第9 號。根據所選擇的過渡方法,比較資料不 予重列。有關詳情請參閱附註2(c)。

The notes on pages 123 to 287 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (continued) 合併權益變動表(續)

(Expressed in RMB) For the year ended 31 December 2018 (以人民幣為單位) 截至2018年12月31日止年度

| | | Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company 本公司股東應佔 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | Shares held under share award scheme | held under share award | PRC | | | | | Non- | |
| | | Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 27 | 根據股份 獎勵計劃 持有股份 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 27 | Other reserve 其他儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 27 | reserves 中國法定 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 27 | Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 27 | Hedging reserve 對沖儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 27 | Retained profits 保留利潤 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | interests 非控股 權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total equity 總權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | | | | | | |
| | | (Note 27(c)) (<i>附註27(c))</i> | (Note 27 (d)(i)) (附註27 (d)(i)) | (d)(ii)) (附註27 (d)(ii)) | (Note 27 (d)(iii)) (附註27 (d)(iii)) | (Note 27 (d)(iv)) (附註 27 (d)(iv)) | (Note 27 (d)(v)) (附註27 (d)(v)) | (d)(vi)) (附註27 (d)(vi)) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 31 December 2017 (Note) | 於2017年12月31日 的結餘 <i>(附註)</i> | 519,723 | 574,047 | (210) | 189,698 | 393,206 | 2,018 | 1,221 | 1,657,352 | 3,337,055 | (138,789) | 3,198,266 | | | | | | |
| Impact on initial application of IFRS 15 (Note 2(c)(ii)) Impact on initial application of | 初次應用國際財務報告 準則第15號的影響 <i>(附註2(0例)</i> 初次應用國際財務報告 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (96,517) | (96,517) | (2,725) | (99,242) | | | | | | |
| IFRS 9 (Note 2(c)(i)) | 準則第9號的影響 <i>(附註2(c)(1)</i> | | - | - | - | - | - | | (456,844) | (456,844) | (3,986) | (460,830) | | | | | | |
| Adjusted balance at 1 January 2018 | 於2018年1月1日 之經調整結餘 | 519,723 | 574,047 | (210) | 189,698 | 393,206 | 2,018 | 1,221 | 1,103,991 | 2,783,694 | (145,500) | 2,638,194 | | | | | | |
| Changes in equity for 2018: Profit for the year Other comprehensive income | 2018年之權益變動 : 年內利潤 其他全面收益 | - | - | - | - | | - (19,553) | - (1,221) | 79,119 | 79,119 (20,774) | 9,052 2,536 | 88,171 (18,238) | | | | | | |
| Total comprehensive income | 全面收益總額 | - | - | - | - | - | (19,553) | (1,221) | 79,119 | 58,345 | 11,588 | 69,933 | | | | | | |
| Acquisition of non-controlling interests (Note 14) Appropriation to reserves | 收購非控股權益 <i>(附註14)</i> 分配至儲備 | - | - | - | (133,912) - | - 26,925 | - | - | - (26,925) | (133,912) - | 133,912 | - | | | | | | |
| | | - | - | - | (133,912) | 26,925 | - | - | (26,925) | (133,912) | 133,912 | - | | | | | | |
| Balance at 31 December 2018 | 於 2018年12月31 日之結餘 | 519,723 | 574,047 | (210) | 55,786 | 420,131 | (17,535) | - | 1,156,185 | 2,708,127 | - | 2,708,127 | | | | | | |

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c).

附註:本集團於2018年1月1日首次應用國際財務 報告準則第15號及國際財務報告準則第9 號。根據所選擇的過渡方法,比較資料不 予重列。有關詳情請參閱附註2(c)。

The notes on pages 123 to 287 form part of these financial statements.

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Consolidated Cash Flow Statement 合併現金流量表

(Expressed in RMB) For the year ended 31 December 2018 (以人民幣為單位) 截至2018年12月31日止年度

| | | | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-------------|---------|---------------|-----------|
| | | | 2018 年 | 2017年 |
| | | Note | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 附註 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | TIJ HLL | | (Note) |
| | | | | (附註) |
| | | | | (1) 41 / |
| Operating activities 經 | 逐營活動 | | | |
| | 前利潤 | | 154,162 | 58,272 |
| | 周整項目: | | | , |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 折舊及攤銷 | 6(c) | 52,471 | 59,404 |
| Interest income | 利息收入 | 6(a) | (4,797) | (4,749) |
| Interest expenses and other | 利息開支及其他 | | | |
| borrowing costs | 借貸成本 | 6(a) | 173,027 | 169,804 |
| Net gain on disposal of property, | 出售物業、廠房及 | | | , |
| plant and equipment, land use | 設備、土地使用權 | | | |
| rights and assets classified as | 以及分類為持作出售 | | | |
| held for sale | 資產收益淨額 | 5 | (147,893) | (98,383) |
| Changes in working capital: 營 | 資金變動: | | | |
| Decrease in inventories and | 存貨及其他合同成本 | | | |
| other contract costs | 減少 | | 25,221 | 80,740 |
| Decrease in contract assets/gross | 合同資產/ | | | |
| amount due from customers for | 應收客戶合同工程款 | | | |
| contract work | 總額減少 | | 758,051 | 970,959 |
| (Increase)/decrease in trade and | 貿易應收款及應收票據 | | | |
| bills receivables | (增加)/減少 | | (172,795) | 78,846 |
| Increase in deposits, prepayments | 按金、預付款及 | | | |
| and other receivables | 其他應收款增加 | | (113,450) | (10,442) |
| Decrease in trade and bills payables | 貿易應付款及應付 | | | |
| | 票據減少 | | (341,890) | (664,542) |
| Decrease in contract liabilities/gross | 合同負債/應付客戶 | | | |
| amount due to customers for | 合同工程款總額 | | | |
| contract work and receipts | 及預收款項減少 | | | |
| in advance | | | (89,538) | (401,367) |
| Decrease in accrued expenses and | 應計開支及其他 | | | |
| other payables | 應付款減少 | | (199,418) | (160,392) |
| (Decrease)/increase in provision | | | | |
| for warranties | 保修撥備(減少)/增加 | | | |

The notes on pages 123 to 287 form part of these financial statements.



Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued) 合併現金流量表(續)

(Expressed in RMB) For the year ended 31 December 2018 (以人民幣為單位) 截至2018年12月31日止年度

| | | Note 附註 | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i> |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Cash generated from operations | 經營所得現金 | | 88,903 | 113,375 |
| Income tax paid Income tax refund | 已付所得税 所得税退款 | 25(a) 25(a) | (12,675) 21,971 | (27,763) _ |
| Net cash generated from operating activities | 經營活動所得現金淨額 | | 98,199 | 85,612 |
| Investing activities | 投資活動 | | | |
| Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment and land | 購買物業、廠房及設備 以及土地使用權付款 | | | |
| use rights Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment and land | 出售物業、廠房及設備 以及土地使用權之 | | (10,547) | (2,694) |
| use rights Proceeds from disposal of assets | 所得款項 出售分類為持作出售 | | 118,302 | 102,474 |
| classifieds as held for sale | 資產所得款項 | | 100,000 | - |
| Payments for time deposits with a maturity of over three months | 已收利息 到期日超過三個月之 定期存款付款 | | 4,797 | 6,249 (51,559) |
| Net cash generated from investing activities | 投資活動所得 現金淨額 | | 212,552 | 54,470 |

The notes on pages 123 to 287 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (continued) 合併現金流量表(續)

(Expressed in RMB) For the year ended 31 December 2018 (以人民幣為單位) 截至2018年12月31日止年度

| | | Note 附註 | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i> |
|--|--|------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Financing activities | 融資活動 | | | |
| Proceeds from new bank and other | 新增銀行及其他貸款 | | | |
| loans | 所得款項 | 19(b) | 2,180,718 | 3,605,551 |
| Repayment of bank loans | 償還銀行貸款 | 19(b) | (2,565,697) | (4,222,000) |
| Net decrease in advances | 收取本公司最終股東及 | | | |
| received from the Controlling | 受其控制公司墊款 | | | |
| Shareholder of the Company and | 減少淨額 | 10/1) | | |
| the companies under his control | 支付定期存款作為 | 19(b) | - | (219) |
| Payments for time deposits to secure the bank loan | 我行貸款的抵押 | | (173,000) | _ |
| Borrowing costs paid | 已付借貸成本 | 19(b) | (168,344) | (170,970) |
| Net cash used in | 融資活動所用現金淨額 | | | |
| financing activities | 慨貝 | | (726,323) | (787,638) |
| | | | | |
| Net decrease in cash and cash | 現金及現金等價物 | | | |
| equivalents | 減少淨額 | | (415,572) | (647,556) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January | 於1月1日的現金及 現金等價物 | 19(a) | 1,708,772 | 2,362,694 |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate | ⁻ | 19(a) | 1,700,772 | 2,302,094 |
| changes | 7 中陸中交到1177日 | | 6,210 | (6,366) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at | 於 12 月31日的現金 | | | |
| 31 December | 及現金等價物 | 19(a) | 1,299,410 | 1,708,772 |
| | | | | |

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c).

附註:本集團於2018年1月1日首次應用國際財務 報告準則第15號及國際財務報告準則第9 號。根據所選擇的過渡方法,比較資料不 予重列。有關詳情請參閱附註2(c)。

The notes on pages 123 to 287 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Yuanda China Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 26 February 2010 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The shares of the Company were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 17 May 2011. The consolidated financial statements of the Company comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"). The principal activities of the Group are the design, procurement, production, sale and installation of curtain wall systems.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and related Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB"). These financial statements also comply with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 2(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

1 公司資料

遠大中國控股有限公司(「本公司」)於 2010年2月26日根據開曼群島公司 法第22章(1961年第三號法例,經綜 合及修訂)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲 豁免有限公司。本公司股份於2011年 5月17日在香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)上市。本公司的合併財務 報表包含本公司及其附屬公司(統稱 「本集團」)的資料。本集團的主要業 務為設計、採購、生產、銷售及安裝 幕牆系統。

2 重大會計政策

(a) 合規聲明

此等財務報表乃根據所有適用 的國際財務報告準則(「國際財 務報告準則」),其集合條款包 括國際會計準則理事會(「國際 會計準則理事會」)頒佈的所有 適用個別國際財務報告準則、 國際會計準則(「國際會計準則、 財務報表亦符合香港公司條例 財務報表亦符合香港公司條例 期(「上市規則」)的適用披露 則(「上市規則」)的適用披露 文。本集團所採納重大會計政 策概述如下。

國際會計準則理事會已頒佈若 干新訂及經修訂的國際財務報 告準則,此等準則將於本集團 當前會計期間首次生效或可提 早採納。首次應用該等與本可提 早採納。首次應用該等與本集 團有關的國際財務報告準則所 引致當前及過往會計期間的任 何會計政策變動已反映於此等 財務報表,有關資料載列於附 註2(c)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except for derivative financial instruments which are stated at their fair values (see Note 2(e)).

The Company has its functional currency in Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"). As majority of the Group's operation are conducted by the subsidiaries of the Group in mainland China, the consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB").

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of IFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in Note 3.

重大會計政策(續)

2

(b) 財務報表的編製基準

編製財務報表以歷史成本為計 量基準,惟衍生金融工具乃按 其公允價值列賬(見附註2(e))。

本公司功能貨幣為港元(「港 元」)。由於本集團大部分業務 由本集團中國內地附屬公司進 行,故合併財務報表乃以人民 幣(「人民幣」)呈列。

財務報表乃與國際財務報告準 則一致編製,其規定管理層作 出影響政策應用及資產、負 債、收入及開支的申報金額的 判斷、估計及假設。此等最 及相關假設乃按過往經驗及多 項其他相信按情況下屬於合理 的因素得出,其結果館的 人工 有關不可自其他來源即時得出 的資產及負債賬面值的判斷的 基準。實際結果可能與此等估 計有所不同。

此等估計及相關假設乃按持續 基準審閱。會計估計的修訂乃 於對估計作出修訂期間確認(倘 該修訂僅影響該期間)或於修訂 期間及未來期間確認(倘該修訂 影響當前及未來期間)。

管理層於應用國際財務報告準 則時所作出對財務報表及估計 不明朗性主要來源有重大影響 的判斷乃於附註3內討論。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Changes in accounting policies

The IASB has issued a number of new IFRSs and amendments to IFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group. Of these, the following developments are relevant to the Group's financial statements:

- IFRS 9, Financial instruments
- IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers
- IFRIC 22, Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration

Except for IFRS 9 and IFRS 15, none of the other developments has had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented in these financial statements. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

The Group has been impacted by IFRS 9 in relation to measurement of credit losses, and impacted by IFRS 15 in relation to satisfaction of performance obligations, contract modifications, and presentation of contract assets and contract liabilities. Details of the changes in accounting policies are discussed in Note 2(c)(i) for IFRS 9 and Note 2(c)(ii) for IFRS 15.

Under the transition methods chosen, the Group recognises cumulative effect of the initial application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2018. Comparative information is not restated. The following table gives a summary of the opening balance adjustments recognised for each line item in the consolidated statement of financial position that has been impacted by IFRS 9 and/or IFRS 15:

- **2** 重大會計政策(續)
 - (c) 會計政策的變動

國際會計準則理事會已頒佈多 項於本集團當期會計期間首次 生效的新訂國際財務報告準則 及國際財務報告準則的修訂。 其中以下變更與本集團財務報 表相關:

- 國際財務報告準則第9
 號, *金融工具*
- 國際財務報告準則第15 號,*源自客戶合同的收入*
- 國際財務報告詮釋第22
 號,外幣交易及預付對價

除國際財務報告準則第9號及國際財務報告準則第15號外,該 等修訂對本集團於當期或過往 期間之業績及財務狀況在本財 務報表中的編製或呈列方式概 無重大影響。本集團於本會計 期間並無應用任何尚未生效的 新訂準則或詮釋。

本集團在信用損失的計量方面 受國際財務報告準則第9號影響,並在履行履約責任、合同 修改及合同資產及合同負債的 呈列方面受國際財務報告準則 第15號影響。會計政策的變動 詳情於附註2(c)(i)(就國際財務報 告準則第9號而言)及附註2(c)(ii) (就國際財務報告準則第15號而 言)論述。

根據所選擇的過渡方法,本集團 將首次應用國際財務報告準則第 9號及國際財務報告準則第15號 的累計影響確認為於2018年1月 1日的期初權益結餘調整。並無 重列比較資料。下表載列就綜合 財務狀況表中受國際財務報告準 則第9號及/或國際財務報告準 則第15號影響的各項目確認的 期初結餘調整概要:

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

重大會計政策(續)

2

Imnact on

(c) Changes in accounting policies *(continued)*

(c) 會計政策的變動*(續)*

| | | At 31 December 2017 於2017年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Impact on initial application of IFRS 9 首次應用國際 財務報告準則 第9號的影響 | I Inpact on initial application of IFRS 15 | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| | | | Expected credit loss 預期信用損失 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 2(c)(i)) (附註2(c)(i)) | Satisfaction of performance obligations 履行履約責任 RMB'000 人民幣千元 Note 2(c)(ii) (附註2(c)(iii)) | Contract modifications 合同修改 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 2(c)间) (<i>附註2(c)间)</i> (| Presentation of contract assets and liabilities 合同資產及 合同負債的呈列 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 2(c)(ii)) (附註2(c)(iii)) | At 1 January 2018 於2018年 1月1日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Deferred tax assets Total non-current assets | 遞延税項資產 非流動資產總值 | 454,312 1,672,104 | 143,522 143,522 | 9,070 9,070 | - | - | 606,904 1,824,696 |
| Inventories and other contract costs Contract assets Gross amount due from | 存貨及其他合同成本 合同資產 應收客戶合同工程款總額 | 277,198 | - | 155,148 - | - | - 3,578,362 | 432,346 3,578,362 |
| customers for contract work Trade and bills receivables | 貿易應收款及應收票據 | 4,027,183 3,035,194 | (241,900) (362,452) | (121,061) (6,889) | (85,860) | (3,578,362) | - 2,665,853 |
| Total current assets Contract liabilities Gross amount due to customers | 流動資產總值 合同負債 應付客戶合同工程款總額 | 9,809,008 _ | (604,352) _ | 27,198 _ | (85,860) _ | - 971,536 | 9,145,994 971,536 |
| for contract work Receipts in advance | 預收款項 | 891,455 16,282 | - | 62,653 814 | 332 | (954,440) (17,096) | - |
| Income tax payable Total current liabilities | 應付所得税 流動負債總額 | 211,528 7,300,206 | - | (1,220) 62,247 | (12,929) (12,597) | - | 197,379 7,349,856 |
| Net current assets Total assets less | 流動資產淨值 總資產減流動負債 | 2,508,802 | (604,352) | (35,049) | (73,263) | - | 1,796,138 |
| current liabilities Net assets Reserves | 資產淨值 | 4,180,906 3,198,266 | (460,830) (460,830) (456,844) | (25,979) (25,979) (23,254) | (73,263) (73,263) (72,263) | - | 3,620,834 2,638,194 2,263,971 |
| Total equity attributable to equity shareholders | 儲備 本公司股東應佔總權益 | 2,817,332 | | (23,254) | (73,263) | - | |
| of the Company Non-controlling interests Total equity | 非控股權益 總權益 | 3,337,055 (138,789) 3,198,266 | (456,844) (3,986) (460,830) | (23,254) (2,725) (25,979) | (73,263) - (73,263) | - | 2,783,694 (145,500) 2,638,194 |

Further details of these changes are set out in subsections (i) and (ii) of this note. 有關該等變動的進一步詳情載 於本附註(i)及(ii)分節。

2

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

(i) IFRS 9, Financial instruments

IFRS 9 replaces IAS 39, *Financial instruments: recognition and measurement*. It sets out the requirements for recognising and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and some contracts to buy or sell non-financial items.

The Group has applied IFRS 9 retrospectively to items that existed at 1 January 2018 in accordance with the transition requirements. The Group has recognised the cumulative effect of initial application as an adjustment to the opening equity at 1 January 2018. Therefore, comparative information continues to be reported under IAS 39.

The following table summarises the impact of transition to IFRS 9 on retained earnings and reserves and the related tax impact at 1 January 2018.

重大會計政策(續)

(c) 會計政策的變動(續)

(i) 國際財務報告準則第9 號,金融工具

國際財務報告準則第9號 取代國際會計準則第39 號, *金融工具:確認及計 量*。其就有關確認及計量 金融資產、金融負債及買 賣非金融項目的部分合同 作出規定。

本集團已根據過渡要求對 2018年1月1日存在的項 目追溯應用國際財務報告 準則第9號。本集團已將 首次應用的累計影響確認 為於2018年1月1日期初 權益的調整。因此,繼續 根據國際會計準則第39號 呈報比較資料。

下表概述過渡至國際財務 報告準則第9號對2018年 1月1日的保留盈利及儲備 的影響及相關税務影響。

RMB'000

人民幣千元

Retained earnings

Recognition of additional expected credit losses on:

- Financial assets measured at amortised cost
- Contract assets

Related tax

Net decrease in retained earnings at 1 January 2018

Non-controlling interests

Decrease in non-controlling interests at 1 January 2018 due to recognition of additional expected credit losses (after tax) on financial assets measured at amortised cost and contract assets

保留盈利

就以下各項確認額外預期信用損失:

| (360,506) |
|-----------|
| (238,887) |
| 142,549 |
| |
| (456,844) |
| |
| |
| |

A就投與朝风平計里的亚融 資產及合同資產確認額外 預期信用損失(税後)導致 於2018年1月1日 非控股權益減少

(3,986)

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (c) Changes in accounting policies (continued)
 - (i) IFRS 9, Financial instruments (continued)

Further details of the nature and effect of the changes to previous accounting policies and the transition approach are set out below:

a. Credit losses

IFRS 9 replaces the "incurred loss" model in IAS 39 with the expected credit loss (the "ECL") model. The ECL model requires an ongoing measurement of credit risk associated with a financial asset and therefore recognises ECLs earlier than under the "incurred loss" accounting model in IAS 39.

The Group applies the new ECL model to the following items:

 financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash on hand and in bank, trade and bills receivables and deposits and other receivables);

重大會計政策(續)

2

- (c) 會計政策的變動(續)
 - (i) 國際財務報告準則第9 號,金融工具(續)

過往會計政策變動的性質 及影響以及過渡方法的進 一步詳情載列如下:

a. 信用損失

本集團將新的預期 信用損失模型應用 至以下項目:

按攤的金括銀子
 按攤的包括銀子
 按進的包括銀馬
 一次設置
 一次設置</l

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| SIG | NIFIC | CANT | ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) | 2 | 重大 | (會計政策) | (續) |
|-----|-------|--------|--|---|-----|--------|--|
| (C) | Cha | nges i | n accounting policies (continued) | | (C) | 會計政策 | 的變動(續) |
| | (i) | IFR | 9, Financial instruments (continued) | | | ., | 祭財務報告準則第9 金融工具(續) |
| | | a. | Credit losses (continued) | | | a. | 信用損失(續) |
| | | | contract assets as defined in IFRS15 (see Note 2(l)). | | | | 國際財務報告 準則第15號 所定義的合同 資產(見附註 2(1))。 |
| | | | Derivative financial instruments measured at fair value are not subject to the ECL assessment. | | | | 按公允價值計量的 衍生金融工具毋須 進行預期信用損失 評估。 |
| | | | For further details on the Group's accounting policy for accounting for credit losses, see Note 2(j)(i). | | | | 有關本集團信用損 失的會計政策之進 一步詳情,請參閲 附註2(j)(j)。 |
| | | | Opening balance adjustment | | | | 期初結餘調整 |
| | | | As a result of this change in accounting policy, the Group has recognised additional ECLs amounting to RMB604.3 million, which decreased retained earnings by RMB456.8 million and non-controlling interests by RMB4.0 million and increased gross deferred tax assets by RMB143.5 million at 1 January 2018. | | | | 由於該會計政策變 動,於2018年1月1 日,本集團已確認額 外預期信用損失人民 幣604.3百萬元,其 中保留盈利減少人民 幣456.8百萬元及非 控股權益減少人民幣 4.0百萬元,以及遞 延税項資產總值增加 人民幣143.5百萬元。 |

2

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2
 - Changes in accounting policies *(continued)* (C)
 - IFRS 9, Financial instruments (continued) (i)
 - Credit losses (continued) а.

Opening balance adjustment (continued)

The following table reconciles the closing loss allowance determined in accordance with IAS 39 as at 31 December 2017 with the opening loss allowance determined in accordance with IFRS 9 as at 1 January 2018.

重大會計政策(續)

2

- 會計政策的變動(續) (C)
 - 國際財務報告準則第9 (i) 金融工具(續) 號
 - 信用損失(續) а.

期初結餘調整(續)

下表就於2017年12 月31日根據國際會 計準則第39號釐定 的期末虧損撥備於 2018年1月1日根據 國際財務報告準則 第9號釐定的期初虧 損撥備進行對賬。

RMB'000

人民幣千元

| Loss allowance at 31 December 2017 | 於2017年12月31日根據 | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| under IAS 39 | 國際會計準則第39號釐定 | |
| | 的虧損撥備 | 1,480,051 |
| Additional credit losses recognised | 於2018年1月1日確認的額外 | |
| at 1 January 2018 on: | 信用損失: | |
| - Trade and bills receivables | 一貿易應收款及應收票據 | 362,452 |
| - Contract assets recognised | - 採納國際財務報告準則 | |
| on adoption of IFRS 15 | 第15號確認的合同資產 | 241,900 |
| Loss allowance at 1 January 2018 | 於2018年1月1日根據國際 | |
| under IFRS 9 | 財務報告準則第9號釐定 | |
| | 的虧損撥備 | 2,084,403 |
| | | |

2

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (c) Changes in accounting policies (continued)
 - (i) IFRS 9, Financial instruments (continued)
 - a. Credit losses (continued)

Presentation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss

IAS 1, Presentation of financial statements (as amended by IFRS 9) requires the expected credit losses as determined under IFRS 9 to be presented as a separated item on the face of the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses under IAS 39 for the year ended 31 December 2017 was included in "Administrative expenses".

b. Hedge accounting

The Group has elected to adopt the new general hedge accounting model in IFRS 9. Depending on the complexity of the hedge, this new accounting model allows a more qualitative approach to assessing hedge effectiveness compared to IAS 39 to be applied, and the assessment is always forward-looking. The adoption of IFRS 9 has not had a significant impact on the Group's financial statements in this regard.

- **重大會計政策**(續)
 - (c) 會計政策的變動(續)
 - (i) 國際財務報告準則第9
 號,金融工具(續)
 - a. 信用損失(續)

於合併損益表內的 呈列

國際會計準則第1號 呈列財務報表(經國 際財務報表準則第9 號修訂)要求根期第9 號修訂)要求根則了 9號查定列為項目。 了一時一個一個一個一個一個 了一個一個一個一個 第39號計入「行政開 支」。

b. 對沖會計處理

本集團已選擇採納 國際財務報告準則 第9號中新的一般對 沖會計模型。視乎 對沖的複雜程度, 新的對沖會計模型 與國際會計準則第 39號相比,為評估 對沖有效性提供了 更為定性的方法, 且評估更具前瞻 性。在此方面,採 納國際財務報告準 則第9號並無對本集 團的財務報表造成 重大影響。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (c) Changes in accounting policies *(continued)*
 - (i) IFRS 9, Financial instruments (continued)
 - b. Hedge accounting (continued)

For an explanation of how the Group applies hedge accounting, see Note 2(f).

c. Transition

Changes in accounting policies resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9 have been applied retrospectively, except as described below:

Information relating to comparative periods has not been restated. Differences in the carrying amounts of financial assets resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9 are recognised in retained earnings and reserves as at 1 January 2018. Accordingly, the information presented for 2017 continues to be reported under IAS 39 and thus may not be comparable with the current period.

重大會計政策(續)

2

- (c) 會計政策的變動(續)
 - (i) 國際財務報告準則第9
 號,金融工具(續)
 - b. 對沖會計處理(續)

有關本集團如何應 用對沖會計處理的 解釋,見附註2(f)。

c. 過渡

採納國際財務報告 準則第9號導致的會 計政策變動已被追 溯應用,惟下列所 述者除外:

> 有關比較期間 的資料尚未重 列。採納國際 財務報告準則 第9號導致的 金融資產賬面 值差額於2018 年1月1日的保 留盈利及儲備 中確認。因 此,2017年呈 列的資料乃繼 續根據國際會 計準則第39號 呈報且因此可 能不可與本期 間進行比較。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (c) Changes in accounting policies (continued)
 - (i) IFRS 9, Financial instruments (continued)
 - c. Transition (continued)
 - If, at the date of initial application, the assessment of whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition would have involved undue cost or effort, a lifetime ECL has been recognised for that financial instrument.
 - All hedging relationships designated under IAS 39 at 31 December 2017 met the criteria for hedge accounting under IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018 and are therefore regarded as continuing hedging relationships. Changes to hedge accounting policies have been applied prospectively.

(ii) IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers

IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for recognising revenue and some costs from contracts with customers. IFRS 15 replaces IAS 18, *Revenue*, which covered revenue arising from sale of goods and rendering of services, and IAS 11, *Construction contracts*, which specified the accounting for construction contracts.

- 2 重大會計政策(續)
 - (c) 會計政策的變動(續)
 - (i) 國際財務報告準則第9
 號,金融工具(續)
 - c. 過渡(續)
 - 倘於首次應用日期 評估信貸風險自初 步確認以來有否大 幅上升將涉及不必 要的成本或努力, 則就該金融工具確 認存續期預期信用 損失。
 - 於2017年12月31日 根據國際會計準則 第39號指定的所有 對沖關係於2018年1 月1日均符合根據國 際財務報告準則第9 號使用對沖會計的 標準,因此被視為 持續對沖關係。對 沖會計政策的變動 已前瞻性地應用。

(ii) 國際財務報告準則第15
 號,來自客戶合同之收入

國際財務報告準則第15號 就確認來自客戶合同之收 入及若干成本制定一套全 面框架。國際財務報告準 則第15號取代國際會計準 則第18號*收入*(包含銷售 貨物及提供服務產生的收 入)及國際會計準則第11 號*建築合同*(訂明建築合 同的會計方法)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Changes in accounting policies (continued)

(ii) IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

IFRS 15 also introduces additional qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements which aim to enable users of the financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

The Group has elected to use the cumulative effect transition method and has recognised the cumulative effect of initial application as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2018. Therefore, comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under IAS 11 and IAS 18. As allowed by IFRS 15, the Group has applied the new requirements to all the construction contracts before 1 January 2018.

重大會計政策(續)

2

- (c) 會計政策的變動(續)
 - (ii) 國際財務報告準則第15 號,來自客戶合同之收入 (續)

國際財務報告準則第15號 亦引入額外的定性及定量 披露要求,旨在幫助財務 報表使用者了解客戶合同 收入及現金流量的性質、 金額、時間及不確定性。

本集團已選擇使用累積效 應過渡法,並確認首次應 用的累積效應作為對2018 年1月1日權益期初結餘的 調整。因此,可比較資料 並無重列及繼續根據國際 會計準則第11號及國際會 計準則第18號予以呈報。 在國際財務報告準則第15 號許可範圍內,本集團已 在2018年1月1日之前採 用有關建築合同相關新規 定。

2

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) Changes in accounting policies (continued) (C)

IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with (ii) customers (continued)

> The following table summarises the impact of transition to IFRS 15 on retained earnings and the related tax impact at 1 January 2018:

- 重大會計政策(續)
 - 會計政策的變動(續) (C)
 - (ii) 國際財務報告準則第15 號,來自客戶合同之收入 (續)

下表概述於2018 年1月1 日過渡至國際財務報告準 則第15號對保留盈利及相 關税項的影響:

RMB'000

人民幣千元

| Retained earnings | 保留盈利 | |
|--|----------------|----------|
| Later revenue and profit recognition | 延遲確認來自尚未被視為轉讓 | |
| from the construction activities that | 的建築活動之收入及利潤 | |
| are not yet considered as transferred | | (33,096) |
| Later revenue and profit recognition | 延遲確認來自未經批准合同 | |
| from unapproved contract modifications | 修改之收入及利潤 | (86,192) |
| Related tax | 相關税項 | 22,771 |
| Net decrease in retained earnings at | 於2018年1月1日保留盈利 | |
| 1 January 2018 | 減少淨額 | (96,517) |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股權益 | |
| Decrease in non-controlling interests at | 由於確認來自尚未被視為轉讓 | |
| 1 January 2018 due to later revenue | 的建築活動之後期收入及 | |

and profit recognition from the 利潤導致於2018年1月1日 construction activities that are not 的非控股權益減少 yet considered as transferred

Further details of the nature and effect of the changes on previous accounting policies are set out below:

(2,725)

有關過往會計政策變動性 質及影響的進一步詳情載 列如下:

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

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- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (c) Changes in accounting policies (continued)
 - (ii) IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)
 - a. Satisfaction of performance obligations

Previously, the Group recognised revenue arising from construction contracts over time generally when outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognised when the Group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of promised goods or service to the customer. At the end of each reporting period, the Group shall assess whether the revenue from the sale of goods and rendering of services fall into any one of the following three situations identified by IFRS 15 in which the Group satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance, as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced;

重大會計政策(續)

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- (c) 會計政策的變動(續)
 - (ii) 國際財務報告準則第15 號,來自客戶合同之收入 (續)
 - a. 履行履約責任

先前,當建築合同 結果能被可靠估計 時,本集團確認建 築合同於一段時間 內產生的收入。根 據國際財務報告準 則第15號,收入於 本集團透過向客戶 轉移已約定貨物或 服務的控制權達成 履約責任時確認。 於各報告期末,本 集團將評估銷售貨 物及提供服務是否 屬於國際財務報告 準則第15號識別 的下列三種情況之 一,本集團在該等 三種情況下達成履 約責任並於一段時 間內確認收入:

- 當客戶同時接 收及使用由本 集團履約(由 本集團執行) 所提供的利益 時;
- 當本集團履約 創造或增加
 一項資產(例
 如在建工程)
 時,客戶同時
 控制所創造或
 增加的資產;

2

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (c) Changes in accounting policies (continued)
 - (ii) IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)
 - a. Satisfaction of performance obligations (continued)
 - the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

The Group identified that the control of the work in progress in the construction activities, such as uninstalled materials, was not considered as transferred until they are delivered to the construction site of the customer under IFRS 15, thus the time to recognise revenue and profit related to the work in progress should be delayed than that under IAS 11.

- 重大會計政策(續)
 - (c) 會計政策的變動(續)
 - (ii) 國際財務報告準則第15
 號,來自客戶合同之收入
 (續)
 - a. 履行履約責任(續)

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

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- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (c) Changes in accounting policies (continued)
 - (ii) IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)
 - b. Contracts modifications

Under IAS 11, a variation is included in contract revenue when it is probable that the customer will approve the variation and the amount of revenue can be measured. Under IFRS 15. contract modifications are required to be approved to be recognised. If a change in the scope of the contract has been approved where the corresponding price undetermined, the underlying variable consideration is estimated at either its expected value or most likely amount and is only permitted to be included in revenue to the extent that it is highly probable that the revenue will not reverse. At the end of each reporting period, the Group shall update the estimated transaction price to represent circumstances at period end.

重大會計政策(續)

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- (c) 會計政策的變動(續)
 - (ii) 國際財務報告準則第15 號,來自客戶合同之收入 (續)
 - b. 合同修改

根據國際會計準則 第11號,當客戶可 能批准變更及收入 金額能夠可靠計量 時,變更將包含於 合同收入中。根據 國際財務報告準則 第15號,合同修改 須予批准確認。倘 合同範圍的變動已 獲批准,而相關價 格有待釐定,則按 相關可變對價的預 期價值或最可能發 生金額估計相關可 變對價,其僅獲准 以收入很大可能不 會轉回的程度計入 收入。於各報告期 末,本集團須更新 估計交易價格以表 現期末情況。

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (c) Changes in accounting policies (continued)
 - (ii) IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)
 - c. Presentation of contract assets and liabilities

Under IFRS 15, a receivable is recognised only if the Group has an unconditional right to consideration. If the Group recognises the related revenue before receiving the consideration or being unconditionally entitled to the consideration for the promised goods and services in the contract, then the entitlement to consideration is classified as a contract asset. Similarly, a contract liability, rather than a payable, is recognised when a customer pays consideration, or is contractually required to pay consideration and the amount is already due, before the Group recognises the related revenue. For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis (see Note 2(I)).

Previously, contract balances relating to construction contracts in progress were presented in the statement of financial position under "Gross amount due from customers for contract work", "Gross amount due to customers for contract work" or "Receipts in advance" respectively.

- 重大會計政策(續)
 - (c) 會計政策的變動(續)
 - (ii) 國際財務報告準則第15 號,來自客戶合同之收入 (續)
 - *c.* 合同資產及負債的 呈列

根據國際財務報告 準則第15號,僅 於本集團對對價有 無條件權利時方會 確認應收款。倘本 集團於就合同承諾 貨品及服務收取對 價或對對價有無條 件權利之前確認相 關收入,則對對價 的權利分類為合同 資產。類似地,倘 客戶於本集團確認 相關收入前支付對 價或按合同須支付 對價且有關款項已 到期應付,則確認 合同負債而非應付 款。就與客戶的單 一合同而言, 會呈 列合同資產淨值或 合同負債淨額。就 多項合同而言,無 關聯的合同的合同 資產及合同負債不 會按淨額基準呈列 (見附註2(I))。

過往,與仍在進行 的建築合同相關的 合同結餘於財務狀 況表中分別呈列為 「應收客戶合同工程 款總額」、「應付客 戶合同工程款總額」。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (c) Changes in accounting policies *(continued)*
 - (ii) IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)
 - d. Disclosure of the estimated impact on the amounts reported in respect of the year ended 31 December 2018 as a result of the adoption of IFRS 15 on 1 January 2018.

The following tables summarise the estimated impact of adoption of IFRS 15 on the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018, by comparing the amounts reported under IFRS 15 in these consolidated financial statements with estimates of the hypothetical amounts that would have been recognised under IAS 18 and IAS 11 if those superseded standards had continued to apply to 2018 instead of IFRS 15. These tables show only those line items impacted by the adoption of IFRS 15:

重大會計政策(續)

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- (c) 會計政策的變動(續)
 - (ii) 國際財務報告準則第15 號,來自客戶合同之收入 (續)
 - d. 就截至2018年12月 31日止年度披露因 於2018年1月1日採 納國際財務報告準 則第15號而列報的 金額之估計影響。

下表概述採納國際 財務報告準則第15 號對本集團截至 2018年12月31日止 年度的綜合財務報 表的估計影響,方 式是將此等綜合財 務報表中按國際財 務報告準則第15號 列報的金額,與按 國際會計準則第18 號及國際會計準則 第11號確認的假定 金額作比較(倘該等 替代準則而非國際 財務報告準則第15 號一直適用於2018 年)。該等表格僅顯 示該等受採納國際 財務報告準則第15 號影響的項目:

2

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (c) Changes in accounting policies (continued)
 - (ii) IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)
 - *d.* Disclosure of the estimated impact on the amounts reported in respect of the year ended 31 December 2018 as a result of the adoption of IFRS 15 on 1 January 2018. *(continued)*

- 重大會計政策(續)
 - (c) 會計政策的變動(續)
 - (ii) 國際財務報告準則第15 號,來自客戶合同之收入 (續)
 - d. 就截至2018年12月
 31日止年度披露因
 於2018年1月1日採
 納國際財務報告準
 則第15號而列報的
 金額之估計影響。
 (續)

| | | Amounts reported in accordance with IFRS 15 根據國際財務 報告呈報 的金額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (A) | Hypothetical amounts under IASs 18 and 11 國際會計及國會計準則 第18號計準項上 的假定金額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (B) | Difference: Estimated impact of adoption of IFRS 15 on 2018 差額:採納國際 財務報告準則 第15號於 2018年的 估計影響 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (A)-(B) |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| Line items in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for year ended 31 December 2018 impacted by the adoption of IFRS 15: | 截至2018年12月31日 止年度合併損益表中 受採納國際財務報告 準則第15號影響的項目: | | | |
| Revenue | 收入 | 4,615,704 | 4,630,485 | (14,781) |
| Cost of sales | 銷售成本 毛利 | (3,714,701) 901,003 | (3,727,129) 903,356 | 12,428 (2,353) |
| Gross profit Profit from operations | 七 何 經營利潤 | 901,003 222,929 | 903,356 | (2,353) (2,353) |
| Profit before taxation | 税前利潤 | 154,162 | 156,515 | (2,353) |
| Income tax | 所得税 | (65,991) | (67,113) | 1,122 |
| Profit for the year | 年內利潤 | 88,171 | 89,402 | (1,231) |
| Attributable to: | 以下人士應佔: | | | |
| Equity shareholders of the Company | 本公司股東 | 79,119 | 80,174 | (1,055) |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股權益 | 9,052 | 9,228 | (176) |
| Earnings per share (RMB cents) – Basic and diluted | 每股盈利(人民幣分) 一基本及攤薄 | 1.27 | 1.29 | (0.02) |
| Line items in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for year ended 31 December 2018 impacted by the adoption of IFRS 15: Total comprehensive income for the | 截至2018年12月31日 止年度合併損益及 其他全面收益表中 受採納國際財務報告 準則第15號影響的項目: 年內全面收益總額 | 1.21 | 1.20 | (0.02) |
| year | | 69,933 | 72,583 | (2,650) |
| Attributable to: | 以下人士應佔: | 50.045 | | (0,400) |
| Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests | 本公司股東 非控股權益 | 58,345 11,588 | 60,751 11,832 | (2,406) (244) |
| NOT COTICOUNTY INCIDES | ブトリエガズ 11年1000 | 11,000 | 11,002 | (244) |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (c) Changes in accounting policies *(continued)*
 - (ii) IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)
 - *d.* Disclosure of the estimated impact on the amounts reported in respect of the year ended 31 December 2018 as a result of the adoption of IFRS 15 on 1 January 2018. *(continued)*

- 2 重大會計政策(續)
 - (c) 會計政策的變動(續)
 - (ii) 國際財務報告準則第15 號,來自客戶合同之收入 (續)
 - d. 就截至2018年12月
 31日止年度披露因
 於2018年1月1日採
 納國際財務報告準
 則第15號而列報的
 金額之估計影響。
 (續)

| | | Amounts reported in accordance with IFRS 15 根據國際財務 報告 ^里 則 第15號呈報 的金額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (A) | Hypothetical amounts under IASs 18 and 11 國際會計準則 第18號及國際 會計準則 第18號及國際 第11號項下 的假定金額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (B) | Difference: Estimated impact of adoption of IFRS 15 on 2018 差額:採納國際 財務報告準則 第15號於 2018年的 估計影響 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (A)-(B) |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| Line items in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018 impacted by the adoption of IFRS 15: | 截至2018年12月31日 止年度合併財務狀況表中 受採納國際財務報告 準則第15號影響的項目: | | | |
| Deferred tax assets | 遞延税項資產 | 558,844 | 560,301 | (1,457) |
| Total non-current assets | 非流動資產總值 | 1,355,031 | 1,356,488 | (1,457) |
| Inventories and other contract costs | 存貨及其他合同成本 | 407,125 | 239,549 | 167,576 |
| Contract assets | 合同資產 | 2,831,703 | | 2,831,703 |
| Gross amount due from customers for | 應收客戶合同工程款總額 | 2,001,100 | | 2,001,100 |
| contract work | | _ | 2,992,100 | (2,992,100) |
| Trade and bills receivables | 貿易應收款及應收票據 | 2,838,648 | 2,838,648 | (2,002,100) |
| Total current assets | 流動資產總值 | 8,706,332 | 8,699,153 | 7,179 |
| Contract liabilities | 合同負債 | 881,998 | _ | 881,998 |
| Gross amount due to customers for | 應付客戶合同工程款總額 | , | | , |
| contract work | | - | 660,659 | (660,659) |
| Receipts in advance | 預收款項 | - | 88,610 | (88,610) |
| Income tax payable | 應付所得税 | 224,084 | 249,199 | (25,115) |
| Total current liabilities | 流動負債總額 | 7,048,236 | 6,940,622 | 107,614 |
| Net current assets | 流動資產淨值 | 1,658,096 | 1,758,531 | (100,435) |
| Total assets less current liabilities | 總資產減流動負債 | 3,013,127 | 3,115,019 | (101,892) |
| Net assets | 資產淨值 | 2,708,127 | 2,810,019 | (101,892) |
| Reserves | 儲備 | 2,188,404 | 2,290,296 | (101,892) |
| Total equity attributable to equity | 本公司股東應佔權益總額 | | | |
| shareholders of the Company | | 2,708,127 | 2,810,019 | (101,892) |
| Total equity | 權益總額 | 2,708,127 | 2,810,019 | (101,892) |

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (c) Changes in accounting policies *(continued)*
 - (ii) IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)
 - *d.* Disclosure of the estimated impact on the amounts reported in respect of the year ended 31 December 2018 as a result of the adoption of IFRS 15 on 1 January 2018. *(continued)*

- 重大會計政策(續)
 - (c) 會計政策的變動(續)
 - (ii) 國際財務報告準則第15 號,來自客戶合同之收入 (續)
 - d. 就截至2018年12月
 31日止年度披露因
 於2018年1月1日採
 納國際財務報告準
 則第15號而列報的
 金額之估計影響。
 (續)

| | | Amounts reported in accordance with IFRS 15 根據國際財務 報告呈報 的金額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (A) | Hypothetical amounts under IASs 18 and 11 國際會意及運作則 第18號及醫際則 第11號定金額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (B) | Difference: Estimated impact of adoption of IFRS 15 on 2018 差額:採納國際 財務報告準則 第15號於 2018年的 估計影響 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (A)-(B) |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| Line items in the reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from operations for year ended 31 December 2018 impacted by the adoption of IFRS 15: | 截至2018年12月31日 止年度税前利潤與經營 所得現金對賬受採納 國際財務報告準則 第15號影響的項目: | | | |
| Profit before taxation | 税前利潤 | 154,162 | 156,515 | (2,353) |
| Decrease in inventories and other contract costs | 存貨及其他合同成本減少 | 25,221 | 37,649 | (12,428) |
| Decrease in contract assets/gross amount due from customers for contract work Increase in trade and bills receivables Decrease in contract liabilities/gross amount due to customers for contract | 合同資產/應收客戶合同 工程款總額減少 貿易應收款及應收票據增加 合同負債/應付客戶 合同工程款總額及 | 758,051 (172,795) | 805,311 (165,906) | (47,260) (6,889) |
| work and receipts in advance | 預收款項減少 | (89,538) | (158,468) | 68,930 |
| The significant differences arise of the changes in accounti described above. | | | | 十政策變動產 重大差額於上 <u>i</u> 。 |
(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity interests in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those equity interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those equity interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

重大會計政策(續)

2

(d) 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司為由本集團控制的實 體。本集團對該實體具有承擔 或享有參與有關實體所得之可 變回報的風險或權利,並能透 過其在該實體的權力影響該第 回報,即本集團對該實體具有 控制權。當評估本集團是否具 有該權力時,只會考慮由本集 團或其他人士擁有之實質權。

於附屬公司的投資乃自控制權 開始當日起合併入賬至合併財 務報表,直至控制權終止當日 為止。集團內公司間結餘、定 易及現金流及自集團內公司間 交易產生的任何未變現利潤乃 於編製團內公司間交易產 生的 新數 調內公司間交易產 生的 未變現虧損乃以與未變 現虧 損 乃以對銷,惟僅以 無減 值證 據者為限。

非控股權益指於一家附屬公司 中並非直接或間接歸屬本公司 的權益,而本集團並無與與該一 股權的持有人協定任何額外 款,致使本集團整體就符合金 融負債定義的該等股權承擔合 同責任。就各業務合併而言或 非控股權益佔附屬公司的可識 別資產淨值的比例計量任何非 控股權益。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from the equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company.

Changes in the Group's equity interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative equity interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire equity interests in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Any equity interests retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see Note 2(j)(ii)), unless the investment is classified as held-for-sale.

- 2 重大會計政策(續)
 - (d) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

非控股權益乃於合併財務狀況 表內呈列於權益中,獨立於本 公司股東應佔權益。本集團業 績內的非控股權益乃於合併損 益表及合併損益及其他全面收 益表上呈列為年內於非控股權 益及本公司股東之間的損益總 額及全面收益總額。

本集團於一家附屬公司的股權 變動,倘不會引致喪失控制 權,則以權益交易入賬,並對 合併權益中控股及非控股權益 的金額作調整,以反映相關的 股權變動,惟概無對商譽作調 整,且無確認收益或虧損。

當本集團喪失其對一家附屬公 司的控制權時,則入賬列為出 售於該附屬公司的全部股權, 所得的收益或虧損於合併損感 。於喪失控制權日期權 留於該前附屬公司的任何權認,而此金額 按公允價值確認,而此金額 很為初步確認金融資產的公允 價值,或(倘適用)初步確認於 附營公司或合營企業的投資的 成本。

於本公司的財務狀況表內,於 附屬公司的投資乃按成本減減 值虧損列賬(見附註2(j)(ii)),惟 投資被分類為持作銷售則屬例 外。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss, except where the derivatives qualify for cash flow hedge accounting, in which case recognition of any resultant gain or loss is in accordance with Note 2(f).

(f) Hedging

The Group designates certain derivatives as hedging instruments to hedge the variability in cash flows associated with highly probable forecast transactions arising from changes in foreign exchange rates (cash flow hedges). The hedge accounting policy applied from 1 January 2018 is similar to that applicable prior to 1 January 2018. However, under the new hedge accounting policy, depending on the complexity of the hedge, the Group applies a more qualitative approach to assessing hedge effectiveness, and the assessment is always forward-looking.

Where a derivative financial instrument is designated as a hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of any gain or loss on the derivative financial instrument is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the hedging reserve. The ineffective portion of any gain or loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If a hedge of a forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset such as inventory, the associated gain or loss is reclassified from equity to be included in the initial cost of the non-financial asset.

重大會計政策(續)

2

(e) 衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具按公允價值確 認。公允價值會於各報告期末 重新計量。重新計量公允價值 的收益或虧損會即時於損益表 內確認,惟符合資格作現金流 量對沖會計的衍生工具除外, 在該情況下,任何得出的收益 或虧損乃根據附註2(f)予以確認。

(f) 對沖

本集團指定若干衍生工具為對 沖工具,以對沖與因外匯匯率 變動產生的極有可能預測交易 相關的現金流量的可變性(現金 流量對沖)。自2018年1月1日起 應用的對沖會計政策與於2018 年1月1日之前適用者類似。然 而,根據新對沖會計政策,視 乎對沖的複雜程度,本集團應 用更為定性的方法評估對沖有 效性,及評估始終具有前瞻性。

倘衍生金融工具被指定為現金 流量對沖中的對沖工具,則衍 生金融工具的任何收益或虧損 的有效部分乃於其他全面收益 內確認,並單獨於權益的對沖 儲備內累計。任何收益或虧損 的無效部分乃即時於損益表內 確認。

倘對沖預測交易其後導致確認 非金融資產(例如存貨),相 關收益或虧損乃自權益重新分 類,計入非金融資產的初步成 本。

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Hedging (continued)

For all other hedged forecast transactions, the amount accumulated in the hedging reserve is reclassified from equity to profit or loss in the same period or periods during which the hedged cash flows affect profit or loss (such as when a forecast sale occurs).

If a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting (including when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised), then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. When hedge accounting is discontinued, but the hedged forecast transaction is still expected to occur, the amount that has been accumulated in the hedging reserve remains in equity until the transaction occurs and it is recognised in accordance with the above policy. If the hedged transaction is no longer expected to take place, the amount that has been accumulated in the hedging reserve is reclassified from equity to profit or loss immediately.

(g) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see Note 2(j)(ii)).

The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs (see Note 2(v)). 重大會計政策(續)

(f) 對沖(續)

就所有其他已對沖預測交易而 言,對沖儲備中累積的金額由 權益重新分類至同期或對沖現 金流量影響損益期間(如發生預 測銷售時)的損益中。

倘對沖不再符合對沖會計的標 準(包括對沖工具屆滿或出售、 終止或行使),則對沖會計法將 予終止。當對沖會計終止,但 預期對沖預測交易將會發生, 已於對沖儲備中累計的金額仍 將保留在權益中直至交易發生 及其根據上述政策確認。倘預 期對沖交易將不再發生,已於 對沖儲備中累計的金額將累計 由權益重新分類至損益。

(g) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減累 計折舊及減值虧損列賬(見附註 2(j)(ii))。

自行興建的物業、廠房及設備 項目的成本包括材料成本、直 接勞工成本,(如適用)初步估 計拆卸及搬遷項目以及恢復項 目所在地原貌的成本,以及生 產經常開支及借貸成本的適當 比例(見附註2(v))。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is calculated to write-off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual values, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Estimated useful lives

| Plant and buildings | 30 years |
|------------------------------------|----------|
| Machinery and equipment | 15 years |
| Motor vehicles and other equipment | 5 years |

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the estimated useful life of an asset and its residual value are reviewed annually. No depreciation is provided in respect of construction in progress until it is completed and ready for its intended use.

(h) Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research and development activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

重大會計政策(續)

2

(g) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備 項目產生的收益或虧損釐定為 出售所得款項淨額與項目賬面 值之間的差額,並於報廢或出 售日期在損益中確認。

折舊乃使用直線法按下列估計 可使用年期計算以撇銷物業、 廠房及設備項目的成本減其估 計剩餘價值(如有):

估計可使用年期

| 廠房及樓宇 | 30年 |
|---------|-----|
| 機器及設備 | 15年 |
| 汽車及其他設備 | 5年 |

倘物業、廠房及設備項目各部 分的可使用年期不同,則該項 目的成本會按合理基準分配至 各部分,而每部分須分開折 舊。資產的估計可使用年期及 其剩餘價值均須每年檢討。在 建工程在完工及可作擬定用途 前,並不計提折舊。

(h) 研發開支

研發活動的開支乃於其產生期 間確認為開支。

(i)

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Leased assets

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

(i) Classification of assets leased to the Group

Assets that are held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases.

(ii) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

Payments made on the acquisition of land held under an operating lease are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (see Note 2(j)(ii)). Amortisation is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

重大會計政策(續)

租賃資產

倘本集團釐定安排附帶權利於 經協定期間使用一項特定資產 或多項資產以換取付款或一連 串付款,則該項安排(包括一項 交易或一連串交易)屬於或包含 租賃。有關釐定乃按對安排本 質的評估進行,而不論該項安 排是否具有租賃的法律形式。

(i) 出租予本集團的資產的分 類

由本集團根據租賃持有而 向本集團轉讓擁有權的絕 大部分風險及回報的資產 乃分類為根據融資租賃持 有。並無轉讓擁有權的絕 大部分風險及回報予本集 團的租賃乃分類為經營租 賃。

(ii) 經營租賃開支

就收購根據經營租賃持有 的土地作出的付款乃按成 本減累計攤銷及減值虧損 列賬(見附註2(j)(ii))。攤銷 乃按租賃期以直線法於損 益內扣除。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (j) Credit losses and impairment of assets
 - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets
 - a. Policy applicable from 1 January 2018

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) on the following items:

 financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash on hand and in bank, trade and bills receivables and deposits and other receivables); and

 contract assets as defined in IFRS 15 (see Note 2(I)).

Derivative financial instruments measured at fair value are not subject to the ECL assessment.

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive). 重大會計政策(續)

2

- (j) 信用損失及資產減值
 - (i) 金融工具及合同資產信用 損失
 - a. 自2018年1月1日適 用的政策

本集團就如下項目 確認預期信用損失 的虧損撥備:

- 國際財務報告 準則第15號 所定義的合同 資產(見附註 2(1))。

按公允價值計量的 衍生金融工具無須 進行預期信用損失 評估。

計量預期信用損失

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| SIG | NIFIC | ANT | ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) | 2 | 重大 | (會計 | 政策 (| 〔續〕 |
|-----|-------|----------|--|---|-----|-----|-------------|-----------------|
| (j) | Crea | dit loss | ses and impairment of assets (continued) | | (j) | 信用 | 損失》 | 及資 |
| | (i) | | dit losses from financial instruments and tract assets (continued) | | | (i) | 金融 損失 | |
| | | a. | Policy applicable from 1 January 2018 (continued) | | | | a. | 自 用 |
| | | | Measurement of ECLs (continued) | | | | | 計 (<i>繼</i> |
| | | | The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material: | | | | | 倘 預 如 |
| | | | fixed-rate financial assets, trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables and contract assets: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof; | | | | | _ |
| | | | variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate; | | | | | _ |
| | | | The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk. | | | | | 估時間貸期 |
| | | | In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. | | | | | 於失慮成獲料過況 |

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言用損失及資產減值(續)

- (i) 金融工具及合同資產信用 損失(續)
 - a. 自2018年1月1日適 用的政策(續)

計量預期信用損失 *(續)*

倘貼現影響重大, 預期現金短缺使用 如下貼現率貼現:

- 浮息金融資 產:當時實際 利率;

估計預期信用損失 時所考慮的最長期 間為本集團面對信 貸風險的最長合同 期間。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

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2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (j) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)
 - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)
 - a. Policy applicable from 1 January 2018 (continued)

Measurement of ECLs (continued)

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

重大會計政策(續)

2

- (j) 信用損失及資產減值(續)
 - (i) 金融工具及合同資產信用 損失(續)
 - a. 自2018年1月1日適 用的政策(續)

計量預期信用損失 (續)

- 預期信用損失將採 用以下基準計量:
 - 12個月預期信
 用損失:指報
 告日期後12個
 月內可能發生
 的違約預期虧
 損;及

2

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (j) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)
 - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)
 - a. Policy applicable from 1 January 2018 (continued)

Measurement of ECLs (continued)

Loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

- 重大會計政策(續)
 - (j) 信用損失及資產減值(續)
 - (i) 金融工具及合同資產信用 損失(續)
 - a. 自2018年1月1日適 用的政策(續)

計量預期信用損失 *(續)*

貿資直續失報融損的驗行務對經行 易產按期的告資失歷使評人當濟調 吃之等的金日產乃史用估的前狀整 上了一個用的根信計,特及況。 及撥整信量該期本損矩根因計評 同一存損於金用團經進債及般進

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

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2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)

a. Policy applicable from 1 January 2018 (continued)

Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

重大會計政策(續)

2

- (j) 信用損失及資產減值(續)
 - (i) 金融工具及合同資產信用 損失(續)
 - a. 自2018年1月1日適 用的政策(續)

信貸風險大幅上升

評估金融工具的信 貸風險自初步確認 以來有否大幅上升 時,本集團會比較 於報告日期及於初 步確認日期評估的 金融工具發生違約 的風險。作出重新 評估時,本集團認 為,倘(i)借款人不大 可能在本集團無追 索權採取變現抵押 (如持有)等行動的 情況下向本集團悉 數支付其信貸債務; 或(ii)金融資產已逾 期90日,則構成違 約事件。本集團會 考慮合理有據的定 量及定性資料,包 括過往經驗及在無 需付出過多成本或 努力下即可獲得的 前瞻性資料。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| SIGI | NIFIC | ANT | ACC | OUNTING POLICIES (continued) | 2 | 重大 | 會計 | 政策 (| 〔續〕 |
|------|-------|----------|--------------|---|---|-----|-----|-------------|--------------------|
| (j) | Crec | lit loss | ses an | d impairment of assets (continued) | | (j) | 信用 | 損失 | 及資 |
| | (i) | | | sses from financial instruments and assets (continued) | | | (i) | | 虫工」 そ(<i>續</i> |
| | | a. | | cy applicable from 1 January 2018 tinued) | | | | a. | 自 用 |
| | | | - | nificant increases in credit risk <i>tinued</i>) | | | | | 信 (<i>繼</i> |
| | | | take cred | articular, the following information is n into account when assessing whether it risk has increased significantly since I recognition: | | | | | 具貸 以時 |
| | | | - | failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates; | | | | | _ |
| | | | - | an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available); | | | | | _ |
| | | | _ | an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and | | | | | _ |
| | | | - | existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group. | | | | | _ |

- 信用損失及資產減值(續)
- (i)
 金融工具及合同資產信用 損失(續)
 - a. 自2018年1月1日適 用的政策(續)
 - 信貸風險大幅上升 *(續)*
 - 具體而言,評估信 貸風險自初始確認 以來有否大幅上升 時會考慮以下資料:
 - 未能按合同到 期日期支付本 金或利息;
 - 金融工具外部
 或內部信貸測
 評(如有)的實
 際或預期顯著
 惡化:
 - 債務人經營業 績的實際或預 期顯著惡化;
 - · 科技、市場、 經濟或法律環境的目前或者 期變動目前動對 人履貢責任的 人属重大不利 影響。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

(j)

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2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)

a. Policy applicable from 1 January 2018 (continued)

Significant increases in credit risk *(continued)*

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

重大會計政策(續)

2

- (j) 信用損失及資產減值(續)
 - (i) 金融工具及合同資產信用 損失(續)
 - a. 自2018年1月1日適 用的政策(續)

信貸風險大幅上升 (續)

預報計具的預何認損金收過等應期告量自信期變為。融益虧之調問」。 同時一以初貸信動減本工或損賬 時期反步風用均值集具虧撥面。 人行金認變失損益就認,賬作於重融以動的益或所減並對出 各新工來。任確虧有值通彼相

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (j) Credit losses and impairment of assets *(continued)*
 - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)
 - a. Policy applicable from 1 January 2018 (continued)

Basis of calculation of interest income

Interest income recognised in accordance with Note 2(t)(v) is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial asset is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

- 2 重大會計政策(續)
 - (j) 信用損失及資產減值(續)
 - (i) 金融工具及合同資產信用 損失(續)
 - a. 自2018年1月1日適 用的政策(續)

計算利息收入的基 準

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

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2

| SIG | NIFIC | CANT | ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) | 2 | 重力 | 恬會 才 | 政策(| 續) |
|-----|-------|----------|---|---|-----|-------------|------|----------------------------|
| (j) | Cree | dit los: | ses and impairment of assets (continued) | | (j) | 信用 | 月損失》 | 及資產源 |
| | (i) | | dit losses from financial instruments and tract assets (continued) | | | (i) | | 工具及 : <i>(續)</i> |
| | | a. | Policy applicable from 1 January 2018 (continued) | | | | a. | <i>自201</i> 用的政 |
| | | | Basis of calculation of interest income <i>(continued)</i> | | | | | 計算利 準 <i>(續</i>) |
| | | | Evidence that a financial asset is credit- impaired includes the following observable events: | | | | | 金 融 译 減 值 自 下 可 瞿 |
| | | | significant financial difficulties of the debtor; | | | | | _ |
| | | | a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; | | | | | — |
| | | | it becoming probable that the borrower | | | | | _ |

financial reorganisation; or significant changes in the technological,

will enter into bankruptcy or other

market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

- 或值*(續)*
 - 合同資產信用
 - 18年1月1日適 致策(續)

利息收入的基

- 資產出現信貸 的證據包括以 観察事件:
 - 債務人有重大 財務困難;
 - 違約,例如拖 欠或延遲支付 利息或本金;
 - 債務人可能破 產或進行其他 財務重組;或
 - 科技、市場、 經濟或法律環 境出現對債務 人造成不利 影響的重大變 化。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| CANT | ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) | 2 | Ē |
|----------|--|--|--|
| dit loss | ses and impairment of assets (continued) | | (j |
| | | | |
| a. | Policy applicable from 1 January 2018 (continued) | | |
| | Basis of calculation of interest income (continued) | | |
| | Write-off policy | | |
| | The gross carrying amount of a financial asset or contract asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. | | |
| | dit loss Cre con | (continued) Basis of calculation of interest income (continued) Write-off policy The gross carrying amount of a financial asset or contract asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the | dit losses and impairment of assets (continued) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued) a. Policy applicable from 1 January 2018 (continued) Basis of calculation of interest income (continued) Write-off policy The gross carrying amount of a financial asset or contract asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the |

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S

(j)

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

- 重大會計政策(續)
 - (j) 信用損失及資產減值(續)
 - (i) 金融工具及合同資產信用 損失(續)
 - a. 自2018年1月1日適 用的政策(續)

計算利息收入的基 準(*續*)

撇銷政策

隨後收回先前撇銷 之資產於收回期間 在損益內確認為減 值撥回。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)

b. Policy applicable prior to 1 January 2018

Prior to 1 January 2018, an "incurred loss" model was used to measure impairment losses on financial assets not classified as at FVPL (e.g. trade and bills receivables) and deposits and other receivables). Under the "incurred loss" model, an impairment loss was recognised only when there was objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment included:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and
- significant changes in the market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

重大會計政策(續)

2

- (j) 信用損失及資產減值(續)
 - (i) 金融工具及合同資產信用 損失(續)
 - b. 於2018年1月1日前 適用的政策

- 債務人出現重 大財務困難;
- 違反合同,例
 如拖欠或逾期
 還款;
- 債務人可能破
 產或進行其他
 財務重組;及
- 市場、經濟或
 法律環境出現
 重大改變而對
 債務人構成不
 利影響。

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (j) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)
 - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)
 - b. Policy applicable prior to 1 January 2018 (continued)

If any such evidence existed, any impairment loss was determined and recognised as follows:

For receivables carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss was measured as the difference between the receivable's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the receivable's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these receivables), where the effect of discounting was material. This assessment was made collectively where these receivables shared similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and had not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for receivables which were assessed for impairment collectively were based on historical loss experience for receivables with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

- 重大會計政策(續)
 - (j) 信用損失及資產減值(續)
 - (i) 金融工具及合同資產信用 損失(續)
 - b. 於2018年1月1日前 適用的政策(續)

如任何有關證據存 在,則減值虧損以 下述方式釐定及確 認:

> 對於以攤銷成 本計量的應收 款,減值虧損 乃按應收款賬 面值與估計未 來現金流量現 值之間的差額 計量,如貼現 影響屬重大, 則按應收款 原訂實際利率 (即初始確認 該等應收款時 計算的實際利 率)貼現。倘 此等應收款具 備類似的風險 特徵,例如類 似的逾期情況 且並未單獨被 評估為減值, 則有關的評估 會共同進行。 應收款的未來 現金流量會根 據與該類具有 類似信貸風險 特徵的應收款 的過往虧損情 況共同評估減 值。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

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2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)

b. Policy applicable prior to 1 January 2018 (continued)

> If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreased and the decrease could be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss was reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss was only recognised to the extent that it did not result in the receivable's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

重大會計政策(續)

2

- (j) 信用損失及資產減值(續)
 - (i) 金融工具及合同資產信用 損失(續)
 - b. 於2018年1月1日前 適用的政策(續)

倘減值虧損的 金額於隨後期 間減少,而減 幅可與確認減 值虧損後發生 的事件客觀聯 繫,則減值虧 損將通過損益 予以撥回。撥 回減值虧損僅 可在不得導致 應收款的賬面 值超出其在過 往年度在並無 確認減值虧損 的情況下原應 釐定的數額時 予以確認。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
 - (j) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)
 - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)
 - b. Policy applicable prior to 1 January 2018 (continued)

When the recovery of a trade debtor or other financial assets carried at amortised cost was considered doubtful but not remote, associated impairment losses were recorded using an allowance account. When the Group was satisfied that recovery was remote, the amount considered irrecoverable was written off against the gross carrying amount of those assets directly. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account were reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly were recognised in profit or loss.

- 2 重大會計政策(續)
 - (j) 信用損失及資產減值(續)
 - (i) 金融工具及合同資產信用 損失(續)

b. 於2018年1月1日前 適用的政策(續)

> 當應收賬款或 按攤銷成本計 量的其他金融 資產的收回性 被認為存疑但 並非可能性機 微,相關減值 虧損使用撥備 賬記錄。本集 團信納收回 的可能性甚微 時,視作不可 收回的金額則 針對該等資產 的中賬面值直 接撇銷。其後 收回先前自撥 備賬扣除的金 額,乃對撥備 賬撥回。撥備 賬中的其他變 動及其後收回 先前直接撇銷 的金額在損益 中確認。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) Impairment of other non-current assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- pre-paid interests in leasehold land classified as being held under an operating lease; and
- investment in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

- Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

重大會計政策(續)

2

- (j) 信用損失及資產減值(續)
 - (ii) 其他非流動資產減值

本集團於各報告期末審閲 內部及外部資料來源,以 確定以下資產是否存在減 值跡象,或先前確認的減 值虧損是否不再存在或可 能已經減少:

- 物業、廠房及設備;
- 分類為根據經營租 賃持有的租賃土地 的預付權益;及
- 本公司財務狀況表
 內的附屬公司投資。
- 倘出現任何該等跡象,則 會估計資產的可收回金 額。
- 計算可收回金額

資產的可收回金額 為公允價值減銷售 成本與使用價值兩 者間的較高者。在 評估使用價值時, 會按反映當時市場 對貨幣時間價值及 資產特定風險評估 的税前貼現率,將 估計未來現金流量 貼現至其現值。倘 資產並無產生大致 獨立於其他資產的 現金流入,則以能 獨立產生現金流入 的最小資產組別(即 現金產生單位)釐定 可收回金額。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| SIG | NIFIC | ANT | ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) | 2 | 重大 | 信會7 | 政策 (續) |
|-----|-------|----------|---|---|-----|------|---|
| (j) | Crec | lit loss | ses and impairment of assets (continued) | | (j) | 信用 | 月損失及資產減值(續) |
| | (ii) | | airment of other non-current assets tinued) | | | (ii) | 其他非流動資產減值 (續) |
| | | _ | Recognition of impairment losses | | | | - 確認減值虧損 |
| | | | An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash- generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measureable) or value in use (if determinable). | | | | 倘資產或其所屬現 金產單位的賬面 額一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一 |
| | | - | Reversals of impairment losses An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates | | | | 一撥回減值虧損 倘用作釐定可收回 金額的估計出現正 |
| | | | used to determine the recoverable amount. | | | | 並額的估計山現止 面的變化,則會撥 回減值虧損。 |
| | | | A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised. | | | | 減值虧損撥回僅限 於在過往年度並未 確認減值虧損時原 應釐定的資產賬面 值。減值虧損撥回 在確認撥回的年度 計入損益。 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(j) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with IAS 34, Interim financial reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see Notes 2(j)(i) and 2(j)(ii)).

(k) Inventories and other contract costs

(i) Inventories

Inventories are assets which are held for sale in the ordinary course of business, in the process of production for such sale or in the form of materials or supplies to be consumed in the production process or in the rendering of services.

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Inventories record the cost of raw materials waiting to be assigned to specific construction contracts. The cost of inventories includes design costs, costs of purchase, direct labour, other direct costs and production overheads.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(j) 信用損失及資產減值(續)

(iii) 中期財務報告及減值

根據上市規則,本集團須 遵守國際會計準則第34 號中期財務報告編製有關 財政年度首六個月的中期 財務報表。於中期期末, 本集團採用等同財政年度 末之減值測試、確認及撥 回標準(見附註2(j)(i)及2(j) (ii))。

(k) 存貨及其他合同成本

(i) 存貨

存貨是指日常業務過程中 持有以作銷售、處在為該 等銷售的生產過程中,或 在生產過程中或提供服務 耗用的材料或物料形式持 有的資產。

存貨按成本及可變現淨值 的較低者列賬。

存貨記錄有待指定至特定 建築合同的原材料的成 本。存貨成本包括設計成 本、採購成本、直接勞 工、其他直接成本及生產 經常開支。

可變現淨值為在日常業務 過程中的估計售價減去完 成的估計成本以及完成銷 售的估計成本。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Inventories and other contract costs (continued)

(i) Inventories (continued)

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the year the writedown or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the year in which the reversal occurs.

When inventories are assigned to specific construction contracts, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the year in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the year the writedown or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the year in which the reversal occurs.

2 重大會計政策(續)

- (k) 存貨及其他合同成本(續)
 - (i) 存貨(續)

任何撇減存貨至可變現淨 值的金額及所有存貨虧損 乃於作出撇減或產生損失 的年度內確認為開支。任 何存貨撇減的任何撥回金 額乃於作出撥回的年度內 確認為已確認為開支的存 貨金額的扣減。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Inventories and other contract costs (continued)

(ii) Other contract costs

Other contract costs are either the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer or the costs to fulfil a contract with a customer which are not capitalised as inventory (see Note 2(k)(i)).

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained e.g. an incremental sales commission. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are capitalised when incurred if the costs relate to revenue which will be recognised in a future reporting period and the costs are expected to be recovered. Other costs of obtaining a contract are expensed when incurred.

Costs to fulfil a contract are capitalised if the costs relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract; generate or enhance resources that will be used to provide goods or services in the future; and are expected to be recovered. Costs that relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract may include direct labour, direct materials, allocations of costs, costs that are explicitly chargeable to the customer and other costs that are incurred only because the Group entered into the contract (for example, payments to sub-contractors). Other costs of fulfilling a contract, which are not capitalised as inventory are expensed as incurred.

重大會計政策(續)

2

- (k) 存貨及其他合同成本(續)
 - (ii) 其他合同成本

其他合同成本是取得客戶 合同的增量成本或履行客 戶合同的成本,其並無資 本化為存貨(見附註2(k) ())。

取得合同的增量成本為本 集團就取得客戶合同而產 生,倘未能取得合同則不 會產生的成本(例如增量 銷成本將在未來報告期內 確認,取得合同的增量成本 於產生時會資本化。取得 合同的其他成本在產生時 費用化。

倘履行合同的成本與現有 合同或可識別的預期合同 直接有關;產生或提升將 於未來用於提供產品或服 務的資源;並預期可收 回,則會資本化。與現有 合同或可識別的預期合同 直接有關的成本可能包括 直接勞工、直接材料、成 本分配、明確向客人收取 的成本及僅由於本集團訂 立合同而產生的其他成 本(例如向分包商付款)。 其他履行客戶合同的成本 (其並無資本化為存貨)在 產生時費用化。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Inventories and other contract costs (continued)

(ii) Other contract costs (continued)

Capitalised contract costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Impairment losses are recognised to the extent that the carrying amount of the contract cost asset exceeds the net of (i) remaining amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive in exchange for the goods or services to which the asset relates, less (ii) any costs that relate directly to providing those goods or services that have not yet been recognised as expenses.

Amortisation of capitalised contract costs is charged to profit or loss when the revenue to which the asset relates is recognised. The accounting policy for revenue recognition is set out in Note 2(t).

(I) Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue (see Note 2(t)) before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for ECL in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(j)(i) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional (see Note 2(m)).

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see Note 2(t)). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see Note 2(m)).

- 2 重大會計政策(續)
 - (k) 存貨及其他合同成本(續)
 - (ii) 其他合同成本(續)

資本化合同成本按成本減 累計攤銷及減值虧損列 賬。倘合同成本資產賬面 值超過(i)本集團預期收取 以交換有關該資產的產品 或服務的餘下代價金額, 減(ii)任何直接有關提供該 等產品或服務,而未確認 為開支的成本的淨額,則 會確認減值虧損。

當與資產有關的收入獲確 認時,資本化的合同成本 攤銷將自損益扣除。收入 確認的會計政策載於附註 2(t)。

(I) 合同資產及合同負債

在本集團有權無條件獲取合同 所載付款條款代價前確認收入 (見附註2(t))時確認合同資產。 合同資產按附註2(j)(i)所載政策 就預期信用損失而獲評估,並 在代價權利成為無條件後獲重 新分類至應收款(見附註2(m))。

本集團確認相關收入前,合同 負債在客戶支付代價時確認(見 附註2(t))。如本集團有無條件權 利在本集團確認相關收入前收 取代價,則合同負債亦會獲確 認。在相關情況下,相應應收 款亦會獲確認(見附註2(m))。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Contract assets and contract liabilities (continued)

For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis.

Policy prior to 1 January 2018

In the comparative period, contract balances were recorded for construction contracts at the net amount of costs incurred plus recognised profit less recognised losses and progress billings. These net balances were presented as the "Gross amount due from customers for contract work" (as an asset) or the "Gross amount due to customers for contract work" (as a liability), as applicable, on a contract-by-contract basis. Progress billings not yet paid by the customer were included under "Trade and bills receivables". Amounts received before the related work was performed were presented as "Receipt in advance". These balances have been reclassified on 1 January 2018 as shown in Note 16 (see Note 2(c)(ii)).

(m) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset (see Note 2(l)).

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for credit losses (see Note 2(j)(i)).

重大會計政策(續)

2

() 合同資產及合同負債(續)

就與客戶的單一合同而言,淨 合同資產或淨合同負債得以呈 列。就多份合同而言,非相關 合同的合同資產及合同負債不 按淨額基準呈列。

於2018年1月1日前的政策

在比較期間,建築合同的合同 結餘按所產生的成本淨額加經 確認利潤減經確認虧損及進度 款項而入賬。此等淨結餘按逐 份合同基準分別呈列為「應收客 戶合同工程款總額」(作為資產) 或「應付客戶合同工程款總額」 (作為負債)(如適用)。客戶尚 未支付的進度款項計入「貿易應 收款及應收票據」項下。於執行 相關工程前收取的金額呈列為 「預收款項」。如附註16所示, 該等結餘於2018年1月1日重新 分類(見附註2(c)(ii))。

(m) 貿易及其他應收款

應收款在本集團擁有無條件權 利收取代價時確認。倘支付代 價到期前只需經過一段時間, 則收取該代價的權利屬無條 件。倘收入在本集團擁有無條 件權利收取代價前確認,則金 額呈列為合同資產(見附註20))。

應收款使用實際利率法按攤銷 成本減信用損失撥備列賬(見附 註2(j)(j))。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(j)(i).

(o) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are measured initially at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see Note 2(v)).

(p) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value, and are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. **2** 重大會計政策(續)

(n) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行存 款及手頭現金、於銀行及其他 金融機構的活期存款及於收購 時到期為三個月以內之可隨時 兑換為已知金額現金且承受的 價值變動風險並不重大的短 期、高流動性投資。現金及現 金等價物根據附註2(j)(i)所載政 策作出預期信用損失評估。

(o) 計息借貸

計息借貸初步按公允價值減應 佔交易成本確認。於初步確認 後,計息借貸按攤銷成本,使 用實際利率法列賬。利息開支 根據本集團借貸成本的會計政 策予以確認(見附註2(v))。

(p) 貿易及其他應付款

貿易及其他應付款初步按公允 價值確認,而其後則按攤銷成 本列賬,除非貼現的影響並不 重大,則在該情況下,其乃按 成本列賬。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

The Group's contributions to defined contribution retirement plans are charged to profit or loss when incurred, except to the extent that they are included in the cost of inventories not yet recognised as an expense.

(ii) Share-based payments

The shares awarded under the share award scheme are acquired from open market. The net consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs, is presented as "Shares held under share award scheme" and deducted from equity.

For shares granted under the share award scheme, the fair value of shares granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in capital reserve within equity. The fair value is based on the closing price of the Company's shares on grant date plus any directly attributable incremental costs. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the shares, the total fair value of the shares is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the shares will vest.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(q) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利及向界定供 款退休計劃供款

> 薪金、年度花紅、有薪年 假、向界定供款退休計劃 供款及非貨幣利益的成本 乃於本集團僱員提供相關 服務的年度內應計。倘延 期付款或結算,而影響屬 重大,則該等金額乃按其 現值列賬。

> 本集團向界定供款退休計 劃的供款乃於產生時於損 益表內扣除,惟以已計入 存貨成本但尚未確認為開 支者為限。

(ii) 以股份付款

股份獎勵計劃授出的股份 乃購自公開市場。所支付 代價淨額(包括任何直接 應佔增加成本)乃呈列為 「根據股份獎勵計劃持有 的股份」,並於權益內扣 除。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Employee benefits (continued)

(ii) Share-based payments (continued)

During the vesting period, the number of shares that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of shares that vest with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve.

When the awarded shares are transferred to the awardees upon vesting, the related weighted average acquisition cost of the awarded shares vested are credited to "Shares held under share award scheme", and the grant date fair value of the awarded shares vested are debited to the capital reserve. The difference between the related weighted average acquisition cost and the grant date fair value of the awarded shares vested is transferred to retained profits directly. **2** 重大會計政策(續)

(q) 僱員福利(續)

(ii) 以股份付款(續)

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

(r) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

重大會計政策(續)

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(q) 僱員福利(續)

(iii) 終止福利

合約終止補償在下列兩者 孰早日確定:本集團不再 能撤回提供此等福利時; 及其確認涉及支付合約終 止補償的重組成本時。

(r) 所得税

年內所得税包括即期税項及遞 延税項資產與負債的變動。即 期税項及遞延税項資產與負債 的變動均於損益內確認,惟與 於其他全面收益或直接於權益 內確認的項目有關者除外,在 此情況下,有關税項金額分別 於其他全面收益或直接於權益 內確認。

即期税項為就年內應課税收入 採用於報告期末已生效或實質 已生效的税率計算的預期應付 税項,並就過往年度的應付税 項作出任何調整。

遞延税項資產及負債分別自可 扣税及應課税的暫時差額產 生,即資產及負債就財務報告 目的而言的賬面值與其税基之 間的差額。遞延税項資產亦自 未動用税項虧損及未動用税項 抵免產生。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(r) Income tax (continued)

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future. **2** 重大會計政策(*續*)

(r) 所得税(續)

除若干有限的例外情況外,倘 可能有未來應課税利潤用作抵 扣可動用的資產,則所有遞延 税項負債及遞延税項資產均會 予以確認。能支持可確認自可 扣税暫時差額所產生遞延税項 資產的未來應課税利潤包括因 撥回現有應課税暫時差額而產 生的金額;惟此等差額必須與 同一税務機關及同一應課税實 體有關,並預期在可扣税暫時 差額預計撥回的同一期間或遞 延税項資產所產生税項虧損可 向承後或承前結轉的期間內撥 回。在釐定現有應課税暫時差 額是否支持確認自未動用税項 虧損和抵免產生的遞延税項資 產時,亦會採用同一準則,即 該等差額若與同一税務機關及 同一應課税實體有關,並預期 在可動用的税項虧損或抵免的 期間內撥回,則予以考慮。

確認遞延税項資產和負債的有 限例外情況為不影響會計或應 課税利潤的資產或負債的初步 確認(前提是其並不屬業務合併 的一部分),以及有關於附屬公 司的投資的暫時差額(如屬應課 税差額,則只限於本集團可控 制撥回的時間,而且在可見將 來不大可能撥回的差額;或如 屬可扣税差額,則只限於很可 能在將來撥回的差額)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(r) Income tax (continued)

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

 in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or

重大會計政策(續)

2

(r) 所得税(續)

已確認的遞延税項金額按照資 產與負債賬面值的預期變現或 清償方式,使用報告期末已生 效或實質已生效的税率計算。 遞延税項資產與負債均不作貼 現。

本集團會在各報告期末審閱遞 延税項資產的賬面值,並在不 可能再獲得足夠的應課税利潤 可抵扣相關税項利益時予以扣 減。倘日後有可能獲得足夠的 應課税利潤可作抵扣,則扣減 金額予以撥回。

因分派股息而額外產生的所得 税是在支付相關股息的責任確 立時確認。

即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘 及其變動額,會各自分開呈報 且不予抵銷。倘本公司或本集 團有法定強制執行權利以即期 税項資產抵銷即期税項負債, 並且符合以下附帶條件,則即 期税項資產可抵銷即期税項負 債,及遞延税項資產可抵銷遞 延税項負債:

 倘為即期税項資產與負 債,本公司或本集團擬按 淨額基準結算,或同時變 現該資產及清償該負債; 或

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (r) Income tax (continued)
 - in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(s) Provisions and contingent liabilities

(i) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

- 重大會計政策(續)
- (r) 所得税(續)
 - 倘為遞延税項資產及負債,而此等資產及負債與
 同一税務機關就以下其中
 一項徵收的所得税有關:
 - 同一應課税實體; 或

(s) 撥備及或然負債

(i) 撥備及或然負債

撥備乃於本集團因過往事 件而產生法律或推定責 任,而可能需要經濟利益 流出以清償責任及能作出 可靠估計時確認。倘金錢 的時間值屬重大時,撥備 乃按預期清償責任的開支 的現值列賬。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(s) Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

(i) Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(ii) Onerous contracts

An onerous contract exists when the Group has a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from the contract. Provisions for onerous contracts are measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the net cost of continuing with the contract.

- 2 重大會計政策(續)
 - (s) 撥備及或然負債(續)
 - (i) 撥備及或然負債(續)

當需要經濟利益流出的可 能性較低或當金額不能可 靠估計時,責任會被披露 為或然負債,除非經濟利 益的可能性極微。可 能的或以上未來事件的出 現或不出現確認)亦作為 或然負債披露,惟經濟利 益流出的可能性極微者則 屬例外。

(ii) 虧損性合同

當本集團為履行合同規定 的義務所產生不可避免的 成本超過預期因該合同可 獲取的經濟效益時,便存 在虧損性合同。虧損性合 同的撥備按終止合同的預 期成本與合同的持續成本 淨額的現值較低者計算。

2

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(t) Revenue and other income

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of goods, the provision of services or the use by others of the Group's assets under leases in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, or the lessee has the right to use the asset, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the customer for more than 12 months, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction with the customer, and interest income is accrued separately under the effective interest method. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. The Group takes advantage of the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of IFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for any effects of a significant financing component if the period of financing is 12 months or less.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

重大會計政策(續)

(t) 收入及其他收入

本集團將於其日常業務過程中 銷售貨物、提供服務或根據租 賃由其他人士使用本集團資產 所產生的收入分類為收入。

收入在產品或服務的控制權轉 移至客戶時,或承租人有權使 用資產時,按本集團預期有權 收取的承諾代價金額確認,不 包括代表第三方收取的款項。 收入不包括增值税或其他銷售 税,並經扣除任何貿易折扣。

倘合同中包含為客戶提供超過 12個月的重大融資利益的融 資部分,則收入按應收金額的 現值計量,並使用與客戶的單 獨融資交易中反映的貼現率貼 現,而利息收入按實際利率法 單獨計量。倘合約中包含為本 集團提供重大融資利益的融資 部分,則根據該合同確認的收 入包括按實際利率法計算的合 同負債所產生的利息開支。本 集團運用國際財務報告準則第 15號第63段的實際權宜方法, 當融資期限為12個月或以下 時,則不會就重大融資部分的 任何影響調整代價。

有關本集團收入及其他收入確 認政策的進一步詳情如下:
(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(t) Revenue and other income (continued)

(i) Construction contracts

A contract with a customer is classified by the Group as a construction contract when the contract relates to work on curtain wall under the control of the customer and therefore the Group's construction activities create or enhance an asset under the customer's control.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be reasonably measured, revenue from the contract is recognised progressively over time using the cost-to-cost method, i.e. based on the proportion of the actual costs incurred relative to the estimated total contract costs.

The likelihood of the Group earning contractual bonuses for early completion or suffering contractual penalties for late completion are taken into account in making these estimates, such that revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur.

When the outcome of the contract cannot be reasonably measured, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are expected to be recovered.

If at any time the costs to complete the contract are estimated to exceed the remaining amount of the consideration under the contract, then a provision is recognised in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(s)(ii).

Revenue for construction contracts was recognised on a similar basis in the comparative period under IAS 11, except for those changes in accounting policies discussed in Note 2(c)(ii).

重大會計政策(續)

2

- (t) 收入及其他收入(續)
 - (i) 建築合同

合同與受客戶控制的幕牆 工程相關時,本集團把與 客戶所訂的合同列作建築 合同,故本集團建築活動 設置或提升受客戶控制的 資產。

倘建築合同的結果能可靠 估計,合同收入使用成本 比例法隨着時間逐步確 認,即以已產生的實際成 本佔估計合同總成本的百 分比為基礎。

本集團就提早完成而賺取 的合同獎勵或因延遲完工 而遭受合同罰款的可能性 於作出該等估計時加以考 慮,因此,僅在已確認累 計收入金額很可能不會大 幅撥回時方會確認收入。

倘合同的結果無法合理計 量,則收入僅以預期可收 回的已產生合同成本為限 予以確認。

倘於任何時間估計完成合同的成本超過合同項下代 價的餘額,則根據附註 2(s)(ii)所載政策確認撥備。

建築合同的收入根據國際 會計準則第11號於可比較 期間按類似基準確認,惟 附註2(c)(ii)中討論的會計 政策相關變動除外。

2

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(t) Revenue and other income (continued)

(ii) Service income

Service income from the rendering of services is recognised when the related services are rendered.

(iii) Sale of raw materials

Sale of raw materials is recognised when control over the raw materials is delivered to the location designated by the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue from sale of raw materials excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any sales discounts.

(iv) Rental income from operating leases

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

重大會計政策(續)

- (t) 收入及其他收入(續)
 - (ii) 服務收入

來自提供服務的服務收入 於提供相關服務後確認。

(iii) 銷售原材料

銷售原材料於原材料運抵 客戶指定地點時,按預期 本集團有權收取的承諾代 價金額確認,不包括代表 第三方收取的任何款項。 銷售原材料的收入不包括 增值税或其他銷售税項, 並已扣除任何貿易折扣。

(iv) 經營租賃的租金收入

經營租賃項下應收租金收 入乃於租賃年期按等額分 期於損益表內確認,惟衡 有更能代表使用租賃。 帶來的收入模式的其低 費 下於損益表內相認為應 收予租金總額的一部分。 或然租金於產生的會計期 間確認為收入。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(t) Revenue and other income (continued)

(v) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(vi) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

(u) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the entity to which they relate at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency of the entity to which they relate at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the Company initially recognises such nonmonetary assets or liabilities.

重大會計政策(續)

2

- (t) 收入及其他收入(續)
 - (v) 利息收入

利息收入於產生時使用實 際利率法確認。

(vi) 政府補貼

倘可合理確定能夠收取政 府補貼,而本集團將符合 政府補貼所附帶條件,則 政府補貼將初步在財務 況表中確認。補償本集財 方產生開支的補貼於產 開支局一期間有系統地 資本集團資產成本的補 貼,在相關資產賬面值中 扣除,其後於該資產的可 使用年期內以減少折舊開 支方式於損益內確認。

(u) 換算外幣

外幣交易乃按於交易日期適用 的外幣匯率換算為其有關的實 體的功能貨幣。以外幣計值的 貨幣資產及負債乃按於報告期 末適用的外幣匯率換算為其有 關的實體的功能貨幣。外匯收 益及虧損乃於損益內確認。

以外幣的歷史成本計量的非貨 幣資產及負債乃使用於交易日 期適用的外幣匯率換算。交易 日為本公司初步確認有關非貨 幣資產或負債的日期。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(u) Translation of foreign currencies (continued)

The results of operations which have a functional currency other than RMB, the Group's presentation currency, are translated into RMB at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into RMB at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

(v) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed. **2** 重大會計政策(續)

(u) 換算外幣(續)

具有人民幣(本集團之列賬貨 幣)以外的功能貨幣的經營業 績乃按與於交易日期適用的外 幣匯率相若的匯率換算為人民 幣。財務狀況表項目乃按於報 告期末的收市外幣匯率換算為 人民幣。所產生的匯兑差額乃 於其他全面收益內確認,並單 獨於權益的匯兑儲備內累計。

(v) 借貸成本

收購、興建或生產需長時間方 可達致其擬定用途或出售的資 產的直接應佔借貸成本乃作為 該資產的成本一部分予以資本 化。其他借貸成本乃於其產生 期間支銷。

資本化借貸成本作為合資格資 產的成本的一部分於資產產生 開支、產生借貸成本及進行使 資產達致其擬定用途或出售的 成本的資本化於進行使合資格 資產達致其擬定用途或出售的 絕大部分活動中止或完成時暫 停或不再進行。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (w) Related parties
 - (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
 - (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).

- 2 重大會計政策(續)
 - (w) 關聯方
 - (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士
 或該人士之近親與本集團
 有關聯:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本 集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團
 母公司的主要管理
 層成員。
 - (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,即 實體與本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬 同一集團之成員公 司(即各自的母公 司、附屬公司及同 系附屬公司相互關 聯)。
 - (ii) 一家實體為另一實 體的聯營公司或合
 營企業(或另一實
 體為成員公司之集
 團旗下成員公司之
 聯營公司或合營企
 業)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| 2 | SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) | | | | | 重大 | 重大會計政策(續) | | |
|---|---|-----------|--------|---|--|------|-----------|--|--|
| | (vv) | (b) An en | | rties (continued) | | (vv) | 關聯 | 方(續) | |
| | | | | ntity is related to the Group if any of the ving conditions applies: <i>(continued)</i> | | | (b) | 倘符合下列任何條件, 即實體與本集團有關聯: <i>(續)</i> | |
| | | | (iii) | Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party. | | | | (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方的合營企業。 | |
| | | | (i∨) | One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity. | | | | (iv) 一間實體為第三方 實體的合營企業, 而另一實體為該第 三方實體的聯營公 司。 | |
| | | | (v) | The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. | | | | (v) 實體為本集團或與 本集團有關聯之實 體就僱員利益設立 的離職福利計劃。 | |
| | | | (vi) | The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a). | | | | (vi) 該實體受(a)所識別 人士控制或受共同 控制。 | |
| | | | (vii) | A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity). | | | | (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對 實體有重大影響力 或屬該實體(或該實 體的母公司)主要管 理層成員。 | |
| | | | (∨iii) | the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent. | | | | (viii) 實體或任何作為集 團一部分的成員公 司向本集團或本集 團的母公司提供主 要管理人員服務。 | |
| | | family | / men | nbers of the family of a person are those nbers who may be expected to influence, or ed by, that person in their dealings with the | | | 易時 | 人士的近親為在與實體交 預期會影響該名人士或受 名人士影響的近親。 | |

entity.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(x) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

2 重大會計政策(續)

(x) 分部報告

經營分部及於財務報表內所申 報的各分部項目的金額乃從定 期提供予本集團最高級行政管 理人員以就本集團多項業務及 多個地理區域進行資源分配及 表現評估的財務資料中識別。

個別重大的經營分部並不就財 務申報目的而予以合併,除非 該等分部具有相似經濟特性, 以及就產品及服務性質、生產 過程性質、客戶類別或種類、 用以分銷產品或提供服務的方 式及監管環境的性質方面相 似。並非個別重大的經營分部 如享有大部分有關條件,則可 予以合併。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

Notes 24 and 29 contain information about the assumptions and the risk factors relating to fair value of shares granted under share award scheme and financial instruments. Other key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

(a) Revenue recognition

As explained in accounting policy Note 2(t), revenue from construction contracts is recognised over time. Such revenue and profit recognition on uncompleted projects is dependent on estimating the total budgeted contract costs of the contract, as well as the contract costs incurred to date. The actual outcomes in the terms of total cost may be higher or lower than estimated at the end of the reporting period, which would affect the revenue and profit recognised in the future years as an adjustment to the amounts recorded to date.

(b) Impairment of receivables and contract assets

Trade receivables and contract assets are reviewed by management at the end of each reporting period to determine the expected credit losses. The management bases the estimates on the historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and assessments of both current and forecast general economic conditions. Credit risk assessments focus on the customers' past history of making payments when due and current ability and willingness to pay, taking into account the financial position of the customers and the macroeconomic environment in which the customers operate. The credit assessments also consider the status of the construction project, i.e. whether there is any delay, any unresolved lawsuits or contentious matters with customers. If the financial conditions of the customers and/or the macroeconomic environment of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to repay, additional impairment provision may be reputed.

3 會計判斷及估計

附註24及29載有關於股份獎勵計劃下 授予的股份及金融工具的公允價值的 假設及風險因素的資料。其他估計不 明朗因素的主要來源如下:

(a) 收入確認

如附註2(t)中的會計政策所述, 建築合同的收入隨著時間確 認。就未完工項目的有關收入 及利潤確認視乎估計合同總預 算合同成本,以及迄今產生的 合同成本而定。有關總成本的 實際結果可能高於或低於報告 期末的估計,其將會影響於未 來年度作為迄今所入賬的金額 的調整確認的收入及利潤。

(b) 應收款及合同資產減值

管理層於各報告期末審閱貿易 應收款及合同資產,以釐定預 期信用損失。管理層的估計以 歷史信用損失經驗為基礎,並 就債務人特定因素及當前及預 期整體經濟狀況的評估作出調 整。信貸風險評估集中於客戶 於到期時作出付款的過往歷 史、目前的實力以及支付意 願, 並考慮客戶的財務狀況及 客戶經營業務所處的宏觀經濟 環境。信貸評估亦考慮建築項 目的狀況(即是否出現延誤、任 何未決訴訟或與客戶的爭議事 件)。倘客戶財務狀況及/或本 集團宏觀經濟環境惡化,導致 彼等還款能力減值,則須再次 加入額外減值撥備。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

(c) Provision for warranties

As explained in Note 26, the Group makes provisions under the warranties it gives on construction of curtain wall systems contracts, taking into account the Group's recent claim experience. As the curtain wall systems required by customers become more complex, it is probable that the recent claim experience is not indicative of future claims that the Group will receive in respect of past construction of curtain wall systems. Any increase or decrease in the provision would affect profit or loss in future years.

(d) Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised. In determining the amount of deferred tax assets to be recognised, significant judgement is required relating to the timing and level of future taxable profits, after taking into account future tax planning strategies. The amount of deferred tax assets recognised at future dates are adjusted if there are significant changes from these estimates.

3 會計判斷及估計(續)

(c) 保修撥備

誠如附註26闡述,本集團經考 慮本集團近期的申索經驗,根 據其就幕牆系統建築合同作出 的保修計提撥備。由於客戶所 要求的幕牆系統日趨複雜,近 期的申索經驗未必能顯示本集 團將就過去幕牆系統建築接獲 的未來申索。撥備的任何增加 或減少將影響未來年度的損益。

(d) 遞延税項

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(a) Revenue

The principal activities of the Group are the design, procurement, production, sale and installation of curtain wall systems. Further details regarding the Group's principal activities are disclosed in Note 4(b).

(i) Disaggregation of revenue

All of the Group's revenue is arising from construction contracts. The majority of the Group's revenue is recognised over time. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by timing of revenue recognition is as follows:

| (1/3/25 | 1 J J H V J V I | |
|---------|-----------------|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

收入及分部報告

(a) 收入

本集團的主要業務為設計、採 購、生產、銷售及安裝幕牆系 統。有關本集團主要業務的進 一步詳情於附註4(b)中討論。

(i) 收入分析

本集團所有收入來自建築 合同。本集團大部分收入 於一段時間內確認。按收 入確認時間劃分的來自客 戶合同之收入分析載列如 下:

| 2018 | 2017 |
|----------------|---------|
| 2018 年 | 2017年 |
| RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |

| Revenue from contracts with customers within the | 國際財務報告準則 第 15 號範圍內的 | | |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| scope of IFRS 15 | 來自客戶合同之收入 | | |
| Over time | 於一段時間內 | 4,421,881 | 5,562,715 |
| Point in time | 於某個時間點 | 193,823 | 125,935 |
| | - | 4,615,704 | 5,688,650 |
| Disaggregation of revenue by geographis disclosed in Note 4(b)(iii). | 按地理市场 附註4(b)(iii | 易的收入分析於)披露。 | |

Revenue represents contract revenue derived from the design, procurement, production, sale and installation of curtain wall systems. 收入指設計、採購、生 產、銷售及安裝幕牆系統 產生的合同收入。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

4 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

(a) Revenue (continued)

(i) Disaggregation of revenue (continued)

The Group's customer base is diversified. There was no customer with transactions that exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue for the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2017.

(ii) Revenue expected to be recognised in the future arising from contracts with customers in existence at the reporting date

As at 31 December 2018, the aggregated amount of the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations under the Group's existing contracts is RMB9,867.2 million. This amount represents revenue expected to be recognised in the future from construction contracts entered into by the customers with the Group. The Group will recognise the expected revenue in future when or as the work is completed, which is expected to occur over the next 48 months.

As at 31 December 2018, the aggregated amount of the expected transaction price of the potential contracts (including tax) of which the Group has won the bidding is RMB4,090.7 million.

The above amounts do not include any amounts of completion bonuses that the Group may earn in the future by meeting the conditions set out in the Group's construction contracts with customers, unless at the reporting date it is highly probable that the Group will satisfy the conditions for earning those bonuses.

收入及分部報告(續)

- (a) 收入(*續*)
 - (i) 收入分析(續)

本集團客戶基礎多元化。 截至2018年及2017年12 月31日止年度,概無與客 戶之交易超過本集團收入 的10%。

(ii) 預期未來將就於報告日期 存績的客戶合同確認的收 入

於2018年12月31日,分 配至本集團現有合同項下 餘下履約責任的交易價總 額為人民幣9,867.2百萬 元。該金額指預期日後將 就客戶與本集團訂立的建 築合同確認的收入。本集 團將於日後工程完成時確 認預期收入,預期於未來 48個月內發生。

於2018年12月31日,本 集團中標的潛在合同的預 期交易價總額(包括税項) 為人民幣4,090.7百萬元。

上述金額不包括本集團日 後通過符合本集團與客戶 建築合同當中所載條件而 可能賺取的完工獎勵的任 何金額,除非於報告日期 本集團將很可能滿足賺取 該等獎勵的條件。

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its businesses by geographical locations of the construction contracts in a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment. In view of the increasing significance of the Group's overseas business and the continuous integration of its domestic business, the Group has changed the way in how operating segments are presented and reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment. The five domestic operating segments were combined into one operating segment, namely "Domestic" for the year ended 31 December 2018. As a result, the Group has presented the following two reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

- Domestic: comprises construction contracts carried out in the mainland China.
- Overseas: comprises construction contracts carried out outside of the mainland China.

收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告

本集團按建築合同的地理位置 劃分管理其業務,其方式與就 資源分配及績效考核向本集團 最高行政管理人員內部呈報資 料的方式一致。鑑於本集團海 外業務的比重越來越大及不斷 整合其國內業務,為分配資源 及績效考核,本集團已更改各 分部向集團最高行政管理人員 內部呈報資料的方式。截至 2018年12月31日止年度,國 內五個經營分部已合併為一個 經營分部,即[國內]。因此, 本集團呈列以下兩個可呈報分 部。並無合併經營分部以組成 以下可呈報經營分部:

- 國內:由在中國內地進行 的建築合同組成。
- 海外:由在中國內地以外 地區進行的建築合同組 成。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

(b) Segment reporting (continued)

(i) Segment results

For the purpose of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's most senior executive management monitors the results attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

In view of the increasing competiveness within the curtain wall systems industry, the management considers it is more important to focus on the probability of the construction projects within each of the segment identified by the Group. As a result, certain information to be reported internally to the Group's most senior executive has been changed in 2018. Consequently, the measure previously used for reporting segment result has been changed to "adjusted gross profit" (i.e. gross profit after impairment losses for trade receivables and contract assets) from "gross profit". Comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to the current year's segment presentation.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to revenue generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments. No significant intersegment sales have occurred for the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2017. The Group's other operating expenses, such as selling and administrative expenses (excluding impairment losses for trade receivables and contract assets) and finance costs, are not measured under individual segments.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Group's most senior executive management monitor the Group's assets and liabilities as a whole, accordingly, no segment assets and liabilities information is presented.

- 收入及分部報告(續)
 - (b) 分部報告(續)
 - (i) 分部業績

就評估分部表現及於各分 部間分配資源而言,本集 團最高行政管理人員按以 下基準監控各可申報分部 應佔的業績:

收入及開支乃參考可申報 分部產生的收入及其產生 的開支而分配至該等分 部。截至2018年及2017 年12月31日止年度,並未 錄得任何重大的分部間銷 售。本集團的其他營運開 支如銷售及行政開支(不 包括貿易應收款及合同資 產)及融資成本,並未於 獨立分部下計算。

截至2018年12月31日止 年度,本集團最高行政管 理人員監管本集團的整體 資產及負債,因此,並無 呈列分部資產及負債資 料。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| RE\ | /ENU | E AND SEGMENT REPORTING (| continued) 4 | 收入及分 | 部報告(<i>續</i>) | |
|-----|--|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|
| (b) | Segr | ment reporting (continued) | | (b) 分部 | 報告 <i>(續)</i> | |
| | - | | | . , | | |
| | (i) | Segment results (continued) | | (i) | 分部業績 (續 | ·) |
| | Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2017 is set out below. | | | | 截至2018年及2017年12 月31日止年度,有關提供 予本集團最高行政管理人 員以分配資源及評估分部 表現的本集團可申報分部 資料載列如下。 | |
| | | | | Domestic 國內 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2018 2018年 Overseas 海外 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| | | Revenue from external customers and reportable segment revenue | 來自外部客戶的收入 及可申報分部收入 | 2,247,575 | 2,368,129 | 4,615,704 |
| | | Reportable segment adjusted gross profit | 可申報分部經調整毛利 | 360,904 | 350,084 | 710,988 |
| | | | | Domestic 國內 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 <i>(Note)</i> 2017年 <i>(附註)</i> Overseas 海外 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| | | Revenue from external customers and reportable segment revenue | 來自外部客戶的收入 及可申報分部收入 | 3,273,400 | 2,415,250 | 5,688,650 |
| | | Reportable segment adjusted gross profit | 可申報分部經調整毛利 | 434,567 | 351,514 | 786,081 |
| | | <i>Note:</i> The Group has initially applied IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Unde methods chosen, comparative not restated as a result of the in | er the transition information is | | 1日首〕 務報告 | 於2018年1月 欠應用國際財 準則第15號及 務報告準則第9 |

of IFRS 15 and IFRS 9. See Note 2(c).

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1 日 首次應 用 國際財 務報告準則第 15號及 國際財務報告準則第 9 號。根據所選擇的過 渡方法,由於首次應 用國際財務報告準則 第 15號及國際財務報 告準則第 9號,比較資 料不予重列。有關詳 情請參閲附註2(c)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

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| ŀ | RE\ | /ENU | E AND SEGMENT REPORTING (continued) | 4 | 收入 | 及分 | 部報告 (續) | |
|---|-----|------|---|---|-----|------|----------------|------|
| | (b) | Seg | ment reporting (continued) | | (b) | 分部 | 報告 <i>(續)</i> | |
| | | (ii) | Reconciliation of reportable segment profit or loss | | | (ii) | 可呈報分部損益之 | 對賬 |
| | | | | | | | 2018 | 2017 |

| | | 2018 年 | 2017年 |
|--|--------------|----------------|-----------|
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | (Note) |
| | | | (附註) |
| Reportable segment adjusted gross profit | 可呈報分部經調整毛利 | 710,988 | 786,081 |
| Other income | 其他收入 | 172,741 | 108,949 |
| Selling expenses | 銷售費用 | (91,112) | (95,217) |
| Administrative expenses (exclusive of losses | 行政開支(不包括貿易 | | |
| for trade receivables and contract assets) | 應收款及合同資產虧損) | (565,949) | (508,740) |
| Expected credit losses of financial and | 金融資產及合同資產的預期 | | |
| contract assets | 信用損失 | (3,739) | - |
| Finance costs | 融資成本 | (68,767) | (232,801) |
| Profit before taxation | 税前利潤 | 154,162 | 58,272 |
| | | | |

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c).

附註:本集團於2018 年1 月 1 日首次應用國際財 務報告準則第15號。 根據所選擇的過渡方 法,比較資料不予重 列。有關詳情請參閱 附註2(c)。

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

4 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

(b) Segment reporting (continued)

(iii) Geographic information

The following tables set out information about the geographical location of the Group's (i) revenue from external customers and (ii) property, plant and equipment and lease prepayments (the "specified non-current assets"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the construction contracts are carried out. The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is determined based on the physical location of the assets. For overseas construction contracts, the Group further divided the customers based on regions, where each country within the region shares similar characteristics as to the depth of the Group's penetration in the market and industry practices.

- 收入及分部報告(續)
 - (b) 分部報告(續)

(iii) 地理資料

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| 4 | REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (continued) | | | | 4 | 收入及分部報告(續) | | | |
|---|---|------|---------|--|---|------------|-------|----|-------------------|
| | (b) | Segr | ment re | eporting (continued) | | (b) | 分部 | 續) | |
| | (iii) Geographic information (continued) | | | graphic information (continued) | | | (iii) | 地理 | 資料 (續) |
| | | | a. | The Group's revenue from external customers: | | | | a. | 本集團來自外部客 戶的收入: |

| 2018 | 2017 |
|---------------|---------|
| 2018 年 | 2017年 |
| RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | (Note) |
| | (附註) |

4,615,704

| Revenue from contracts with | 國際財務報告準則 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| customers within the scope | 第 15 號範圍內的 |
| of IFRS 15 | 來自客戶合同之收 |
| Disaggregated by geographical | 按客戶地理位置劃分 |

來自客戶合同之收入 安客戶地理位置劃分

| location of customers | | | |
|--------------------------|--------|-----------|-----------|
| Mainland China | 中國內地 | 2,247,575 | 3,273,400 |
| United Kingdom | 英國 | 674,327 | 517,771 |
| Australia | 澳洲 | 597,794 | 401,261 |
| United States of America | 美利堅合眾國 | 582,202 | 366,559 |
| Others | 其他 | 513,806 | 1,129,659 |
| | | 2,368,129 | 2,415,250 |

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c).

附註:本集團於2018 年1月1日首次 應用國際財務 報告準則第15 號。根據所選擇 的過渡方法,比 較資料不予重 列。有關詳情請 參閱附註2(c)。

5,688,650

參閲附註2(c)。

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) 財務報表附註(續)

| | | | | (Expr | | | otherwise indicated) ,以人民幣為單位) |
|-----|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| RE | VENUE AN | ID SEGMENT REPORTING (col | ntinued) 4 | 收入 | 及分音 | 部報告(<i>續</i>) | |
| (b) | Segment | reporting (continued) | | (b) | 分部 | 報告 <i>(續)</i> | |
| | (iii) Geo | ographic information (continued) | | | (iii) | 地理資料(| 續) |
| | b. The Group's specified non-current assets: | | | | b. 本集團的指定; 動資產: | | |
| | | | | | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 ⊾民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i> |
| | | Mainland China | 中國內地 | | | 783,240 | 1,203,171 |
| | | Overseas | 海外 | _ | | 12,947 | 14,621 |
| | | | | - | | 796,187 | 1,217,792 |
| | <i>Note:</i> The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c). | | | | | 附註: | 本集團於2018 年1月1日首次 應日期 關聯 報告準則第15 號過渡方法,比 較資料不予重 列。有關詳情請 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

5 **OTHER INCOME**

5 其他收入

| | | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-------------------------|----------------|---------|
| | | 2018 年 | 2017年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | |
| Government grants | 政府補助 | 24,776 | 6,828 |
| Rental income from operating leases | 經營租賃租金收入 | 521 | 1,394 |
| Net income from provision of repairs | 提供維修及保養服務 | | |
| and maintenance services | 的淨收入 | 827 | 2,060 |
| Net (loss)/gain from sale of scrap materials | 銷售廢棄材料的 | | |
| | 淨(虧損)/收益 | (1,276) | 284 |
| Net gain on disposal of property, plant and | 出售物業、廠房及設備、 | | |
| equipment, land use rights and assets | 土地使用權及分類為持作 | | |
| classified as held for sale (Note (i)) | 出售資產的淨收益 <i>(附註(</i>)) | 147,893 | 98,383 |
| | | 172,741 | 108,949 |
| | | | |
| Note: | 附註 | : | |

(i) The amounts included a net gain of RMB100.5 million arising from disposal of land use rights and properties classified as assets classified as held for sale. Further details of the transaction are set out in Note 20.

附註:

該款項包括出售分類為持作出售資 (i) 產的土地使用權及物業產生的淨收 益人民幣100.5百萬元。交易的進一 步詳情載於附註20。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| 6 | PRO | OFIT BEFORE TAXATION | 6 | 税育 | | |
|---|------|---|---|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Prof | it before taxation is arrived at after charging | y/(crediting): | | 前利潤乃經扣除/(}出: | (計入)以下各項 |
| | (a) | Finance costs: | | (a) | 融資成本: | |
| | | | | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| | | Interest on borrowings Bank charges and other finance costs | 借貸利息 銀行手續費及 其他融資成本 | | 145,853 27,174 | 152,680 17,124 |
| | | Total borrowing costs (Note 19(b)) Interest income Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss Net gain on forward foreign exchange contracts: | 總借貸成本(附註19(b), 利息收入 外匯(收益)/虧損淨額 遠期外匯合約收益淨額 | | 173,027 (4,797) (78,923) | 169,804 (4,749) 114,057 |
| | | net gain on cash flow hedging instruments reclassified from equity (Note 10(b)) | 一自權益重新分類的 現金流量對沖工 收益淨額 <i>(附註10(b))</i> | 具 | (4,476) | (6,131) |
| | | net gain on other forward foreign exchange contracts | - 其他遠期外匯合約 收益淨額 | | (16,064) | (40,180) |
| | | | | | 68,767 | 232,801 |
| | | No borrowing costs have been capitalise ended 31 December 2018 (2017: RMBN | - | | 於截至2018年 度並無借貸成本 | |

度並無借貸成本被資本化(201 年:人民幣零元)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

6 **PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION** (continued)

税前利潤(續)

6

(b) Staff costs[#]:

(b) 員工成本#:

| | | 2018 | 2017 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------|
| | | 2018 年 | 2017年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | |
| Salaries, wages and other benefits | 薪金、工資及其他福利 | 650,856 | 576,091 |
| Contributions to defined contribution | 向界定供款退休計劃供款 | | |
| retirement plans | | 74,805 | 74,649 |
| | | 705 661 | |
| | | 725,661 | 650,740 |

Note:

The employees of the subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC participate in defined contribution retirement benefit schemes managed by the local government authorities, whereby these subsidiaries are required to contribute to the schemes at rates ranging from 12% to 20% of the employees' basic salaries. Employees of these subsidiaries are entitled to retirement benefits, calculated based on a percentage of the average salaries level in the PRC, from the above mentioned retirement schemes at their normal retirement age.

The employees of the subsidiaries of the Group established outside of the PRC participate in defined contribution retirement benefit schemes managed by the respective local government authorities, whereby these subsidiaries are required to contribute to the respective schemes at rates stipulated by the relevant rules and regulations of the respective jurisdictions.

The Group does not have any further material obligations for payments of other retirement benefits beyond the above annual contributions. 附註:

本集團於中國成立的附屬公司的僱 員參與地方政府機關管理的界定供 款退休福利計劃,據此,中國附屬 公司須按僱員基本薪金12%至20% 向該等計劃供款。中國附屬公司僱 員於達致正常退休年齡時有權按上 述退休計劃享有按中國平均薪金水 平百分比計算的退休福利。

本集團於中國境外成立的附屬公司 的僱員參與其各自地方政府機關管 理的界定供款退休福利計劃,據 此,海外附屬公司須按各司法權區 的相關規則及法規所訂明的比率向 各計劃供款。

本集團毋須承擔支付上述年度供款以外的任何其他重大退休福利責任。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

元),而上述金額亦計入在上

文或附註6(b)中單獨披露的各

類開支中。

| ; | PRO | DFIT BEFORE TAXATION (continued) | 6 | 税前 | ň利潤 (續) | | |
|---|-----|---|--|-----|---|--|--|
| | (C) | Other items: | | (C) | 其他項目: | | |
| | | | | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i> | |
| | | Depreciation and amortisation [#] (Notes 12 and 13) Impairment losses on trade and | 折舊及攤銷 [#] <i>(附註 12 及 13)</i> 貿易及其他應收款及 | | 52,471 | 59,404 | |
| | | other receivables and contract assets Operating lease charges in respect of land, plant and buildings, motor | 合同資產減值虧損 有關土地、廠房及樓宇 汽車及其他設備的 | ` | 193,754 | 462,838 | |
| | | vehicles and other equipment# | 經營租賃開支# | | 21,629 | 29,489 | |
| | | Auditors' remuneration | 核數師薪酬 | | 13,102 | 11,081 | |
| | | Research and development costs [#] Increase in provision for warranties [#] | 研發成本 [#] 保修撥備增加 [#] (<i>附註26</i> | ;) | 175,616 | 211,442 | |
| | | (Note 26) | | | 83,093 | 91,196 | |
| | | Cost of inventories [#] (Note 15(a)) | 存貨成本 [#] (附註15(a)) | | 3,714,701 | 4,439,731 | |
| | | <i>Note:</i> The Group has initially applied IFRS at 1 January 2018. Under the tran chosen, comparative information is no Note 2(c). | sition methods | | 附註:本集團於2018年1月1日首 次應用國際財務報告準則第 15號及國際財務報告準則第 9號。根據所選擇的過渡方 法,比較資料不予重列。有 關詳情請參閱附註2(c)。 | | |
| | | Cost of inventories includes RMB468. year ended 31 December 2018 (20 million), relating to staff costs, de amortisation expenses, operating research and development costs ar warranties, which amount is also i | 17: RMB531.3 preciation and lease charges, nd provision for | | 存貨成本包 舊及攤銷開 支、研發成 關的成本人 | E12月31日止年度 包括員工成本、折 包支、經營租賃開 之本及保修撥備有 民幣468.9百萬元 人民幣531.3百萬 | |

respective total amounts disclosed separately above

or in Note 6(b) for each of these types of expenses.

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| IN | COME TAX | 7 | 所得 | 税 | |
|-----|---|---|-----|-----------------------------------|---|
| (a) | Income tax in the consolidated statement represents: | of profit or loss | (a) | 合併損益表內的 | 所得税指: |
| | | | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i> |
| | Current taxation <i>(Note 25(a))</i> : – Provision for corporate income tax in respective jurisdictions – Over provision in respect of | 即期税項(<i>附註25(a))</i> : 一按各司法權區計提 企業所得税撥備 | | 17,922 | 46,204 |
| | prior years | 一過往年度超額撥備 | | | (13,840) |
| | | | | 17,922 | 32,364 |
| | Deferred taxation <i>(Note 25(b))</i> : – Origination and reversal of temporary differences | 遞延税項 <i>(附註25(b))</i> : 一暫時差額的產生 及撥回 | | 48,069 | (59,821) |
| | | | | 65,991 | (27,457) |
| | <i>Note:</i> The Group has initially applied IFRS at 1 January 2018. Under the tran chosen, comparative information is n Note 2(c). | nsition methods | | 次應用國際 15號及國際 9號。根據 | 2018年1月1日首 祭財務報告準則第 祭財務報告準則第 所選擇的過渡方 餐料不予重列。有 |

關詳情請參閱附註2(c)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| OME TAX (continued) | 7 | 所得 | 税 (續) | |
|--|---|-----|-----------------------------------|---|
| Reconciliation between tax expense an profit at applicable tax rates: | nd accounting | (b) | 税項開支與按述 會計利潤的對賬 | |
| | | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i> |
| Profit before taxation | 税前利潤 | | 154,162 | 58,272 |
| Expected tax on profit before taxation, calculated at the rates applicable to profits in the jurisdictions concerned (<i>Notes (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)</i>) | 按利潤相關司法權區 適用税率計算的税前 利潤預期税項 (附註(i)、(ii)、(iii)及(iv)) | | 45,166 | 16,889 |
| Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Tax effect of non-taxable income Tax effect of utilisation of prior years' unused tax losses previously not recognised | 不可扣税開支的税務影響 非税收入的税務影響 動用先前未確認過往 年度未動用税項虧損 的税務影響 | | 2,850 (7,698) (126) | 17,555 - (21,754 |
| Tax effect of unused tax losses not recognised | ^{的优奶影響} 未確認未動用税項虧損 的税務影響 | | 44,231 | 6,255 |
| Over provision in respect of prior years | 過往年度超額撥備 | | - | (13,840) |
| Tax concessions (Note (v)) | 税項減免(<i>附註(v</i>)) | | (18,432) | (32,562 |
| Income tax | 所得税 | | 65,991 | (27,457) |

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c).

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附註:本集團於2018年1月1日首次應用國際財務報告準則第 15號及國際財務報告準則第 9號。根據所選擇的過渡方法,比較資料不予重列。有 關詳情請參閱附註2(c)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

7 **INCOME TAX** (continued)

(b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates: *(continued)*

Notes:

- (i) The Company and the subsidiaries of the Group incorporated in Hong Kong are subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% for the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: 16.5%). No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Company and the subsidiaries of the Group incorporated in Hong Kong did not have assessable profits subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: RMBNil).
- (ii) The Company and a subsidiary of the Group incorporated in the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands, respectively, are not subject to any income tax pursuant to the rules and regulations of their respective countries of incorporation.
- (iii) The subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC are subject to PRC Corporate Income Tax rate of 25% for the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: 25%).
- (iv) The subsidiaries of the Group incorporated in countries other than the PRC (including Hong Kong), the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands, are subject to income tax rates ranging from 8.5% to 35% for the year ended 31 December 2018 pursuant to the rules and regulations of their respective countries of incorporation (2017: 8.5% to 35%).
- (v) One of the subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC has obtained approval from the tax bureau to be taxed as an enterprise with advanced and new technologies for the period from 2017 to August 2020 and therefore enjoys a preferential PRC Corporate Income Tax rate of 15% for the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: 15%). In addition to the preferential PRC Corporate Income Tax rate, this subsidiary entitles an additional tax deductible allowance amounted to 75% (2017:50%) of the qualified research and development costs incurred in the PRC by this subsidiary.

7 所得税(續)

(b) 税項開支與按適用税率計算的 會計利潤的對賬:(續)

附註:

- (i) 本公司及本集團於香港註冊 成立的附屬公司於截至2018 年12月31日止年度須按 16.5%(2017年:16.5%)的 税率繳納香港利得税。由於 本公司及本集團於香港註冊 成立的附屬公司於截至2018 年12月31日止年度概無須 繳納香港利得税的應課税利 潤,故並無計提香港利得税 撥備(2017年:人民幣零元)。
- (ii) 根據各自註冊成立國家的規則及法規,分別於開曼群島及英屬處女群島註冊成立的本公司及本集團一家附屬公司毋須繳納任何所得税。
- (iii) 本集團於中國成立的附屬公司於截至2018年12月31日止年度須按25%(2017年: 25%)的税率繳納中國企業所得税。
- (iv) 根據各自註冊成立國家的規則及法規,本集團於中國(包括香港)、開曼群島及英屬處女群島以外國家註冊成立的附屬公司須於截至2018年12月31日止年度內按8.5%至35%不等的所得税率繳納所得税(2017年:8.5%至35%)。
- (v) 本集團其中一家於中國成立的附屬公司已獲得税務局批准自2017年至2020年8月止的曆年起作為高新技術企業繳納税項,故截至2018年12月31日止年度享有15%(2017年:15%)的中國企業所得税優惠税率。除享有中國企業所得税優惠税率。除享有中國企業所得税優惠税率之外,該附屬公司有資格享受於中國產生的合資格研發成本的75%(2017年:50%)加計扣除金額。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

8 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

8 董事酬金

根據香港公司條例第383(1)章及公司 (披露董事利益資料)規例第二部份披 露的董事酬金詳情如下:

| | | | : | 2018 | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|------------|--------------|---------------|---------|
| | | | 20 |)18年 | |
| | | | Salaries, | | |
| | | | allowances | | |
| | | | and benefits | Retirement | |
| | | | in kind | scheme | |
| | | Directors' | 薪金、 | contributions | |
| | | fees | 津貼及 | 退休計劃 | Tota |
| | | 董事袍金 | 實物福利 | 供款 | 總計 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Executive directors | 執行董事 | | | | |
| Mr Kang Baohua | 康寶華先生 | - | 188 | 37 | 22 |
| Mr Zhang Lei | 張雷先生 | - | 321 | 35 | 35 |
| Mr Li Hongren | 李洪人先生 | - | 2,683 | 40 | 2,72 |
| Mr Liu Futao | 劉福濤先生 | - | 2,412 | 40 | 2,45 |
| Mr Ma Minghui | 馬明輝先生 | - | 1,616 | 40 | 1,65 |
| Mr Wang Hao | 王昊先生 | - | 432 | 42 | 47 |
| Independent non-executive directors | 獨立非執行董事 | | | | |
| Mr Poon Chiu Kwok | 潘昭國先生 | 211 | - | - | 21 |
| Mr Woo Kar Tung, Raymond | 胡家棟先生 | 211 | - | - | 21 |
| Mr Pang Chung Fai, Benny | 彭中輝先生 | 211 | - | - | 21 |
| | | 633 | 7,652 | 234 | 8,51 |
| | | | | | |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

8 **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION** (continued)

8 董事酬金(續)

| | | | | 017 17年 | |
|---|-----------------|------------|--------------|---------------|---------|
| | | | Salaries, | 17 | |
| | | | allowances | Retirement | |
| | | | and benefits | scheme | |
| | | Directors' | in kind | contributions | |
| | | fees | 薪金、津貼 | 退休 | Total |
| | | 董事袍金 | 及實物福利 | 計劃供款 | 總計 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Executive directors | 執行董事 | | | | |
| Mr Kang Baohua | 康寶華先生 | - | 190 | 37 | 227 |
| Mr Zhang Lei | 張雷先生 | - | 1,633 | 38 | 1,671 |
| Mr Li Hongren (appointed on 8 February 2017) | 李洪人先生 | | | | |
| | (於2017年2月8日獲委任) | - | 1,958 | 39 | 1,997 |
| Mr Liu Futao (appointed on 8 February 2017) | 劉福濤先生 | | | | |
| | (於2017年2月8日獲委任) | - | 1,841 | 39 | 1,880 |
| Mr Ma Minghui (appointed on 8 February 2017) | 馬明輝先生 | | | | |
| | (於2017年2月8日獲委任) | - | 693 | 39 | 732 |
| Mr Wang Hao (appointed on 8 February 2017) | 王昊先生 | | | | |
| | (於2017年2月8日獲委任) | - | 612 | 39 | 651 |
| Mr Tian Shouliang (resigned on 8 February 2017) | 田守良先生 | | | | |
| | (於2017年2月8日辭任) | - | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| Mr Guo Zhongshan (resigned on 8 February 2017) | 郭忠山先生 | | | | |
| | (於2017年2月8日辭任) | - | 66 | 3 | 69 |
| Mr Wang Yijun (resigned on 8 February 2017) | 王義君先生 | | | | |
| | (於2017年2月8日辭任) | - | 215 | 3 | 218 |
| Mr Wang Lihui (resigned on 8 February 2017) | 王立輝先生 | | | | |
| | (於2017年2月8日辭任) | - | 211 | 3 | 214 |
| Independent non-executive directors | 獨立非執行董事 | | | | |
| Mr Poon Chiu Kwok | 潘昭國先生 | 217 | - | - | 217 |
| Mr Woo Kar Tung, Raymond | 胡家棟先生 | 217 | - | - | 217 |
| Mr Pang Chung Fai, Benny | 彭中輝先生 | 217 | - | - | 217 |
| | | 651 | 7,422 | 241 | 8,314 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

9 INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, two (2017: two) of them are directors of the Company. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the three individuals (2017: three) who are not directors are as follows:

9 最高薪酬人士

五名最高薪酬人士中,兩名(2017 年:2名)為本公司董事。並非董事的 該三名人士(2017年:3名)的薪酬總 額如下:

| | | 2018 | 2017 | | |
|--|------------------|------------------------------|---------|--|--|
| | | 2018 年 | 2017年 | | |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | | |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | | |
| Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind | 薪金、津貼及實物福利 | 5,239 | 5,157 | | |
| Discretionary bonuses | 酌情花紅 | 380 | 380 | | |
| Retirement scheme contributions | 退休計劃供款 | 797 | 899 | | |
| | | 6,416 | 6,436 | | |
| who are amongst the five highest paid indi | bonuses 酌情花紅 | 本集團五名最高薪酬但並非董 士的薪酬介乎以下範圍: | | | |
| are within the following bands: | | | | | |

| | | 2018 2018年 | 2017 2017年 |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| (In HK\$) | (港元) | | |
| 2,000,001-2,500,000 | 2,000,001至2,500,000 | 2 | 2 |
| 2,500,001-3,000,000 | 2,500,001至3,000,000 | 1 | 1 |

other comprehensive income

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) 財務報表附註(續)

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

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| 10 | OTH | IER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME | 10 | 其他 | 2全面收益 | |
|----|-----|--|---------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | (a) | Tax effect relating to each compone comprehensive income | ent of other | (a) | 有關其他全面地的税務影響 | 汝益各組成部分 |
| | | | | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| | | Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of the Company and certain subsidiaries into presentation currency (before and after tax) | 換算本集團及若干附屬 財務報表為呈列貨幣 匯兑差額(税前及税後 | 約 | (17,017) | 94,903 |
| | | Cash flow hedge: net movement in the hedging reserve – Before tax amount – Tax expense | 現金流量對沖: 對沖儲備變動淨額 一税前金額 一税項開支 | | (1,625) 404 | 13,309 (3,328) |
| | | – Net of tax amount | 一淨税額 | | (1,221) | 9,981 |
| | | Other comprehensive income | 其他全面收益 | | (18,238) | 104,884 |
| | (b) | Components of other comprehensive inco reclassification adjustments | me, including | (b) | 有關其他全面4 包括重新分類調 | |
| | | | | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| | | Cash flow hedges: Effective portion of changes in fair value of hedging instruments | 現金流量對沖: 於年內確認的對沖工具 公允價值變動的有效; | 部分 | | |
| | | recognised during the year Reclassification adjustments for amounts transferred to profit or | 轉撥至損益金額的重新 分類調整(<i>附註6(a))</i> | | 2,851 | 19,440 |
| | | loss (Note 6(a)) | | | (4,476) | (6,131) |
| | | Net deferred tax charged to other comprehensive income (Note 25(b)) | 於其他全面收益扣除的 税項淨額(<i>附註25 (b</i>) | | 404 | (3,328) |
| | | Net movement in the hedging reserve during the year recognised in | 於其他全面收益確認的 年內對沖儲備變動淨 | 額 | ((001) | 0.001 |

(1,221) 9,981

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE 11

Basic earnings per share (a)

The basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2018 is calculated based on the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of RMB79.1 million (2017: RMB60.7 million) and the weighted average of 6,208,147,000 ordinary shares (2017: 6,208,147,000 ordinary shares) in issue during the year ended 31 December 2018.

(b) Diluted earnings per share

There were no dilutive potential shares outstanding during the years ended 31 December 2018 and 2017.

每股基本及攤薄盈利 11

每股基本盈利 (a)

截至2018年12月31日止年度 每股基本盈利根據本公司股東 應佔利潤人民幣79.1百萬元 (2017年:人民幣60.7百萬元) 及於本年度已發行加權平均數 6,208,147,000股普通股(2017 年:6,208,147,000股普通股) 計算。

每股攤薄盈利 (b)

> 於截至2018年及2017年12月 31日止年度概無具潛在攤薄效 應的股份發行在外。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

12 物業、廠房及設備

| | | | | Motor vehicles | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|--------------|-----------|
| | | | Machinery | and other | | |
| | | Plant and | and | equipment | Construction | |
| | | buildings | equipment | 汽車及 | in progress | Total |
| | | 廠房及樓宇 | 機器及設備 | 其他設備 | 在建工程 | 總計 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Cost: | 成本: | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2017 | 於2017年1月1日 | 639,720 | 391,442 | 195,292 | 11,508 | 1,237,962 |
| Exchange adjustments | 匯兑調整 | (25) | (248) | (439) | - | (712) |
| Additions | 添置 | 244 | - | 815 | 585 | 1,644 |
| Disposals | 出售 | (55,545) | (2,920) | (12,987) | - | (71,452) |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於2017年12月31日 | 584,394 | 388,274 | 182,681 | 12,093 | 1,167,442 |
| Accumulated depreciation: | 累計折舊: | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2017 | 於2017年1月1日 | (154,314) | (236,110) | (151,812) | - | (542,236) |
| Exchange adjustments | 匯兑調整 | 28 | 25 | 436 | - | 489 |
| Charge for the year | 年內折舊 | (17,390) | (18,307) | (9,328) | - | (45,025) |
| Written back on disposals | 出售撥回 | 22,396 | 2,608 | 11,628 | - | 36,632 |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於2017年12月31日 | (149,280) | (251,784) | (149,076) | - | (550,140) |
| Net book value: | 賬面淨值: | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於2017年12月31日 | 435,114 | 136,490 | 33,605 | 12,093 | 617,302 |
| Cost: | 成本: | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2018 | 於2018年1月1日 | 584,394 | 388,274 | 182,681 | 12,093 | 1,167,442 |
| Exchange adjustments | 匯兑調整 | (205) | (261) | 735 | - | 269 |
| Additions | 添置 | 10,749 | 395 | 756 | - | 11,900 |
| Disposals | 出售 | (17,008) | (2,788) | (7,710) | - | (27,506) |
| Reclassified to assets classified | 重新分類至分類為持作 | (450.000) | | | (11,500) | (404.000) |
| as held for sale (Note 20) | 出售資產(附註20) | (150,298) | - | - | (11,508) | (161,806) |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於2018年12月31日 | 427,632 | 385,620 | 176,462 | | 990,299 |
| Accumulated depreciation: | 累計折舊: | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2018 | 於2018年1月1日 | (149,280) | (251,784) | (149,076) | - | (550,140) |
| Exchange adjustments | 匯兑調整 | (6) | 155 | (589) | - | (440) |
| Charge for the year | 年內折舊 | (16,287) | (17,680) | (6,607) | - | (40,574) |
| Written back on disposals | 出售撥回 | 4,103 | 1,522 | 7,221 | - | 12,846 |
| Reclassified to assets classified | 重新分類至分類為持作 | | | | | |
| as held for sale (Note 20) | 出售資產 <i>(附註20)</i> | 15,838 | - | - | - | 15,838 |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於2018年12月31日 | (145,632) | (267,787) | (149,051) | - | (562,470) |
| Net book value: | 賬面淨值: | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於2018年12月31日 | 282,000 | 117,833 | 27,411 | 585 | 427,829 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

12 **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT** (continued)

At 31 December 2018, property certificates of certain properties with an aggregate net book value of RMB84.4 million (31 December 2017: RMB87.6 million) are yet to be obtained.

13 LEASE PREPAYMENTS

12 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於2018年12月31日,若干總賬面淨 值為人民幣84.4百萬元(2017年12月 31日:人民幣87.6百萬元)的物業尚 未取得物業證書。

13 預付租金

| | | 2018 | 2017 |
|-----------------------------------|------------|----------------|-----------|
| | | 2018 年 | 2017年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Cost: | 成本: | | |
| At 1 January | 於1月1日 | 707,389 | 718,878 |
| Additions | 添置 | - | 558 |
| Disposals | 處置 | - | (12,047) |
| Reclassified to assets classified | 重新分類至分類為持作 | | |
| as held for sale (Note 20) | 出售資產(附註20) | (272,384) | - |
| At 31 December | 於12月31日 | 435,005 | 707,389 |
| Accumulated amortisation: | 累計攤銷: | | |
| At 1 January | 於1月1日 | (106,899) | (95,232) |
| Charge for the year | 年內費用 | (11,897) | (14,379) |
| Written back on disposals | 出售時撇銷 | - | 2,712 |
| Reclassified to assets classified | 重新分類至分類為持作 | | |
| as held for sale (Note 20) | 出售資產(附註20) | 52,149 | - |
| At 31 December | 於12月31日 | (66,647) | (106,899) |
| Net book value: | 賬面淨值: | | |
| At 31 December | 於12月31日 | 368,358 | 600,490 |
| | | | |

Lease prepayments represented land use right premiums paid by the Group for land situated in the PRC. At 31 December 2018, land use right certificates of certain land use rights with an aggregate carrying value of RMB5.2 million (31 December 2017: RMB5.4 million) are yet to be obtained. 預付租金指本集團就位於中國的土地 所支付的土地使用權出讓金。於2018 年12月31日,尚未取得總賬面值為人 民幣5.2百萬元(2017年12月31日: 人民幣5.4百萬元)的若干土地使用權 的土地使用權證。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group.

14 於附屬公司之投資

下表僅列出對本集團的業績、資產或 負債有重大影響之附屬公司資料。

| | Proportion of ownership interest | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| | Place of | | | 擁有權益比例 | | |
| Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱 | establishment/ incorporation and business 成立/註冊成立 及營業地點 | Particulars of registered/issued and paid-up capital 註冊/已發行及 繳足股本詳情 | The Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益 | Held by the Company 由本公司 持有 | Held by subsidiaries 由附屬公司 持有 | Principal activities 主要業務 |
| Shenyang Yuanda Aluminium Industry Engineering Co., Ltd. ("Shenyang Yuanda")* 瀋陽遠大鋁業工程有限公司(「瀋陽遠大」)* | The PRC 中國 | United States Dollar ("USD") 323,298,200 323,298,200美元 (「美元」) | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, production, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、生產、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Shanghai Yuanda Aluminium Industry Engineering Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Yuanda")** 上海遠大鋁業工程有限公司(「上海遠大」)** | The PRC 中國 | RMB15,000,000 人民幣15,000,000元 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, production, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、生產、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Yuanda (UK) Co., Ltd. 遠大英國有限公司 | United Kindom 英國 | British Pound Sterling ("GBP") 500,000 500,000 英鎊(「英鎊」) | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Shenyang Yuanda Metal Coating Co., Ltd.** 瀋陽遠大金屬噴塗有限公司** | The PRC 中國 | RMB7,000,000 人民幣7,000,000元 | 100% | - | 100% | Plating and coating of metals 金屬鍍層及噴塗 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

| | Proportion of ownership interest | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---|
| | Place of | | | 擁有權益比例 | | |
| | establishment/ incorporation and business | Particulars of registered/issued and paid-up capital | The Group's effective interest | Held by the Company | Held by subsidiaries | |
| Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱 | 成立/註冊成立 及營業地點 | 註冊/已發行及 繳足股本詳情 | 本集團之 實際權益 | 由本公司 持有 | 由附屬公司 持有 | Principal activities 主要業務 |
| Foshan Yuanda Aluminium Industry Engineering Co., Ltd.** 佛山遠大鋁業工程有限公司** | The PRC 中國 | RMB20,000,000 人民幣20,000,000元 | 100% | - | 100% | Purchase of materials for and provision of services to group companies 為集團公司購買原材料 及向其提供服務 |
| LLC Yuanda Curtain Wall ("Yuanda Russia") 遠大幕牆有限公司(「遠大俄羅斯」) | Russian Federation 俄羅斯聯邦 | Russian Ruble ("RUB") 280,000 280,000 俄羅斯盧布 (「盧布」) | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Yuanda Australia Pty Ltd. 遠大澳大利亞有限公司 | Australia 澳大利亞 | Australian Dollar ("AUD") 1,069,291 1,069,291澳元(「澳元」) | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Yuanda USA Corporation 遠大美國有限公司 | United States of America 美利堅合眾國 | USD1,000,000 1,000,000美元 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

| | Proportion of ownership interest | | | | | |
|--|---|--|-------------|-------------|--------------|---|
| | Place of | | | 擁有權益比例 | | |
| | establishment/ | Particulars of | The Group's | | | |
| | incorporation | registered/issued | effective | Held by the | Held by | |
| | and business | and paid-up capital | interest | Company | subsidiaries | |
| Name of subsidiary | 成立/註冊成立 | 註冊/已發行及 | 本集團之 | 由本公司 | 由附屬公司 | Principal activities |
| 附屬公司名稱 | 及營業地點 | 繳足股本詳情 | 實際權益 | 持有 | 持有 | 主要業務 |
| Yuanda Canada Enterprises Ltd. ("Yuanda Canada") 遠大加拿大有限公司(「遠大加拿大」) | Canada 加拿大 | USD500,000 500,000美元 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Yuanda Aluminium Industry Engineering (Germany) GmbH 遠大鋁業工程(德國)有限公司 | Germany 德國 | Euro100,000 100,000歐元 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Yuanda Aluminium Engineering (India) Private Limited ("Yuanda India") 遠大鋁業工程(印度)私人有限公司 (「遠大印度」) | Republic of India ("India") 印度共和國 (「印度」) | Indian Rupee ("INR") 1,476,200 1,476,200印度盧比 (「印度盧比」) | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Yuanda Europe Ltd. ("Yuanda Europe") 遠大歐洲有限公司(「遠大歐洲」) | Swiss Confederation 瑞士聯邦 | Swiss Franc ("CHF") 1,000,000 1,000,000 瑞士法郎 (「瑞士法郎」) | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

| | Proportion of ownership interest | | | | | |
|---|---|--|-------------|-------------|--------------|---|
| | Place of | | | 擁有權益比例 | | |
| | establishment/ | Particulars of | The Group's | | | |
| | incorporation | registered/issued | effective | Held by the | Held by | |
| | and business | and paid-up capital | interest | Company | subsidiaries | |
| Name of subsidiary | 成立/註冊成立 | 註冊/已發行及 | 本集團之 | 由本公司 | 由附屬公司 | Principal activities |
| 附屬公司名稱 | 及營業地點 | 繳足股本詳情 | 實際權益 | 持有 | 持有 | 主要業務 |
| Yuanda Curtain Wall (Hong Kong) Company Limited 遠大幕牆 (香港) 有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | 2,000,000 shares 2,000,000 股股份 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Yuanda Kuwait General Contracting for Buildings Underes 遠大科威特綜合建築承包有限責任公司 | State of Kuwait ("Kuwait") 科威特(「科威特」) | Kuwait Dinar ("KWD") 1,000,000 1,000,000科威特第納爾 (「科威特第納爾」) | 100%* | - | 100%* | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Yuanda Curtain Wall (Vietnam) Co., Ltd. 遠大幕牆(越南)有限責任公司 | Socialist Republic of Vietnam 越南社會主義 共和國 | USD100,000 100,000美元 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Shenyang Yuanda Aluminium Industry Engineering Co., BR 瀋陽遠大鋁業工程有限公司沙特公司 | Kingdom of Saudi Arabia 沙特阿拉伯 | Saudi Arabian Riyal 500,000 500,000沙特阿 拉伯里亞爾 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

| | Proportion of ownership interest | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|
| Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱 | Place of establishment/ incorporation and business 成立/註冊成立 及營業地點 | Particulars of registered/issued and paid-up capital 註冊/已發行及 繳足股本詳情 | The Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益 | 擁有權益比例 Held by the Company 由本公司 持有 | Held by subsidiaries 由附屬公司 持有 | Principal activities 主要業務 |
| Well Galaxy Limited 銀康有限公司 | The British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島 | USD1 1美元 | 100% | 100% | - | Investment holding 投資控股 |
| Yuanda (Hong Kong) Holdings Limited 遠大(香港)控股有限公司 | Hong Kong 香港 | 1 share 1 股股份 | 100% | - | 100% | Investment holding 投資控股 |
| PT. Shenyang Yuanda Aluminium Industry Engineering 遠大鋁業工程印度尼西亞有限公司 | Republic of Indonesia 印度尼西亞共和國 | USD750,000 750,000美元 | 99% | - | 99% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| CNYD Aluminium Industry Engineering Malaysia SDN. BHD. 遠大鋁業工程馬來西亞私人有限公司 | Malaysia 馬來西亞 | Malaysia Ringgit ("MYR") 750,000 750,000 馬來西亞 令吉(「馬來西亞 令吉」) | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Yuanda Curtain Wall (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. 遠大幕牆 (新加坡) 有限公司 | Republic of Singapore 新加坡共和國 | Singapore Dollar ("SGD") 1,950,000 1,950,000 新加坡元 (「新加坡元」) | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

| | | Proportion of ownership interest | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| | Place of | | | 擁有權益比例 | | |
| Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱 | establishment/ incorporation and business 成立/註冊成立 及營業地點 | Particulars of registered/issued and paid-up capital 註冊/已發行及 繳足股本詳情 | The Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益 | Held by the Company 由本公司 持有 | Held by subsidiaries 由附屬公司 持有 | Principal activities 主要業務 |
| Yuanda Mexico S.A. de C.V. 遠大墨西哥可變資本有限公司 | The United Mexican States 墨西哥 | Mexican Peso 1,000,000 1,000,000墨西哥比索 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Yuanda Italy S.R.L. 遠大意大利有限責任公司 | Italy 意大利 | Euro20,000 20,000歐元 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Yuanda Queensland Pty Ltd. 遠大昆士蘭有限公司 | Australia 澳大利亞 | AUD800,000 800,000 澳元 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Yuanda WA Pty Ltd. 遠大西澳大利亞有限公司 | Australia 澳大利亞 | AUD1 1 澳元 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| Yuanda SA Pty Ltd. 遠大南澳大利亞有限公司 | Australia 澳大利亞 | AUD1 1澳元 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

| | | Proportion of ownership interest | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| | | Place of | | | 擁有權益比例 | | |
| Name 附屬公 | of subsidiary 司名稱 | establishment/ incorporation and business 成立/註冊成立 及營業地點 | Particulars of registered/issued and paid-up capital 註冊/已發行及 繳足股本詳情 | The Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益 | Held by the Company 由本公司 持有 | Held by subsidiaries 由附屬公司 持有 | Principal activities 主要業務 |
| | a VIC Pty Ltd. 多利亞有限公司 | Australia 澳大利亞 | AUD1 1澳元 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| | a Pakistan (PVT.) Limited 基斯坦有限公司 | The Islamic Republic of Pakistan 巴基斯坦 伊斯蘭共和國 | USD60,000 60,000美元 | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| | a Yuanda Aluminum Corporation 遠大鋁業公司 | Canada 加拿大 | Canadian Dollar ("CAD") 100 100 加拿大元 (「加元」) | 100% | - | 100% | Design, procurement, assembly, sale and installation of curtain wall systems 設計、採購、組裝、 銷售及安裝幕牆系統 |
| * | This company is a wholly foreign-owned enterprise established in the mainland China. | | | | * 該公司 資企對 | | 为地成立的外商獨 |
| ** | These companies are limited liability companies established in the mainland China. | | | | ** 該等2 責任2 | | 國內地成立的有限 |
| # | The Group, through Shenyang Yuanda, owns 49% equity interests in this company, where the remaining 51% equity interests are held on trust for Shenyang Yuanda by an individual resided in Kuwait. In accordance with the entrust agreement, this individual does not have the right to vote or receive dividends declared or participate in the liquidation of this company. Accordingly, the directors of the Company consider the Group effectively owns 100% equity interests in the company. | | | | 49% 於科 遠大才 別人 二 取已 二 二 | 股權,而其的 成特的人士」 時有。根據 士並無權利 這派股息或 | 魯大擁有該公司的 餘51%股權乃由居 以信託形式為落陽 託管協議,該名個 就該公司投票或收 餘與集團實際上擁 股權。 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

The following table lists out the combined financial information of Yuanda Europe and its subsidiaries, a sub-group within the Group, which has material non-controlling interests ("NCI"). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

下表載列遠大歐洲及其附屬公司(本 集團有重大非控股權益(「非控股權 益」)的附屬集團)合併財務資料。下 文呈報的財務資料概要為扣除任何公 司間抵銷項目之前的金額。

2018

2017

| | | 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note (i))</i> <i>(附註(i))</i> |
|--|---|---------------------------|--|
| Revenue for the period from 1 January 2018 to 31 March 2018 (date of acquisition of the remaining non-controlling interests)/for the year | 於2018年1月1日至 2018年3月31日 (收購餘下非控股權益 日期)期間/年內收入 | 217,292 | 715,667 |
| Profit for the period from 1 January 2018 to 31 March 2018 (date of acquisition of the remaining non-controlling interests)/for the year | 於2018年1月1日至 2018年3月31日 (收購餘下非控股權益 日期)期間/年內利潤 | 22,630 | 62,693 |
| Profit attributable to NCI | 非控股權益應佔利潤 | 9,052 | 25,077 |
| Non-current assets at 31 December Current assets at 31 December Current liabilities at 31 December | 於12月31日的非流動資產 於12月31日的流動資產 於12月31日的流動負債 | n/a n/a n/a | 19,645 373,325 (739,945) |
| Net liabilities at 31 December | 於12月31日的負債淨額 | n/a | (346,975) |
| Net liabilities attributable to NCI at 31 December <i>(Note (ii))</i> | 於12月31日非控股權益應佔 負債淨額 <i>(附註(ii))</i> | _ | (138,789) |
| Cash flows from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows from financing activities | 來自經營活動之現金流量 來自投資活動之現金流量 來自融資活動之現金流量 | 3,577 - - | 768 - |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

Notes:

- The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c).
- (ii) Pursuant to the respective equity transfer agreement entered into between Shenyang Yuanda and the then non-controlling equity shareholders of Yuanda Europe Ltd. ("Yuanda Europe"), Shenyang Yuanda acquired all of the remaining 40% non-controlling interests in Yuanda Europe for a consideration of Swiss Franc 1 (equivalent to approximately RMB7) on 31 March 2018. The aggregate non-controlling interests acquired is a deficit of RMB133.9 million.

15 INVENTORIES AND OTHER CONTRACT COSTS

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

附註:

- (i) 本集團於2018年1月1日首次應用國際財務報告準則第15號及國際財務報告準則第9號。根據所選擇的過渡方法,比較資料不予重列。有關詳情請參閱附註2(c)。
- (ii) 根據瀋陽遠大及遠大歐洲有限公司 (「遠大歐洲」)當時非控股股東各自 訂立的股權轉讓協議,於2018年3 月31日,瀋陽遠大收購遠大歐洲的 餘下40%非控股權益,代價為1瑞士 法郎(約等於人民幣7元)。所收購非 控股權益總額為虧絀人民幣133.9百 萬元。

15 存貨及其他合同成本

| | | 31 December | 1 January | 31 December |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| | | 2018 | 2018 | 2017 |
| | | 2018 年 | 2018年 | 2017年 |
| | | 12月31日 | 1月1日 | 12月31日 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | (Note (i)) | (Note (i)) |
| | | | <i>(附註(i))</i> | (附註()) |
| | | | | |
| Raw materials | 原材料 | 242,535 | 283,446 | 283,446 |
| Work in progress (Note (ii)) | 在產品 <i>(附註(ii))</i> | 167,576 | 155,148 | - |
| Less: write down of inventories | 減:存貨撇減 | (2,986) | (6,248) | (6,248) |
| | | 407,125 | 432,346 | 277,198 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

15 INVENTORIES AND OTHER CONTRACT COSTS (continued)

The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 using the cumulative

effect method and adjusted the opening balances as at

1 January 2018. Comparative information has not been

Upon the adoption of IFRS 15, opening adjustments were

made as at 1 January 2018 to derecognise revenue for

construction activities that control were not yet transferred

under IFRS 15. This has resulted in an increase in inventory

as at that date (see Note 2(c)(ii)). Contract costs are

recognised in "Selling expenses" in the statement of profit or

loss in the period in which the amounts were incurred as the

incremental costs of obtaining a contract is not significant.

The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as

an expense and included in the consolidated statement

of profit or loss during the year is as follows:

Notes:

restated.

(i)

(ii)

(a)

15 存貨及其他合同成本(續)

附註:

- (i) 本集團已使用累計影響法首次應用 國際財務報告準則第15號並調整於 2018年1月1日的期初權益。比較資 料未予重列。
- (ii) 於採納國際財務報告準則第15號 後,已於2018年1月1日作出期初調 整以取消確認根據國際財務報告準 則第15號尚未轉讓控制權的建築活 動收入。這導致於該日的存貨增加 (見附註2(c)(ii))。合同成本於期內損 益表的「銷售費用」中確認,其中獲 得合同產生的增量成本並不重大。
- (a) 於年內確認為開支並計入合併 損益表內的存貨金額分析如下:

| | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|---|----------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Carrying amount of inventories used in construction contracts Reversal of write-down of inventories | 用於建築合同的 存貨賬面值 存貨撇減撥回 | 3,717,963 (3,262) | 4,444,047 (4,316) |
| | | 3,714,701 | 4,439,731 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES | | | 16 合同資產及合同負債 | | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| (a) (| Contract assets | | (a) | 合同資產 | | |
| | | | 31 December 2018 2018年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 1 January 2018 2018年 1月1日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note (/)) (附註()) | 31 December 2017 2017年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note (i)) (附註(i)) | |
| , | Contract assets Arising from performance under construction contracts (<i>Notes (iii) and (iv)</i>) Less: loss allowance (<i>Note (ii)</i>) | 合同資產 建築合同下履約產生 <i>(附註(iii)及(iv))</i> 減:虧損撥備 <i>(附註(ii))</i> - | 3,182,830 (351,127) 2,831,703 | 3,820,262 (241,900) 3,578,362 | - - - | |
| I | Notes: | | | 附註: | | |
| (| using the cumulative effect | The Group has initially applied IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 using the cumulative effect method and adjusted the opening balances as at 1 January 2018. | | 告準則第9 告準則第1 | 欠應用國際財務報 9號及國際財務報 5號採用累積影響 ፩於2018年1月1日 ᢏ。 | |
| (| were made as at 1 Jan additional expected credit This has resulted in a dec | Upon the adoption of IFRS 9, opening adjustments were made as at 1 January 2018 to recognise additional expected credit losses on contract assets. This has resulted in a decrease in this balance as at that date (see Note 2(c)(i)). | | 號後,於 出期初調整 的額外預算 | 《財務報告準則第9 2018年1月1日作 を以確認合同資產 期信用損失。這導 約結餘減少(見附註 | |
| (| presented as "Gross amo contract work" were recla (see Note 2(c)(ii)). All of th be billed within one year fr period, except for the million at 31 December 2 RMB821.8 million) relate | Upon the adoption of IFRS 15, amounts previously presented as "Gross amount due from customers for contract work" were reclassified to "Contract assets" (see Note 2(c)(ii)). All of the amounts are expected to be billed within one year from the end of the reporting period, except for the amounts of RMB619.3 million at 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: RMB821.8 million) related to retentions receivable (net of loss allowance) which are expected to be recovered over one year. | | 15號後, 客戶合同 分為「合同 (ii))。所有 後一年內] 年12月31 (扣除虧損 幣619.3百 31日:人] | 際財務報告準則第 先前呈列為「應收 程款總額」將重新 資產」(見附註2(c) 款項預期於報告期 引出單據,除2018 日與應收質保金 撥備)相關的人民 萬元(2017年12月 民幣821.8百萬元) 5以後收回。 | |



16

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

16 CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES (continued)

(a) Contract assets (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (iv) Upon the adoption of IFRS 15, opening adjustments were made as at 1 January 2018 to derecognise revenue from construction activities that control were not yet considered as transferred and unapproved contract modifications. This has resulted in a decrease in contract assets as at that date (see Note 2(c)(ii)).
- (v) Included in the contract assets are amounts of RMB0.7 million at 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: RMB1.0 million) due from the companies under the control of the Controlling Shareholder.

The Group's construction contracts include payment schedules which require stage payments over the construction period once milestones are reached, these payment schedules prevent the build-up of significant contract assets. The Group typically agrees to a one to five years retention period after the completion of construction contracts may be granted to customers for retentions receivable, depending on the market practice of construction industries in countries where construction contracts are carried out and credit assessment carried out by management on an individual customer basis.

The amount of revenue recognised during the year from performance obligations satisfied (or partially satisfied) in previous periods is RMB666.1 million, mainly due to the changes in estimate of the stage of completion of certain construction contracts. 16 合同資產及合同負債(續)

(a) 合同資產(續)

附註:(續)

- (iv) 於採納國際財務報告準則第 15號後,於2018年1月1日 作出期初調整,以終止確認 被視為尚未轉讓及未經批准 合同修訂的建築活動所產生 收入。這將導致於當日的合 同資產減少(見附註2(c)(ii))。
- (v) 於2018年12月31日,應收控 股股東控制下公司的款項人 民幣0.7百萬元(2017年12月 31日:人民幣1.0百萬元)計 入合同資產。

本集團建築合同包括建築期間 要求分階段付款的付款日程(一 旦進程達標),此等付款日程防 止積聚重大合同資產。視乎開 展建築合同所在國家的建築業 市場慣例及管理層按單獨客戶 基準進行的信貸評估,本集團 通常同意就應收保留金授予客 戶於完成建築合同後為期一至 五年的保留期。

年內就於過往期間達成(或部分 達成)履約保證確認的收入金額 為人民幣666.1百萬元,主要由 於若干建築合同的估計完工階 段發生變動所致。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

16 CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES

16 合同資產及合同負債(續)

(continued)

224

(b) Contract liabilities

| ber | 1 January | 31 December |
|-----|-----------|-------------|

(b) 合同負債

31 Decem

| | J | 2018 2018年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2 1 RM 人民 <i>()</i> | 2018 2018年 月1日 MB'000 幣千元 Note (i)) 附註(i)) | 2017 2017年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note (i)) (附註(j)) |
|-------|---|---|---------------------------------|--|---|
| Con | tract liabilities合同負債struction contracts建築合同Billings in advance of performance一履約前開出賬單 (<i>附註(ii)及(iii)</i>)(Notes (ii) and (iii))— | 881,998 | ç | 71,536 | |
| Note | IS: | | 附註: | | |
| (i) | The Group has initially applied IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 using the cumulative effect method and adjusted the opening balances as at 1 January 2018. | | | 告準則第 告準則第 | 次應用國際財務報 9號及國際財務報 15號採用累積影響 整於2018年1月1日 餘。 |
| (ii) | Upon the adoption of IFRS 15, opening adjustments were made as at 1 January 2018 to derecognise revenue from construction activities that control were not yet transferred and unapproved contract modifications (see Note 2(c)(ii)). | | | 15號後, 作出期初 被視為尚 經批准合 | 際財務報告準則第 於2018年1月1日 調整,以終止確認 未轉讓控制權及未 同修訂的建築活動 入(見附註2(c)(ii))。 |
| (iii) | Upon the adoption of IFRS 15, amounts previously presented as "Gross amount due to customers for contract work" and "Receipts in advance" were reclassified to "Contract liabilities" (see Note 2(c)(ii)). | | | 15號後, 戶合同工和 款項」將重 | 際財務報告準則第 先前呈列為「應付客 程款總額」及「預收 重新分類為「合同負 註2(c)(ii))。 |
| (iv) | Included in contract liabilities are amounts of RMB10.5 million at 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: RMB16.5 million) due to the companies under the control of the Controlling Shareholder. | | | 股股東控 民幣10.5 | 12月31日,應付控 制下公司的款項人 百萬元(2017年12 人民幣16.5百萬元) |

(v) All of the contract liabilities are expected to be recognised as revenue within one year.

(v) 所有合同負債預期於一年內 確認為收入。

計入合同負債。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

倘本集團於生產活動開始前收

到按金,則此將於合同開始時

產生合同負債,直至就項目確

認的收入超過按金金額。

16 CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES (continued) (b) Contract liabilities (continued) (b) Contract liabilities (continued) (b) 合同負債(續)

When the Group receives a deposit before the production activity commences this will give rise to contract liabilities at the start of a contract, until the revenue recognised on the project exceeds the amount of the deposit.

Movements in contract liabilities

合同負債的變動

| | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--|--|--|
| Balance at 1 January Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at | 於1月1日的結餘 年內因確認收入產生的 合同負債(年初計入合同 負債)減少 | 971,536 |
| the beginning of the year Increase in contract liabilities as a result of billing and receipt in advance of construction activities | 建築活動開出單據及預收款項 產生的合同負債增加 | (646,711) 557,173 |
| Balance at 31 December | 於12月31日的結餘 | 881,998 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| 31 December 2018 1 January 2018 31 December 2018 1 January 2018 31 December 2017年 2018年 2018年 2017年 2018年 2018年 2017年 12月31日 1月1日 12月31日 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (Note @) (Note @) (Note @) * Trade receivables for contract 合同工程貿易應收款 (Mite@) - Third parties - 第三方 4,308,837 4,265,862 4,272,751 - Companies under the control of the Controlling 的公司 183,187 185,586 185,586 Bills receivable for contract work 合同工程應收票據 3,3815 47,659 47,659 Trade receivable for contract work 合同工程應收票據 3,315 47,659 47,659 Trade receivable for contract work 合同工程應收票據 3,315 47,659 47,659 Trade receivable for contract work 合同工程應收票據 3,315 47,659 47,659 Trade receivable for controlling 的公司 5,754 4,172 4,172 C | 7 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES | | | 17 貿易應收款及應收票據 | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|--|
| 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 1月1日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 RMB'000 人民幣千元 Trade receivables for contract 合同工程貿易應收款 work due from (Note (ii)): (in社 q)): (Note (ii)): (Note (iii)): - Third parties - 第三方 4,308,837 4,265,862 4,272,751 - Companies under the control - 受控股股東控制 of the Controlling 183,187 185,586 185,586 4,492,024 4,451,448 4,458,337 Bills receivable for contract work 合同工程應收票據 33,815 47,659 47,659 Trade receivables for sale of raw 銷售原材料貿易應收款: - 第三方 4,245 2,302 2,302 - Companies under the control - 受控股股東控制 of the Controlling 前公司 1,870 1,870 Shareholder - 第三方 - 第三方 4,245 2,302 2,302 - Companies under the control - 受控股股東控制 of the Controlling 前公司 1,870 1,870 Shareholder - 第三方 4,532,593 4,503,279 4,510,168 Less: loss allowance (Note (iii)) 減: 虧損撥備 (ii)益(iii) (1,693,945) (1,837,426) (1,474,974) | | | | | | | |
| work due from (Note (iii): (附註(ii)): (附註(ii)): (小前: 二) - Third parties - 第三方 4,308,837 4,265,862 4,272,751 - Companies under the control of the Controlling 的公司 183,187 185,586 185,586 Shareholder 183,187 185,586 185,586 185,586 Gen 工程應收票據 33,815 47,659 47,659 Trade receivable for contract work 合同工程應收票據 33,815 47,659 47,659 Trade receivables for sale of raw materials due from: - 第三方 4,245 2,302 2,302 - Companies under the control of the Controlling 的公司 1,870 1,870 1,870 Shareholder - 第三方 4,245 2,302 2,302 2,302 - Companies under the control of the Controlling 的公司 1,870 1,870 1,870 Shareholder - 第三方 - (5,754 4,172 4,172 Less: loss allowance (Note (iii)) 減: 虧損撥積(/附註(ii)) (1,693,945) (1,837,426) (1,474,974) Financial assets measured 按攤銷成本計量的 1 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>12月31日 RMB'000</th> <th>1月1日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note (i))</i></th> <th>12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note (i))</i></th> | | | | 12月31日 RMB'000 | 1月1日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note (i))</i> | 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note (i))</i> | |
| Bills receivable for contract work 合同工程應收票據 33,815 47,659 47,659 Trade receivables for sale of raw 銷售原材料貿易應收款: | | work due from <i>(Note (ii))</i> : – Third parties – Companies under the control of the Controlling | <i>(附註(ii))</i> : -第三方 -受控股股東控制 | | | | |
| Trade receivables for sale of raw materials due from: - Third parties - Third parties - SE方 - Companies under the control -受控股股東控制 of the Controlling Shareholder第三方 -受控股股東控制 的公司 2,5094,245 2,3022,302 2,302Less: loss allowance (Note (iii)) Financial assets measured 按難銷成本計量的-第三方 -受控股股東控制 的公司 2,5091,870 1,8701,870 4,245 | | | | 4,492,024 | 4,451,448 | 4,458,337 | |
| materials due from: - 所ird parties - 第三方 4,245 2,302 2,302 - Companies under the control -受控股股東控制 -受控股股東控制 0 1,870 of the Controlling 的公司 2,509 1,870 1,870 Shareholder 2,509 1,870 1,870 6,754 4,172 4,172 4,532,593 4,503,279 4,510,168 Less: loss allowance (<i>Note (iii)</i>) 減: 虧損撥備 (<i>附註(iii</i>)) (1,693,945) (1,837,426) (1,474,974) Financial assets measured 按攤銷成本計量的 5 5 5 5 5 | | Bills receivable for contract work | 合同工程應收票據 | 33,815 | 47,659 | 47,659 | |
| Shareholder 2,509 1,870 1,870 6,754 4,172 4,172 6,754 4,172 4,172 4,532,593 4,503,279 4,510,168 Less: loss allowance (Note (iii)) 減: 虧損撥備(附註(iii)) (1,693,945) (1,837,426) Financial assets measured 按攤銷成本計量的 5 5 | | materials due from: – Third parties – Companies under the control | -第三方 -受控股股東控制 | 4,245 | 2,302 | 2,302 | |
| Less: loss allowance (Note (iii)) 減:虧損撥備(附註(iii)) financial assets measured 按攤銷成本計量的 | | , and the second s | | 2,509 | 1,870 | 1,870 | |
| Less: loss allowance (Note (iii)) 減:虧損撥備(附註(iii)) (1,693,945) (1,837,426) (1,474,974) Financial assets measured 按攤銷成本計量的 | | | | 6,754 | 4,172 | 4,172 | |
| | | Less: loss allowance (Note (iii)) | 減:虧損撥備 <i>(附註(iii))</i> | | | | |
| | | | | 2,838,648 | 2,665,853 | 3,035,194 | |

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

17 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes:

- The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c).
- Upon the adoption of IFRS 15, opening adjustments were made as at 1 January 2018 to derecognise revenue from construction activities that control were not yet transferred. This has resulted in a decrease in trade receivables as at that date (see Note 2(c)(ii)).
- Upon the adoption of IFRS 9, opening adjustments were made as at 1 January 2018 to recognise additional ECLs on trade receivables (see Note 2(c)(i)).

At 31 December 2018, the amount of retentions receivable from customers included in trade and bills receivables (net of loss allowance) is RMB641.6 million (31 December 2017: RMB1,062.6 million).

Except for retentions receivable (net of loss allowance) of RMB223.2 million at 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: RMB454.7 million), all of the remaining trade and bills receivables are expected to be recovered within one year.

17 貿易應收款及應收票據(續)

附註:

- (i) 本集團已於2018年1月1日首次應用 國際財務報告準則第15號及國際財 務報告準則第9號。根據所選擇的過 渡方法,比較資料不予重列。有關 詳情請參閱附註2(c)。
- (ii) 於採納國際財務報告準則第15號 後,於2018年1月1日作出期初調 整,以終止確認控制權尚未被視為 已轉讓的建築活動所產生收入。這 將導致於當日的貿易應收款的減少 (見附註2(c)(ii))。
- (iii) 於採納國際財務報告準則第9號後, 於2018年1月1日作出期初調整,以 確認貿易應收款的額外預期信用損 失(見附註2(c)(i))。

於2018年12月31日,應收客戶保 留金金額包括貿易應收款及應收票據 (扣除虧損撥備)為人民幣641.6百萬 元(2017年12月31日:人民幣1,062.6 百萬元)。

除於2018年12月31日人民幣223.2 百萬元(2017年12月31日:人民幣 454.7百萬元)的應收保留金(扣除虧 損撥備)外,其餘所有貿易應收款及 應收票據預期於一年內收回。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

17 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

17 貿易應收款及應收票據(續)

賬齡分析

Ageing analysis

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

截至報告期末,貿易應收款及應收票 據(扣除虧損撥備)按發票日期的賬齡 分析如下:

| | | 31 December | 1 January | 31 December |
|-----------------------------|------------|----------------|-----------|-------------|
| | | 2018 | 2018 | 2017 |
| | | 2018 年 | 2018年 | 2017年 |
| | | 12月31日 | 1月1日 | 12月31日 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | | |
| Within 6 months | 六個月內 | 1,150,098 | 863,620 | 933,087 |
| More than 6 months but less | 超過六個月但少於一年 | | | |
| than 1 year | | 190,413 | 175,562 | 202,024 |
| More than 1 year | 超過一年 | 1,498,137 | 1,626,671 | 1,900,083 |
| | | 2,838,648 | 2,665,853 | 3,035,194 |

The Group generally requires customers to settle progress billings and retentions receivable in accordance with contracted terms. Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade debtors and bills receivable are set out in Note 29(a).

本集團通常要求客戶根據合約條款結 算進度款項及應收保留金。有關本集 團信貸政策以及應收賬款及應收票據 產生的信貸風險的進一步詳情載於附 註29(a)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

18 DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

18 按金、預付款及其他應收款

| | | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|----------------------|---------------|------------|
| | | 2018 年 | 2017年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | (Note (i)) |
| | | | (附註(i)) |
| Prepayments for purchase of inventories | 購買存貨預付款(附註(ii)) | | |
| (Note (ii)) | | 214,681 | 246,891 |
| Prepayments and deposits for operating | 經營租賃預付款及按金 | | |
| leases | | 17,875 | 15,458 |
| Prepayment for miscellaneous taxes | 雜税預付款 | 36,498 | 29,448 |
| Deposits for construction contracts' | 建築合同投標及履約 | | |
| bidding and performance (Note (iii)) | 按金 <i>(附註(iii))</i> | 106,165 | 115,521 |
| Deposits for purchase of forward | 購買遠期鋁錠合約按金 | | |
| aluminium contracts | | 9,013 | 5,513 |
| Other deposits | 其他按金 | 55,971 | 44,889 |
| Receivable for disposal of property, | 出售物業、廠房及設備、 | | |
| plant and equipment, land use rights | 土地使用權及分類為 | | |
| and assets classified as held for sale | 持作出售資產的應收款 | 234,895 | 75,784 |
| Derivative financial instruments: | 衍生金融工具: | | |
| held as cash flow hedging instruments | 一持作現金流量對沖工具 | - | 1,638 |
| other derivatives | 一其他衍生工具 | 55,451 | 54,517 |
| Amounts due from the Controlling | 應收控股股東及受其控制的 | | |
| Shareholder and the companies | 公司款項 <i>(附註(iv))</i> | | |
| under his control (Note (iv)) | | 6,719 | 18,111 |
| Amounts due from non-controlling | 應收本集團非控股權益 | | |
| interests of the Group (Note (iv)) | 款項(附註(iv)) | - | 2,671 |
| Others | 其他 | 58,741 | 58,478 |
| | | 796,009 | 668,919 |
| Less: loss allowance | 減:虧損撥備 | (6,145) | (5,077) |
| | | 789,864 | 663,842 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

18 DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes:

- The Group has initially applied IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c).
- (ii) Included in the balance are prepayments of RMB3.8 million at 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: RMB3.8 million) made to the companies under the control of the Controlling Shareholder.
- (iii) The balance represented deposits placed with customers for contracts' bidding and performance of contracts in progress. The deposits will be released to the Group upon the completion of the related bidding and contract work, where applicable.
- (iv) The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

Except for amounts of RMB26.3 million at 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: RMB10.6 million), all of the remaining deposits, prepayments and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expenses within one year.

18 按金、預付款及其他應收款(續)

附註:

- (i) 本集團於2018年1月1日首次應用國際財務報告準則第9號。根據所選擇的過渡方法,比較資料不予重列。 有關詳情請參閱附註2(c)。
- (ii) 該結餘包括於2018年12月31日人 民幣3.8百萬元(2017年12月31日: 人民幣3.8百萬元)的向受控股股東 控制的公司作出的預付款。
- (iii) 該結餘指就在建合同的合同投標及 履約向客戶支付的按金。該等按金 將於相關投標及合同工程(如適用) 完工後發回本集團。
- (iv) 該等款項為無抵押、免息且無固定 還款期。

除於2018年12月31日的金額人民幣 26.3百萬元(2017年12月31日:人民 幣10.6百萬元)外,其餘所有按金、 預付款及其他應收款預期將於一年內 收回或確認為開支。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| 19 | CAS | SH ON HAND AND IN BANK AND OT | THER CASH 19 | 手頭現金及銀行存款 | 次及其他現金流 |
|----|-----|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | FLC | W INFORMATION | Ì | 資料 | |
| | (a) | Cash on hand and in bank comprise: | (| a) 手頭現金及銀行 | 存款包括: |
| | | | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| | | Cash on hand and in bank Time deposits with banks | 手頭現金及銀行存款 銀行定期存款 | 1,299,410 403,341 | 1,708,772 96,819 |
| | | Cash on hand and in bank in the consolidated statement of financial position | 合併財務狀況表中的 手頭現金及銀行存款 | 1,702,751 | 1,805,591 |
| | | Less: restricted deposits to secure the performance and retentions of construction contracts | 減:作為建築合同履約 及保留金抵押的受限制 存款 | (230,341) | (96,819) |
| | | Less: restricted time deposits to secure the bank loan | 減:作為銀行貸款抵押 的受限制定期存款 | (173,000) | |
| | | Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated cash flow statement | 合併現金流量表中的 現金及現金等價物 | 1,299,410 | 1,708,772 |
| | | The Group's business operations in i | | | 为地業務以人民 **** |

The Group's business operations in mainland China are conducted in RMB. RMB is not a freely convertible currency and the remittance of funds out of mainland China is subject to the exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC government. 本集團的中國內地業務以人民 幣計值。人民幣乃不可自由兑 換的貨幣,匯出中國內地的資 金受中國政府實施的外匯管制 所規限。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| | ASH ON HAND AND OW INFORMATION | | THER CA | SH | | 頁現金及銀彳 科 <i>(續)</i> | 亍存款及其 | 他現金流 |
|-----|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| (b) | (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities | | | | | 融資活動產 | 產生的負債 | 之對賬 |
| | | | Bank loans 銀行貸款 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 23) (附註23) | Amounts due to the Controlling Shareholder and the Companies under his control 應付 控股 股東及受 其控制的公司 之款 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 22) (<i>附註22</i>) | Amounts due to third parties 應付第三方 款項 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 22) (<i>附註22</i>) | Restricted time deposits to secure the bank loan 就銀行貸款 抵押受限制 定期貸款 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 19(a)) (附註 19(a)) | Interest payable 應付利息 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 22) (附註22) | Total 總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| | At 1 January 2018 | 於2018年12月31日 | 2,943,551 | 3,071 | - | - | 2,936 | 2,949,558 |
| | Changes from financing cash flows: | 融資現金流量變動: | | | | | | |
| | Proceeds from new bank and other loans Repayment of bank loans Payments for time deposits to secure the bank loan Borrowing costs paid | 新增銀行及其他貸款 所得款項 償還銀行貸款 支付定期存款以作為 銀行貸款的抵押 已付借貸成本 | 1,971,792 (2,565,697) – – | 167,223 - - - | 41,703 - - - | - - (173,000) - | - - (168,344) | 2,180,718 (2,565,697) (173,000) (168,344) |
| | Total changes from financing cash flows | 融資現金流量變動總額 | (593,905) | 167,223 | 41,703 | (173,000) | (168,344) | (726,323) |
| | Other changes: | 其他變動: | | | | | | |
| | Exchange adjustment Total borrowing costs (Note 6 (a)) | 匯兑調整 借貸成本總額 <i>(附註6(a))</i> | - | 32 - | - | - | - 173,027 | 32 173,027 |
| | At 31 December 2018 | 於2018年12月31日 | 2,349,646 | 170,326 | 41,703 | (173,000) | 7,619 | 2,396,294 |

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities (continued) (a) 酸資活動產生的負債之對賬 (分) Registration of liabilities arising from financing activities (continued) Advances due to the Controling Shareholder of the Company and his subsidiares 整时本公司 图板形200 Shareholder of the Controling Shareholder of the Controling Repayment of bark bars Interest ###17 Proceeds from financing cash flows: Interest ###17 Proceeds from financing cash flows: Total Big Rab. ##1 Big Rab. ##1 Big Rab. ##1 RMB000 RMB1000 RMB1000 RMB1000 RMB1000 RMB1000 RMB1000 At 1 January 2017 D2017 # 1 f 1 fl Big Rab. ###101 # Staff Rab. R Big Rab. ###101 # Staff Rab. R Changes from financing cash flows: Mg Rab. ##1 Big Rab. ##1 Big Rab. ##1 Changes from financing cash flows: Mg Rab. #1 Big Rab. ##1 Big Rab. # 2 (110, 970) (219) (170, 970) (219) (170, 970) Total charges from financing cash flows: Big Rab. # 2 (219) | 19 | | CH ON HAND AND IN BANK W INFORMATION (continued | 19 | 手頭現金及 資料(<i>續</i>) | 頭現金及銀行存款及其他現金流 料 <i>(續)</i> | | | |
|---|----|-----|--|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| due to the Controlling Shareholder of the Company and this subsidiaries 型性本公司 控服股東及 Interest 型数東及 Interest 型数東及 Interest 塑材本公司 控服股東及 Interest 型数電子酸 歌項 應付利息 爆計 PMB'000 PMB'000 PMB'000 PMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (Note 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (NTE23) (NEE 22) (NTE22) At 1 January 2017 於2017年1月1日 3,560,000 3,280 4,102 3,567,392 Changes from financing cash flows: 酸環現金流量產的變動: Proceeds from new bank loans Repayment of bank loans Rep | | (b) | | | | 動產生的 1 | 負債之對賬 | | |
| the Controlling Shareholder of the Company and this subsidiaries Shareholder of the Company and this subsidiaries Sate Accine 生放放束及 性放放束及 Interest Bank loans 其用屬公司 payable Total 数行贷款 歌項 應付利息 總計 PMB'000 PMB'000 PMB'000 PMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (Wite 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 2) (Note 22) (| | | | | | Advances | | | |
| Shareholder of the Company and his subsidiaries 整付本公司 整成本公司 服務型の Interest 和本公司 Bank loars 東射属公司 取 payable Total Bank loars 大郎子元 (Note 23) Note 22) Note 22) (Note 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (ME20) (ME22) (ME22) (ME22) Changes from financing cash flows: 酸實現金流量產的變動: 3,605,551 - - Proceeds from new bank loars the Controling Shareholder of the Company and his subsidiaries 新增度冗行度款 (Fig. 2) 3,605,551 - - 3,605,551 Company and his subsidiaries ア風少 - (219) - (4,222,000) Total changes from financing cash flows: 取業公 - -<th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>due to</th><th></th><th></th><th></th> | | | | | | due to | | | |
| hte Company and his subsidiaries and his subsidiaries and his subsidiaries 整付本公司 逆股股東及 Interest Martenst 空股股東及 Interest 費品nk loans 東解局公司 payable Total 銀行貨家 彫項 摩/htel 總計 RNB'000 FMB'000 FMB'000 FMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (Note 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 33) (Note 33) (Note 33) (Note 33) (Note 43) (Note 43) (Note 43) (Note 43) Net decrease in advan | | | | | | the Controlling | | | |
| and his subsidiaries 整村本公司 推撥股東及 Interest Bank loans 其將屬公司 payable Total 銀行貸款 款項 應利利息 總計 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣 (Note 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (<i>Rif2 23)</i> (<i>Rif2 22)</i> (<i>Rif2 22)</i> Proceeds from financing cash flows: 酸質現金流量產生的變動: Proceeds from new bank loans 將增銀行貸款将得款項 償還貸貸款 (4,222,000) (4,222,000) Net decrease in advances received from the Controlling Shareholder of the 及其附屬公司整款 Company and his subsidiaries 穿減少 - (219) Borrowing costs (Note 6/e) (增度次本總額 <i>(附在)a</i>) - (219) (170,970) (787,633) Dther changes: 其他愛動 : | | | | | | Shareholder of | | | |
| Subsidiaries 對体公司 招援股東及 Interest 和素型のの Total 報告 Bank loans 其將屬公司 payable Total 報告 銀行算款 歌項 應付利息 總計 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Note 23 (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Rb223) (Rb222) (Rb222) (Rb22) Changes from financing cash flows: | | | | | | the Company | | | |
| 整村本公司 投設要求及 銀行貸款 Interest 内 線 Bark loans 其附層公司 payable Total 銀行貸款 款項 應付利息 總計 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) (Note 23) <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>and his</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<> | | | | | | and his | | | |
| 控設股東及 銀行賃款 Interest 算術層公司 payable Total 總計 Bank loans 其附屬公司 payable Total 銀行貸款 歌項 應付利息 總計 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (Note 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (<i>M社22</i>) Changes from financing cash flows: /li> | | | | | | | | | |
| Bank loans 其附屬公司 payable Total 銀行貸款 款項 應付利息 總計 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (Note 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (M社 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (M社 23) (Note 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) (M社 23) (Note 23) (Note 22) (Note 22) (Note 22) Changes from financing cash flows: छğд金流量產生的變動: 3,605,551 - - | | | | | | | | | |
| 銀行貸款 款項 應付利息 總計 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (Note 22) (Note 300 (Note 30 | | | | | D | | | T | |
| PMB'000 人民幣千元 ALR幣千元 ALR幣 ALR幣千元 ALR幣千元 ALR幣 ALR幣 ALRm | | | | | | | | | |
| 人民幣千元 (Note 23) 人民幣千元 (Note 22) 人民幣千元 At 1 January 2017 於2017年1月1日 3,560,000 3,290 4,102 3,567,392 Changes from financing cash flows: 融資現金流量產生的變動: - - 3,605,551 - - 3,605,551 Proceeds form new bank loans 新增銀行貸款所得款項 3,605,551 - - 3,605,551 Repayment of bank loans 新增銀行貸款 (4,222,000) - - (4,222,000) Net decrease in advances received from the Controlling Shareholder of the Company and his subsidiaries ア 河政少 - (219) - (219) Borrowing costs paid Edf借貸成本 - - (170,970) (787,638) Other changes: 其他變動: - - 169,804 169,804 | | | | | | | | | |
| (Note 23) (形柱 23) (Note 22) (形柱 22) (Note 22) (形柱 22) (Note 22) (形柱 22) At 1 January 2017 於2017年1月1日 3,560,000 3,290 4,102 3,567,392 Changes from financing cash flows: 融資現金流量產生的變動: - - 3,605,551 - - 3,605,551 Proceeds from new bank loans 新增銀行貸款所得款項 償還銀行貸款 3,605,551 - - 3,605,551 Repayment of bank loans 航燈現金流量產生的變動: (4,222,000) - - (4,222,000) Net decrease in advances received from the Controlling Shareholder of the Company and his subsidiaries 承減少 - (219) - (219) Borrowing costs paid E/dt貸貸成本 - - (170,970) (170,970) Total changes from financing cash flows 融資現金流量產的變動總額 (616,449) (219) (170,970) (787,638) Other changes: 其他變動: - - 169,804 169,804 | | | | | | | | | |
| (附註23) (附註22) (辨註22) (辨註22) At 1 January 2017 放2017 年 1 月 1 日 3,560,000 3,290 4,102 3,567,392 Changes from financing cash flows: 融資現金流量產生的變動: 3,605,551 - - 3,605,551 Proceeds from new bank loans 新增銀行貸款所得款項 3,605,551 - - 3,605,551 Repayment of bank loans 航道銀行貸款 (4,222,000) - - (4,222,000) Net decrease in advances received from 收取本公司控股股東 - (219) - (219) Borrowing costs paid E/付借貸成本 - - (170,970) (170,970) (787,638) Other changes: 其他變動: - - 169,804 169,804 | | | | | | | | 八八市1九 | |
| Changes from financing cash flows:融資現金流量產生的變動:Proceeds from new bank loans Repayment of bank loans新增銀行貸款所得款項 償還銀行貸款3,605,5513,605,551Repayment of bank loans Net decrease in advances received from the Controlling Shareholder of the Company and his subsidiaries Borrowing costs paid新增銀行貸款所得款項 收取本公司控股股束 及其附屬公司墊款 凈減少3,605,5513,605,551Borrowing costs paid所強少 日付借貸成本-(4,222,000)(4,222,000)Total changes from financing cash flows融資現金流量產的變動總額 (616,449)(219)(170,970)(170,970)Total borrowing costs (Note 6(a))借貸成本總額(<i>附註 6(a)</i>)169,804169,804 | | | | | | . , | | | |
| Proceeds from new bank loans新增銀行貸款所得款項 償還銀行貸款3,605,5513,605,551Repayment of bank loans(償還銀行貸款 (4,222,000)(4,222,000)(4,222,000)Net decrease in advances received from the Controlling Shareholder of the Company and his subsidiaries及其附屬公司墊款 淨減少-(219)-(219)Borrowing costs paid已付借貸成本(170,970)(170,970)Total changes from financing cash flows融資現金流量產的變動總額 低貸數 :(616,449)(219)(170,970)(787,638)Other changes:其他變動 :Total borrowing costs (Note 6(a))借貸成本總額(<i>附註6(a))</i> 169,804169,804 | | | At 1 January 2017 | 於2017年1月1日 | 3,560,000 | 3,290 | 4,102 | 3,567,392 | |
| Repayment of bank loans償還銀行貸款 (4,222,000)(4,222,000)Net decrease in advances received from the Controlling Shareholder of the Company and his subsidiaries及其附屬公司墊款 淨減少-(219)-(219)Borrowing costs paid已付借貸成本-(170,970)(170,970)(170,970)Total changes from financing cash flows融資現金流量產的變動總額 (616,449)(219)(170,970)(787,638)Other changes:其他變動:169,804169,804 | | | Changes from financing cash flows: | | | | | | |
| Net decrease in advances received from the Controlling Shareholder of the Company and his subsidiaries收取本公司控股股東 及其附屬公司墊款 淨減少-(219)-(219)Borrowing costs paid已付借貸成本(170,970)(170,970)Total changes from financing cash flows融資現金流量產的變動總額 其他變動:(616,449)(219)(170,970)(787,638)Other changes:其他變動:169,804169,804 | | | Proceeds from new bank loans | 新增銀行貸款所得款項 | 3,605,551 | - | - | 3,605,551 | |
| the Controlling Shareholder of the Company and his subsidiaries及其附屬公司墊款 淨減少-(219)-(219)Borrowing costs paid已付借貸成本(170,970)(170,970)Total changes from financing cash flows融資現金流量產的變動總額(616,449)(219)(170,970)(787,638)Other changes:其他變動:169,804169,804 | | | Repayment of bank loans | | (4,222,000) | - | - | (4,222,000) | |
| Company and his subsidiaries 澤減少 - (219) - (219) Borrowing costs paid 已付借貸成本 - - (170,970) (170,970) Total changes from financing cash flows 融資現金流量產的變動總額 (616,449) (219) (170,970) (787,638) Other changes: 其他變動: - - 169,804 169,804 Total borrowing costs (Note 6(a)) 借貸成本總額(附註6(a)) - - 169,804 169,804 | | | | | | | | | |
| Borrowing costs paid 已付借貸成本 - - (170,970) (170,970) Total changes from financing cash flows 融資現金流量產的變動總額 (616,449) (219) (170,970) (787,638) Other changes: 其他變動: - - 169,804 169,804 Total borrowing costs (Note 6(a)) 借貸成本總額(附註6(a)) - - 169,804 169,804 | | | | | | (0+0) | | (0+0) | |
| Total changes from financing cash flows 融資現金流量產的變動總額 (616,449) (219) (170,970) (787,638) Other changes: 其他變動: Total borrowing costs (Note 6(a)) 借貸成本總額(附註6(a)) - - 169,804 169,804 | | | | | - | (219) | - | | |
| Other changes: 其他變動: Total borrowing costs (Note 6(a)) 借貸成本總額(附註 6(a)) | | | | 口的相具成乎 - | | | | · · · · | |
| Total borrowing costs (Note 6(a)) 借貸成本總額(附註6(a)) 169,804 169,804 | | | Total changes from financing cash flows | 融資現金流量產的變動總額 - | (616,449) | (219) | (170,970) | (787,638) | |
| | | | Other changes: | 其他變動: | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2017 於 2017 年 12 月 31 日 2,943,551 3,071 2,936 2,949,558 | | | Total borrowing costs (Note 6(a)) | 借貸成本總額 <i>(附註6(a))</i> | - | - | 169,804 | 169,804 | |
| | | | At 31 December 2017 | ⊥ 於2017年12月31日 | 2,943,551 | 3,071 | 2,936 | 2,949,558 | |

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

20 ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

20 分類為持作出售資產

| | | 2018 |
|---|-----------------|----------------|
| | | 2018 年 |
| | | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 |
| | | |
| At 1 January 2018 | 於2018年1月1日 | - |
| Reclassified from property, | 重新分類自物業,廠房及設備 | |
| plant and equipment (Note 12) | (附註12) | 145,968 |
| Reclassified from lease prepayments (Note 13) | 重新分類自預付租金(附註13) | 220,235 |
| Disposals | 出售 | (229,962) |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於2018年12月31日 | 136,241 |

During 2018, Shenyang Yuanda has entered into a land resumption agreement (the "Agreement") with a third party in respect of the disposal of certain land use rights and properties of Shenyang Yuanda at a consideration of RMB550.0 million. The carrying amounts of these lease prepayments and properties are RMB220.2 million and RMB144.6 million (gross amount of RMB245.7 million and net of associated government grant of RMB101.1 million), respectively.

As at 31 December 2018, the disposal of lease prepayments and properties with a carrying amount of RMB141.2 million and RMB87.4 million has been completed according to the schedule set in the Agreement, and the Group has received RMB100.0 million out of the total consideration of RMB330.0 million in relation to these assets. The remaining lease prepayments and properties to be disposed of with a carrying amount of RMB79.0 million and RMB57.2 million (gross amount of RMB107.4 million and net of associated government grant of RMB50.2 million) are reclassified to "Assets classified as held for sale" as at 31 December 2018.

At 31 December 2018, the disposals of the above assets classified as held for sale are still in progress, and the directors of the Company expect the disposals to be completed within one year. 於2018年,瀋陽遠大與第三方就出售 瀋陽遠大的若干土地使用權及物業訂 立收儲協議(「協議」),代價為人民幣 550.0百萬元。該等預付租金及物業 的賬面值分別為人民幣220.2百萬元 及144.6百萬元(總額為人民幣245.7 百萬元,扣減相關政府補助人民幣 101.1百萬元)。

於2018年12月31日,賬面價值為人 民幣141.2百萬元及人民幣87.4百萬 元的預付租金及物業已根據協議所載 計劃予以出售,及本集團已收取有關 該等資產總代價人民幣330.0百萬元 中的人民幣100.0百萬元。於2018年 12月31日,賬面值為人民幣79.0百 萬元及人民幣57.2百萬元的餘下預付 租金及物業(總額為人民幣107.4百萬 元,扣減相關政府補助人民幣50.2百 萬元)重新分類為「分類為持作出售資 產」。

於2018年12月31日,出售上述分類 為持作出售資產仍在進行中,及本公 司董事預期出售將於一年內完成。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

21 TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

21 貿易應付款及應付票據

| | | 2018 2018年 | 2017 2017年 | |
|--|------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | |
| | | | | |
| Trade payables for purchase of | 應付以下的購買存貨 | | | |
| inventories due to: | 貿易應付款: | | | |
| - Third parties | 一第三方 | 1,250,594 | 1,746,425 | |
| - Companies under the control | 一受控股股東控制 | | | |
| of the Controlling Shareholder | 的公司 | 2,986 | 4,268 | |
| | | 1,253,580 | 1,750,693 | |
| Trade payables due to sub-contractors | 應付分包商貿易應付款 | 662,687 | 831,117 | |
| Bills payable | 應付票據 | 1,082,365 | 733,048 | |
| Financial liabilities measured at | 按攤銷成本計量的 | | | |
| amortised cost | 金融負債 | 2,998,632 | 3,314,858 | |
| All of the trade and bills payables are expect within one year or are repayable on demand. | ed to be settled | 所有貿易應付款及應付票據預期於一 年內清償或須按要求償還。 | | |
| As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade and bills payables, based on the maturity date, is as follows: | | 截至報告期末,貿易 據按到期日的賬齡分 | | |
| | | 2018 | 2017 | |
| | | 2018年 | 2017年 | |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | |
| Within 1 month or on demand | 一個月內或按要求 | 2,272,377 | 2,724,867 | |
| More than 1 month but less than 3 months | 超過一個月但少於三個月 | 270,049 | 193,096 | |
| More than 3 months | 超過三個月 | 456,206 | 396,895 | |
| | | 2,998,632 | 3,314,858 | |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

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22 ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER PAYABLES

22 應計開支及其他應付款

| | | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|----------------------|----------------|---------|
| | | 2018 年 | 2017年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | |
| Payables for staff related costs | 應付員工相關成本 | 119,157 | 122,152 |
| Payables for transportation and | 應付運輸及保險開支 | | |
| insurance expenses | | 45,215 | 37,404 |
| Payables for interest expenses | 應付利息開支 | 7,619 | 2,936 |
| Payables for construction and | 建築及購買物業、 | | |
| purchase of property, plant and | 廠房及設備及 | | |
| equipment and land use rights | 土地使用權應付款 | 40,426 | 39,073 |
| Deposits from sub-contractors | 分包商支付的按金 | 27,005 | 38,078 |
| Amounts due to third parties | 應付第三方款項 | 41,703 | _ |
| Deposits from suppliers for | 供應商支付的合同投標 | | |
| contracts' bidding and performance | 及履約按金 | 20,890 | 244,571 |
| Amounts due to the Controlling Shareholder | 應付控股股東及受其控制的 | | |
| and the companies under his control | 公司的款項 | | |
| – Non-interest bearing (Note (i)) | 一不計息(附註()) | 3,103 | 3,071 |
| – Interest bearing (Note (ii)) | 一計息(<i>附註(ii)</i>) | 167,223 | _ |
| Others | 其他 | 40,183 | 38,158 |
| Financial liabilities measured | - 按攤銷成本計量的 | | |
| at amortised cost | 金融負債 | 512,524 | 525,443 |
| Payables for miscellaneous taxes | 應付雜税 | 22,465 | 34,995 |
| Derivative financial instruments: | 衍生金融工具: | 22,400 | 04,000 |
| - held as cash flow hedging instruments | 一持作現金流量對沖的工具 | _ | 13 |
| - other derivatives | 一其他衍生工具 | 31,343 | 6,332 |
| Provision for outstanding legal claims | 未償付法律索償撥備 | 25,948 | 25,023 |
| Trevision for outstanding legal dalities | 小原门/公干术原源曲 | 20,040 | 20,020 |
| | | 592,280 | 591,806 |

Notes:

附註:

- The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.
- (i) 該款項屬無抵押、不計息及無固定 還款期。
- (ii) The amounts are unsecured, with fixed interest rate and repayable within one year.

Except for amounts of RMB9.0 million at 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: RMB4.1 million), all of the accrued expenses and other payables are expected to be settled or recognised in profit or loss within one year or are repayable on demand.

(i) 該等款項屬無抵押、按固定利率計 息及於一年內償還。

除於2018年12月31日的人民幣9.0百 萬元(2017年12月31日:人民幣4.1 百萬元)的金額外,所有應計開支及 其他應付款預期將於一年內清償或於 損益表確認或按要求償還。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| BANK LOANS | 23 | 銀行貸款 | |
|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| (a) The Group's short-term bank loans follows: | | | |
| | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Secured by property, plant and equipment and land use rights of the Group <i>(Note 23(c))</i> Guaranteed by the Controlling Shareholder and/or a company | 以本集團的物業、廠房及 設備以及土地使用權 作抵押(附註23(c)) 由控股股東及/或受其控制的 公司擔保 | 300,000 约 | 300,000 |
| under his control Guaranteed by a third party | 由第三方擔保(附註23(d)) | 750,000 | 1,032,000 |
| (Note 23(d)) Secured by property, plant and equipment and land use rights of and guaranteed by a company under the control of the | 由受控股股東控制的公司的 物業、廠房及設備及 土地使用權作抵押及 由受控股股東控制 | 200,000 | - |
| Controlling Shareholder Unguaranteed and unsecured | 的公司擔保 無擔保及無抵押 | 411,792 50,000 | 400,000 250,000 |
| | | 1,711,792 | 1,982,000 |
| Add: current portion of long-term bank loans (Note 23(b)) | 加:長期銀行貸款的即期 部分 <i>(附註23(</i> b) <i>)</i> | 576,085 | 240,000 |
| | | 2,287,877 | 2,222,000 |

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

BANK LOANS (continued) 23 23 銀行貸款(續) The Group's long-term bank loans are analysed as 本集團的長期銀行貸款分析如 (b) (b) follows: 下: 2018 2017 2018年 2017年 **RMB'000** RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 = *LL* 44 - 246

| the Group (Note 23(c)) 作抵押 (附註23(c)) 480,000 961,551 Guaranteed by a company under the control of the Controlling the control of the Controlling Shareholder and pledged by by D貿易應收款作抵押 time deposits and trade receivables (<i>M註23(c)</i>) 157,854 - of the Group (Note 23(c)) 157,854 - 637,854 961,551 Less: current portion of long-term bank loans (Note 23(a)) 滅: 長期銀行貸款的即期 部分 (附註23(a)) (576,085) (240,000) 61,769 721,551 The Group's long-term bank loans are repayable as follows: 本集團的長期銀行貸款的還款 情況如下: 2018 | Secured by property, plant and equipment, land use rights and assets classified as held for sale of | 以本集團的物業、廠房及 設備、土地使用權及分類 為持作出售資產 | | |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| the control of the Controlling 擔保及以本集團定期存款 及貿易應收款作抵押 (附註23(c)) of the Group (Note 23(c)) Less: current portion of long-term bank loans (Note 23(a)) The Group's long-term bank loans are repayable as follows: The Group's long-term bank loans are repayable as follows: The Group's long-term bank loans are repayable as follows: The Group is long-term bank loans | the Group (Note 23(c)) | 作抵押(<i>附註23(c)</i>) | 480,000 | 961,551 |
| Shareholder and pledged by time deposits and trade receivables of the Group (Note 23(c)) 及貿易應收款作抵押 (附註23(c)) 157,854 - 637,854 961,551 - - 637,854 961,551 Less: current portion of long-term bank loans (Note 23(a)) 滅: 長期銀行貸款的即期 部分 (附註23(a)) (576,085) (240,000) 61,769 721,551 The Group's long-term bank loans are repayable as follows: 本集團的長期銀行貸款的還款 情況如下: 2018 年 2017 2018 年 2017 2017 年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Vithin 1 year or on demand - - After 1 year but within 2 years - - After 2 years but within 3 years 兩年後但三年內 - 241,551 | Guaranteed by a company under | 由受控股股東控制的公司 | | |
| time deposits and trade receivables (附註23(c)) of the Group (Note 23(c)) 157,854 Less: current portion of long-term 滅:長期銀行貸款的即期 bank loans (Note 23(a)) 部分 (附註23(a)) (576,085) (240,000) 61,769 721,551 The Group's long-term bank loans are repayable as follows: 本集團的長期銀行貸款的還款 2018 年 2017 2018 年 2017 年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Vithin 1 year or on demand 一年內或按要求 576,085 240,000 After 1 year but within 2 years 一年後但兩年內 61,769 480,000 After 2 years but within 3 years 兩年後但三年內 - 241,551 | the control of the Controlling | 擔保及以本集團定期存款 | | |
| of the Group (Note 23(c)) 157,854 - Less: current portion of long-term bank loans (Note 23(a)) 滅: 長期銀行貸款的即期 637,854 961,551 bank loans (Note 23(a)) 部分 (附註23(a)) (576,085) (240,000) 61,769 721,551 The Group's long-term bank loans are repayable as follows: 本集團的長期銀行貸款的還款 1 2018 年 2017 2018 年 2017 年 RMB'0000 RMB'0000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Vithin 1 year or on demand 一年內或按要求 After 1 year but within 2 years 一年後但兩年內 After 2 years but within 3 years 兩年後但三年內 - 241,551 | Shareholder and pledged by | 及貿易應收款作抵押 | | |
| Less: current portion of long-term bank loans (Note 23(a)) 滅:長期銀行貸款的即期 部分(附註23(a)) (576,085) (240,000) 61,769 721,551 The Group's long-term bank loans are repayable as follows: 本集團的長期銀行貸款的還款 情況如下: 2018 2017 2018年 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 Within 1 year or on demand After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 3 years -年內或按要求 兩年後但三年內 576,085 480,000 - 241,551 | time deposits and trade receivables | (附註23(c)) | | |
| Less: current portion of long-term bank loans (Note 23(a))減:長期銀行貸款的即期 部分(附註23(a))(576,085)(240,000)61,769721,551The Group's long-term bank loans are repayable as follows:本集團的長期銀行貸款的還款 情況如下:201820172018年20172018年20172018年20172018年2017年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元Vithin 1 year or on demand-年內或按要求 -年後但兩年內 兩年後但三年內4fter 2 years but within 3 years兩年後但三年內-241,551 | of the Group (Note 23(c)) | | 157,854 | - |
| bank loans (Note 23(a)) 部分 (附註23(a)) (576,085) (240,000) 61,769 721,551 The Group's long-term bank loans are repayable as follows: 本集團的長期銀行貸款的還款 「別加下: 2018 2017 2018年 2017年 2018年 2018年 2017年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Within 1 year or on demand 一年內或按要求 After 1 year but within 2 years 一年後但兩年內 After 2 years but within 3 years 兩年後但三年內 - 241,551 | | | 637,854 | 961,551 |
| 61,769 721,551 The Group's long-term bank loans are repayable as follows: 本集團的長期銀行貸款的還款 情況如下: 2018 2017 2018年 2017年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Vithin 1 year or on demand 一年內或按要求 After 1 year but within 2 years 一年後但兩年內 61,769 480,000 - 241,551 | Less: current portion of long-term | 減:長期銀行貸款的即期 | | |
| The Group's long-term bank loans are repayable as follows:本集團的長期銀行貸款的還款 情況如下:201820172018年2017年2018年2017年2018年2017年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元Vithin 1 year or on demand-年內或按要求After 1 year but within 2 years-年後但兩年內After 2 years but within 3 years兩年後但三年內-241,551 | bank loans (Note 23(a)) | 部分 <i>(附註23(a))</i> | (576,085) | (240,000) |
| follows: 情況如下: 2018 年 2017 2018 年 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Within 1 year or on demand 一年內或按要求 After 1 year but within 2 years 一年後但兩年內 After 2 years but within 3 years 兩年後但三年內 - 241,551 | | | 61,769 | 721,551 |
| 2018年 2017年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Within 1 year or on demand 一年內或按要求 After 1 year but within 2 years 一年後但兩年內 After 2 years but within 3 years 兩年後但三年內 | | are repayable as | | 我行貸款的還款 |
| RMB'000 人民幣千元 RMB'000 人民幣千元 RMB'000 人民幣千元 Within 1 year or on demand 一年內或按要求 576,085 240,000 After 1 year but within 2 years 一年後但兩年內 61,769 480,000 After 2 years but within 3 years 兩年後但三年內 - 241,551 | | | | |
| 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Within 1 year or on demand 一年內或按要求 576,085 240,000 After 1 year but within 2 years 一年後但兩年內 61,769 480,000 After 2 years but within 3 years 兩年後但三年內 - 241,551 | | | 2018 | 2017 |
| Within 1 year or on demand一年內或按要求 576,085 240,000After 1 year but within 2 years一年後但兩年內 61,769 480,000After 2 years but within 3 years兩年後但三年內-241,551 | | | | |
| After 1 year but within 2 years一年後但兩年內61,769480,000After 2 years but within 3 years兩年後但三年內-241,551 | | | 2018年 | 2017年 |
| After 1 year but within 2 years一年後但兩年內61,769480,000After 2 years but within 3 years兩年後但三年內-241,551 | | | 2018年 RMB'000 | 2017年 RMB'000 |
| After 2 years but within 3 years 兩年後但三年內 - 241,551 | Within 1 year or on demand | 一年內或按要求 | 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| 637,854 961,551 | | | 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 576,085 | 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 240,000 |
| | After 1 year but within 2 years | 一年後但兩年內 | 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 576,085 | 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 240,000 480,000 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

23 BANK LOANS (continued)

(c) At 31 December 2018, the aggregate carrying value of the property, plant and equipment, land use rights and assets classified as held for sale pledged for the Group's bank loans is RMB843.2 million (31 December 2017: RMB1,050.9 million).

At 31 December 2018, the carrying value of the time deposits and trade receivables pledged for the Group's bank loans are RMB173.0 million and USD161.9 million, respectively.

- (d) At 31 December 2018, the short-term bank loan is guaranteed by a third party, where a company under the control of the Controlling Shareholder provides a counter-guarantee to this third party, and the Group pledged its right to collect proceeds amounting to RMB450.0 million for disposal of property, plant and equipment, land use rights and assets classified as held for sale to this third party.
- (e) At 31 December 2018, the Group's banking facilities amounted to RMB1,140.0 million (31 December 2017: RMB2,991.6 million) were utilised to the extent of RMB1,140.0 million (31 December 2017: RMB2,943.6 million).
- (f) Certain of the Group's bank loans are subject to the fulfillment of covenants commonly found in lending arrangements with financial institutions. If the Group were to breach the covenants, the loans would become payable on demand. The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants. Further details of the Group's management of liquidity risk are set out in Note 29(b). At 31 December 2018, none of the covenants relating to the bank loans had been breached (31 December 2017: None).

23 銀行貸款(續)

(c) 於2018年12月31日,就本集 團的銀行貸款已抵押的物業、 廠房及設備、土地使用權及分 類為持作出售資產的總賬面值 為人民幣843.2百萬元(2017年 12月31日:人民幣1,050.9百萬 元)。

> 於2018年12月31日,就本集團 銀行貸款抵押的定期存款及貿 易應收款的賬面值分別為人民 幣173.0百萬元及161.9百萬美 元。

- (d) 於2018年12月31日,短期銀行貸款由第三方擔保,而受控股股東控制的一間公司向該第 三方抵押其就出售物業、廠房及設備、土地使用權及分類為持作出售資產的所得款項人民幣450.0百萬元的權利予該第三方。
- (e) 於2018年12月31日,本集團的 銀行融資為人民幣1,140.0百萬 元(2017年12月31日:人民幣 2,991.6百萬元),已動用人民幣 1,140.0百萬元(2017年12月31 日:人民幣2,943.6百萬元)。
- (f) 本集團的若干銀行貸款一般須 達成與金融機構訂立的貸款安 排中的契諾後方可作實。如本 集團違反契諾,則須應要求償 還貸款。本集團定期監管是否 遵守有關契諾。本集團管理流 動資金風險的進一步詳情載於 附註29(b)。於2018年12月31 日,概無違反任何與銀行貸款 有關的契諾(2017年12月31日: 無)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

24 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

On 10 April 2013 (the "Adoption Date"), the directors of the Company adopted a share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") as a mean of rewarding and retaining certain employees of the Group and to attract suitable personnel for further development with the Group. A trust has been set up for the purpose of administering the Share Award Scheme.

Pursuant to the Share Award Scheme, the trust may purchase shares in the Company from the Stock Exchange with cash contributed by the Group, and to hold such shares until they are vested.

The directors of the Company may, from time to time, at its sole and absolute discretion, select any employee of the Group (other than those classes of employees specifically excluded as stated in the Share Award Scheme) for participation in the Share Award Scheme and grant such number of awarded shares to any selected employee of the Group at nil consideration. The directors of the Company are entitled to impose any conditions (including a period of continued service within the Group after the award) with respect to the vesting of the awarded shares.

The Share Award Scheme came into effect on the Adoption Date, and shall terminate on the earlier of (i) the tenth anniversary date of the Adoption Date; and (ii) such date of early termination as determined by the directors of the Company.

Details of the shares held under the Share Award Scheme are set out below:

24 以股本結算交易

於2013年4月10日(「採納日期」),本 公司董事採納一項股份獎勵計劃(「股 份獎勵計劃」),作為獎勵及留聘本集 團若干僱員,以及為本集團進一步發 展吸引合適人員。已為管理股份獎勵 計劃成立信託。

根據股份獎勵計劃,該信託可以使用 本集團提供的現金,於聯交所購買本 公司股份,以及持有該等股份直至該 等股份被歸屬為止。

本公司董事可不時決定酌情甄選本集 團任何僱員(股份獎勵計劃注明不包 括的該等類別僱員除外)參加股份獎 勵計劃,以及無償向任何經甄選本集 團僱員授出有關數目的獎勵股份。本 公司董事有權就歸屬獎勵股份施加任 何條件(包括於獎勵後繼續服務本集 團的期間)。

股份獎勵計劃於採納日期生效,以及 將於以下較早者終止:(i)採納日期的 第十個週年當日;及(ii)本公司董事所 決定提早終止的日期。

股份獎勵計劃持有的股份詳情如下:

| | | 2018 2018年 | | 20- |)17 17年 |
|------------------|--------|------------------|---------|---------------|------------|
| | | No. of shares | Value | No. of shares | Value |
| | | 股份數目 | 價值 | 股份數目 | 價值 |
| | | '000 | RMB'000 | '000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 千股 | 人民幣千元 | 千股 | 人民幣千元 |
| At 1 January and | 於1月1日及 | 507 | 210 | 597 | 210 |
| 31 December | 12月31日 | 587 | 210 | 587 | 210 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| 24 | | JITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRA ntinued) | ANSACTIONS | 24 | 以彤 | 太本結算交易 (<i>續)</i> | |
|----|------|---|--|-----|-----|-------------------------------------|---|
| | shar | the years ended 31 December 2018 and res held under the Share Award Scheme ested by any employee of the Group. | | | 度, | 至2018年及2017年 概無根據股份獎 授予本集團任何條 | 勵計劃持有的普 |
| 25 | | OME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED |) STATEMENT | 25 | 合併 | f財務狀況表內的 | 所得税 |
| | (a) | Movements of current taxation in t statement of financial position are as for | | | (a) | 合併財務狀況君 變動如下: | 長內的即期税項 |
| | | | | | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note)</i> <i>(附註)</i> |
| | | Income tax payable at 1 January (<i>Note 2(c)</i>) Exchange adjustments Provision for income tax on the estimated taxable profits for | 於1月1日的應付 所得税(附註2(c)) 匯兑調整 年內估計應課税利潤 的所得税撥備 | | | 197,379 (513) | 205,086 1,841 |
| | | the year <i>(Note 7(a))</i> Income tax paid during the year Income tax refund | (附註7(a)) 年內已付所得税 所得税退還 | | | 17,922 (12,675) 21,971 | 32,364 (27,763) – |
| | | Income tax payable at 31 December | 於12月31日的應付用 | 所得税 | | 224,084 | 211,528 |
| | | <i>Note:</i> The Group has initially applied IFI at 1 January 2018. Under the ti | | | | <i>附註:</i> 本集團於2 次應用國際 | 2018年1月1日首 《財務報告準則第 |

at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. See Note 2(c). 附註:本集團於2018年1月1日首 次應用國際財務報告準則第 15號及國際財務報告準則第 9號。根據所選擇的過渡方 法,比較資料不予重列。有 關詳情請參閱附註2(c)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

(b)

25 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised:

25 合併財務狀況表內的所得税(續)

(b) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債:

The components of deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows: 於合併財務狀況表確認的遞延 税項資產及負債的組成部分及 年內變動如下:

| Deferred tax arising from: 因下列各項產生的遞延税項: | Unused tax losses 未動用 税項虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Depreciation allowances in excess of the related depreciation, and government grants and related depreciation 超過有關折舊的 折舊免税額 以及政府補貼 及有關折舊 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Write down of inventories 存貨攤減 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Loss allowance on trade and other receivables and contract assets 貿易及 其他應收氣虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Provision for warranties and legal claims 保修及 法律素償發備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Remeasurement of the fair value of derivative financial instruments 重新計量 衍生金融工具 的公允價值 PM/B'000 人民幣千元 | Total 總計 RMB ¹⁰⁰⁰ 人民幣千元 |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| At 1 January 2017 於2017年1月 | 1日 78,210 | 27,836 | 2,642 | 213,446 | 66,362 | 3,632 | 392,128 |
| Exchange adjustments 匯兑調整 (Charged)/credited to the 於合併損益表 consolidated statement of 計入(<i>附註7</i>) | | - | - | (145) | 443 | - | 1,720 |
| profit or loss (Note 7(a)) | (44,410) | (6,237) | (1,079) | 117,721 | 1,714 | (7,888) | 59,821 |
| Charged to reserves (Note 10(b)) 於儲備扣除(例 | | - | - | - | - | (3,328) | (3,328) |
| At 31 December 2017 於2017年12) | 月31日 35,222 | 21,599 | 1,563 | 331,022 | 68,519 | (7,584) | 450,341 |
| Impact on initial application of 首次應用國際 IFRS 15 (Note 2(c)例) 第 15號的影 Impact on initial application 首次應用國際 | /響 <i>(附註2(c)(ii))</i> 9,070 | - | - | - | - | - | 9,070 |
| | 髻(附註2(c)(i)) - | - | - | 143,522 | - | - | 143,522 |
| At 1 January 2018 2018年1月1 | 8 44,292 | 21,599 | 1,563 | 474,544 | 68,519 | (7,584) | 602,933 |
| Exchange adjustments 匯兑調整 (Charged)/credited to the 於合併損益表 consolidated statement of 計入(<i>附註7</i>) | | - | - | 8 | 319 | - | 718 |
| profit or loss (Note 7(a)) | (26,302) | (2,150) | (817) | (19,224) | (1,963) | 2,387 | (48,069) |
| Charged to reserves (Note 10(b)) 於儲備扣除(例 | <i>討註10(b))</i> - | - | - | - | - | 404 | 404 |
| At 31 December 2018 於2018年12) | 月31日 18,381 | 19,449 | 746 | 455,328 | 66,875 | (4,793) | 555,986 |

Depreciation

(b)

(C)

(續)

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

已確認遞延税項資產及負債:

25 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

- 25 合併財務狀況表內的所得税(續)
- (b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised: (continued)

附註:於首次應用國際財務報告準 則第15號及國際財務報告準 則第9號時,本集團已確認 將取消確認尚未被視為已轉 讓的建築活動的收益產生的 未動用税項虧損及根據預期 信用損失確認的其他信用損 失之遞延税項資產(見附註 2(c))。

合併財務狀況表內確認的遞延

- (c) Reconciliation of deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position:
- 31
 31

 December
 1 January
 December

 2018
 2018
 2017

税項資產及負債的對賬:

| | | 2018年 | 2018年 | 2017年 |
|--|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | 12月31日 | 1月1日 | 12月31日 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | (Note) | (Note) |
| | | | (附註) | (附註) |
| Deferred tax assets recognised | 於合併財務狀況表內 | | | |
| in the consolidated statement of financial position | 確認的遞延税項資產 | 558,844 | 606,904 | 454,312 |
| Deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement | 於合併財務狀況表內 確認的遞延税項負債 | | | |
| of financial position | | (2,858) | (3,971) | (3,971) |
| | | 555,986 | 602,933 | 450,341 |
| | | | | |

Note: The Group has initially applied IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 using the cumulative effect method and adjusted the opening balances as at 1 January 2018.

附註:本集團已使用累計影響法首次應用國際財務報告準則第9 號及國際財務報告準則第15 號並調整於2018年1月1日的 期初權益。

Note: Upon the initial application of IFRS15 and IFRS 9, the Group has recognised deferred tax assets on the unused tax losses arising from the derecognisition of the revenue from construction activities that were not yet considered as transferred and of the additional credit loss recognised under the ECL model (see Note 2(c)).

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

25 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

(d) Deferred tax assets not recognised

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2(r), the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences arising from certain subsidiaries of the Group of RMB1,046.5 million at 31 December 2018 (31 December 2017: RMB806.4 million), as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. Except for the amount of RMB529.0 million which will not expire under the relevant tax legislation, the remaining unused tax losses at 31 December 2018 will expire on or before 31 December 2038.

(e) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

At 31 December 2018, temporary differences relating to the retained profits of the Group's subsidiaries established in the PRC amounted to RMB2,392.5 million (31 December 2017: RMB2,733.1 million), of which no deferred tax liabilities in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of these profits was provided as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that such profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

25 合併財務狀況表內的所得税(續)

(d) 未確認遞延税項資產

根據附註2(r)所載的會計政策, 本集團並未就2018年12月31 日自本集團若干附屬公司產生 的未動用税項虧損及可扣減暫 時差額人民幣1,046.5百萬元 (2017年12月31日:人民幣 806.4百萬元)確認遞延税項資 產,原因是有關税務司法權區 及實體於未來不可能有應課税 利潤用以抵銷可動用的虧損。 除人民幣529.0百萬元不會在 有關税務法律下屆滿,餘下於 2018年12月31日的未動用税務 虧損將於2038年12月31日或以 前屆滿。

(e) 未確認遞延税項負債

於2018年12月31日,有關本 集團於中國成立的附屬公司的 保留利潤的暫時差額為人民幣 2,392.5百萬元(2017年12月31 日:人民幣2,733.1百萬元),其 中概無就有關分派該等利潤應 付税項的遞延税項負債作出撥 備,原因是本公司控制此等附 屬公司的股息政策,而其已釐 定該等利潤可能不會於可見未 來作分派。

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

26 PROVISION FOR WARRANTIES

26 保修撥備

| | | 2018 | 2017 |
|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------|----------|
| | | 2018 年 | 2017年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| At 1 January | 於1月1日 | 309,395 | 273,429 |
| Exchange adjustments | 匯兑調整 | (1,409) | 741 |
| Additional provisions made | 已計提額外撥備 | 83,093 | 91,196 |
| Provisions utilised | 已動用撥備 | (87,341) | (55,971) |
| At 31 December | 於12月31日 | 303,738 | 309,395 |
| Less: amounts included as | 減:報告期末包括在 | | |
| current liabilities at the end | 流動負債內的金額 | | |
| of the reporting period | | (63,365) | (52,277) |
| | | 240,373 | 257,118 |

Under the terms of the Group's construction contracts with its customers, the Group will rectify any defects arising within one to five years from the date of completion of the construction contracts, as required by industry regulations in respective jurisdictions and depending on the terms negotiated with each customer. Provision is therefore made for the best estimate of the expected settlement under these construction contracts in respect of construction contracts completed within one to five years prior to the end of the reporting period. The amount of provision takes into account the Group's recent claim experience and is only made where a warranty claim is probable. 根據本集團與其客戶訂立的建築合同 條款,本集團將會根據於各司法權區 的行業規例所規定及視乎與各客戶磋 商的條款,修正任何於建築合同完工 的日期起一至五年內產生的缺陷。因 此,撥備乃就報告期末前一至五年內 完成的建築合同而根據該等建築合同 的預期結算額的最佳估計而計提。撥 備金額計及本集團近期的申索經驗, 並僅於有可能出現保修申索時計提。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

27 資本、儲備及股息

(a) 權益組成部分的變動

本集團的合併權益各組成部分 的期初及期終結餘的對賬載於 合併權益變動表中。年初至年 終期間本公司的個別權益組成 部分的變動詳情載列如下:

| | | | | Shares | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| | | | | held under share award | | | |
| | | Share | Share | snare award scheme | Exchange | Accumulated | |
| | | capital | premium | 根據股份獎勵 | reserve | loss | Total |
| | | 股本 | 股份溢價 | 計劃所持股份 | 匯兑儲備 | 累計虧損 | 總計 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | (Note 27(c)) | (Note 27(d)(i)) | (Note 27(d)(ii)) | (Note 27(d)(v)) | | |
| | | (附註27(c)) | (附註27(d)(i)) | (附註27(d)(ii)) | (附註27(d)(v)) | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2017 | 於2017年1月1日 | 519,723 | 574,047 | (210) | 36,824 | (59,391) | 1,070,993 |
| Changes in equity for 2017: | 2017 年之權益變動: | | | | | | |
| Loss for the year | 年內虧損 | - | - | - | - | (16,399) | (16,399) |
| Other comprehensive income | 其他全面收益 | - | - | - | (64,538) | - | (64,538) |
| Total comprehensive income | 全面收益總額 | - | - | - | (64,538) | (16,399) | (80,937) |
| At 31 December 2017 | 於2017年12月31日 | 519,723 | 574,047 | (210) | (27,714) | (75,790) | 990,056 |
| At 1 January 2018 | 於2018年1月1日 | 519,723 | 574,047 | (210) | (27,714) | (75,790) | 990,056 |
| Changes in equity for 2018: | 2018 年之權益變動: | | | | | | |
| Loss for the year | 年內虧損 | - | - | - | - | (3,283) | (3,283) |
| Other comprehensive income | 其他全面收益 | - | - | - | (40,882) | - | (40,882) |
| Total comprehensive income | 全面收益總額 | - | - | - | (40,882) | (3,283) | (44,165) |
| At 31 December 2018 | 於2018年12月31日 | 519,723 | 574,047 | (210) | (68,596) | (79,073) | 945,891 |

Note: The Group, including the Company, has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. There has been no impact on the Company's individual components of equity.

附註:本集團(包括本公司)於2018 年1月1日首次應用國際財務 報告準則第15號及國際財務 報告準則第9號。其對本公司 權益的單獨組成部分並無影 響。

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(b) 股息

- (b) Dividends
 - (i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year

The directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: HK\$Nil).

(ii) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year

No final dividend in respect of the previous financial year has been approved during the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: HK\$Nil).

(c) Share capital

(i) Issued share capital:

| 股息 |
|----|
|----|

資本、儲備及股息(續)

(i) 歸屬於年內的應付本公司
 股東股息

本公司董事建議不派付截 至2018年12月31日止年 度的股息(2017年:零港 元)。

(ii) 歸屬於上一財政年度的應 付本公司股東股息,已於 本年度批准及派付

於截至2018年12月31日 並無批准有關上一財政年 度的末期股息(2017年: 零港元)。

(c) 股本

(i) 已發行股本:

| 2018 | | 20 | 2017 | | | |
|---------------|---------|--------|---------|--|--|--|
| 2018 年 | | 201 | 2017年 | | | |
| No. of | | No. of | | | | |
| shares | | shares | | | | |
| 股份數目 | | 股份數目 | | | | |
| '000 | RMB'000 | '000 | RMB'000 | | | |
| 千股 | 人民幣千元 | 千股 | 人民幣千元 | | | |

| Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid: | 普通股,已發行 及繳足: | | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|
| At 1 January and 31 December | 於1月1日及 12月31日 | 6,208,734 | 519,723 | 6,208,734 | 519,723 |

 (ii) At 31 December 2018, 587,000 ordinary shares are held by the Company under the Share Award Scheme (31 December 2017: 587,000 ordinary shares) (see Note 24). (ii) 於2018年12月31日,本 公司根據股份獎勵計劃持 有587,000股普通股(2017 年12月31日:587,000股 普通股)(見附註24)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by Section 34 of the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands.

(ii) Shares held under share award scheme

The amount represents the consideration paid for shares held under the Share Award Scheme.

(iii) Other reserve

The other reserve represents (i) the difference between the carrying values of the noncontrolling interests acquired by the Group and the considerations paid; (ii) the surplus/deficit of the carrying values of the controlling equity interests in subsidiaries under common control disposed of over the considerations received; (iii) the difference between the carrying values of the controlling equity interests in subsidiaries acquired and the considerations paid under the Group's reorganisation completed in 2010; and (iv) the difference between the carrying value of the net assets acquired and the consideration paid for the acquisition of a business under common control in 2012.

27 資本、儲備及股息(續)

- (d) 儲備的性質及目的
 - (i) 股份溢價

動用股份溢價賬受開曼群 島公司法第22章(1961年 第三項法例,經綜合及修 訂)第34條監管。

(ii) 根據股份獎勵計劃持有股 份

該款項為根據股份獎勵計 劃持有股份支付的代價。

(iii) 其他儲備

其他儲備指(i)本集團所收 購的非控股權益總額與已 付總代價之間的差額;(ii) 已出售受共同控制附屬公 司的控股股權的馬面值 已收代價的盈餘/虧絀; (iii)所收購附屬公司的控股 股權販面值與根據本集團 於2010年完成重組支付的 代價之間的差異;及(iv)於 2012年收購受共同控制業 務所收購淨資產賬面值與 支付代價之間的差異。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

(iv) PRC statutory reserves

In accordance with the articles of association of the subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC, these subsidiaries are required to set up certain statutory reserves, which are non-distributable. The appropriation to these reserves is at discretion of the directors of the respective subsidiaries. The PRC statutory reserves can only be utilised for predetermined means upon approval by the relevant authority.

In addition, pursuant to the relevant PRC regulations, with effect on 1 January 2012, a reserve for production safety is required to be set up and to be appropriated at a fixed rate on the revenue of the subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC. The reserve can be utilised for expenses or capital expenditures incurred in connection with production safety.

(v) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the presentation currency. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2(u).

(vi) Hedging reserve

The hedging reserve comprises the effective portion of the cumulative net change in the fair value of hedging instruments used in cash flow hedges in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for cash flow hedges in Note 2(f).

- 27 資本、儲備及股息(續)
 - (d) 儲備的性質及目的(續)

(iv) 中國法定儲備

根據本集團於中國成立的 附屬公司的組織章程細 則,該等附屬公司須設立 若干不可分派的法定儲 備。向該等儲備的分配由 各附屬公司的董事酌情決 定。中國法定儲備僅可用 作經相關機關批准的預先 釐定用途。

此外,根據自2012年1月 1日起生效的相關中國法 規,本集團於中國成立的 附屬公司須撥付按營業額 的固定比例設立安全生產 儲備。該儲備可用作支付 有關安全生產而產生的開 支或資本開支。

(v) 匯兌儲備

匯兑儲備包括換算海外業 務財務報表為呈列貨幣所 產生的外匯差額。該儲備 乃根據附註2(u)所載的會 計政策處理。

(vi) 對沖儲備

對沖儲備包括用作有待根 據附註2(f)內就現金流量對 沖所採納的會計政策的現 金流量對沖所用對沖工具 的公允價值的累計淨變動 的有效部分。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

27 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

(e) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for equity shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher equity shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of an adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio. For this purpose, the Group defines adjusted net debt as total debt (which includes bank loans and trade and bills payables) plus unaccrued proposed dividends, less cash and cash equivalents. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity other than amounts recognised in equity relating to cash flow hedges, less unaccrued proposed dividends.

During 2018, the Group's strategy was to maintain the adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio at an acceptable level. In order to maintain or adjust the ratio, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to equity shareholders, issue new shares, return capital to equity shareholders, raise new debt financing or sell assets to reduce debt.

27 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(e) 資本管理

本集團管理資本的主要目標為 保障本集團繼續持續經營的能 力,致使其可透過使產品及服 務的定價與風險水平一致及透 過按合理成本取得融資繼續為 股東提供回報及為其他利益相 關者提供利益。

本集團積極及定期檢討及管理 其資本結構,以維持以較高借 貸水平可能取得的較高股東回 報與穩健資本狀況提供的優勢 及保障之間取得平衡,並就經 濟狀況的變動對資本結構作出 調整。

本集團按經調整淨債務與資本 比率為基準監督其資本結構。 就此而言,本集團界定經調整 淨債務為總債務(其中包括銀行 貸款以及貿易應付款及應付票 據)加非累計擬派股息,減現金 及現金等價物。經調整資本包 括所有權益的組成部分減非累 計擬派股息,惟就現金流量對 沖而於權益中確認的金額除外。

於2018年,本集團的政策為嘗 試維持經調整淨債務與資本比 率於可接受水平。為維持或調 整該項比率,本集團可能會調 整派付予股東的股息金額、發 行新股份、退回資本予股東、 籌措新債務融資或出售資產以 減少債務。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| 27 | CA | PITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS | 資本 | 、儲備及股息(約 | 賣) | |
|----|-----|---|-----------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | (e) | Capital management (continued) | | (e) | 資本管理 <i>(續)</i> | |
| | | The Group's adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio at 31 December 2018 and 2017 was as follows: | | | 於2018年及20 的本集團經調整 比率如下: | |
| | | | | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| | | Current liabilities: Trade and bills payables Bank loans | 流動負債: 貿易應付款及應付票據 銀行貸款 | | 2,998,632 2,287,877 | 3,314,858 2,222,000 |
| | | Non-current liabilities: Bank loans | 非流動負債: 銀行貸款 | | 5,286,509 61,769 | 5,536,858 721,551 |
| | | Total debt Less: cash on hand and in bank | 總債務 減:手頭現金及銀行存款 | | 5,348,278 (1,702,751) | 6,258,409 (1,805,591) |
| | | Adjusted net debt | 經調整凈債務 | | 3,645,527 | 4,452,818 |
| | | Total equity Less: hedging reserve | 總權益 減:對沖儲備 | | 2,708,127 - | 3,198,266 (1,221) |
| | | Adjusted capital | 經調整資本 | | 2,708,127 | 3,197,045 |
| | | Adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio | 經調整凈債務與資本比率 | | 135% | 139% |
| | | | | | | |

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無受外部施加的資本規定限制。
(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

28 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the material related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year are set out below.

(a) Transactions with the Controlling Shareholder and the companies under his control

28 重大關聯方交易

除於此等財務報表其他部分披露的交 易及結餘外,本集團於年內訂立的重 大關聯方交易載列如下。

(a) 與控股股東及受其控制的公司 的交易

| | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Purchase of raw materials | 購買原材料 | 500 | 1,277 |
| Net increase in interest | 從關聯方收取的計息 | | |
| bearing advances received | 墊款增加淨額 | | |
| from related parties | | 167,223 | - |
| Net decrease in non-interest | 授予關聯方的不計息 | | |
| bearing advances granted to | 墊款減少淨額 | | |
| related parties | | 11,392 | - |
| Net increase in non-interest | 從關聯方收取的不計息 | | |
| bearing advances received | 墊款增加淨額 | | |
| from related parties | | - | 1,125 |

Further details on guarantees provided by related parties for the Group's bank loans are disclosed in Notes 23(a), 23(b) and 23(d). 關聯方就本集團銀行貸款提供的擔保 的進一步詳情於附註23(a)、23(b)及 23(d)披露。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| 28 | MA | FERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANS | ACTIONS | 28 | 重大 | 、 <mark>關聯方交易</mark> (續) |) |
|----|------|---|--------------------|----|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | (con | tinued) | | | | | |
| | (b) | Key management personnel remunera | ation | | (b) | 主要管理人員薪 | 西州 |
| | | Remuneration for key management Group, including amounts paid to the Company as disclosed in Note 8, is a | e directors of the | | | 本集團主要管理 包括向附註8披 支付的款項如下 | 露的本公司董事 |
| | | | | | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| | | Short-term employee benefits Retirement schemes contributions | 短期僱員福利 退休計劃供款 | | | 8,479 234 | 8,246 241 |
| | | | | | | 8,713 | 8,487 |
| | | | | | | | |

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (see Note 6(b)).

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business.

The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables and contract assets. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents, bills receivables and derivative financial assets is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions with high credit standing, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk. 薪酬總額包含於「員工成本」內 (見附註6(b))。

29 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值

本集團承受於日常業務過程中產生的 信貸、流動資金、利率及貨幣風險。

下文載述本集團承受的該等風險及本 集團使用以管理該等風險的財務風險 管理政策及慣例。

(a) 信貸風險

信貸風險指交易方將違反其合 約責任而導致本集團的信貸風 廠主要歸因於貿易應收款及合 同資產。本集團來自現金及現 金等值項目、應收票據及衍生 金融資產的信貸風險有限,因 為交易對手方為本集團認為具 有高信貸評級的銀行及金融機 構。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

Except for the guarantee letters given by the Group as set out in Note 31(a), the Group does not provide any other guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of these financial guarantees at the end of the reporting period is disclosed in Note 31(a).

Trade receivables and contract assets

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At 31 December 2018 and 2017, there are no significant concentrations of credit risk through exposure to individual customers.

Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customers as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customers operate. The Group generally requires customers to settle progress billings and retentions receivable in accordance with contracted terms and other debts in accordance with agreements. Except for retentions receivable, trade receivables and contract assets for contract work are considered past due once billings have been made and revenue has been recognised, respectively. Retention terms of one to five years may be granted to customers for retentions receivable. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

29 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

除附註31(a)所載本集團作出的 保函外,本集團並無就本集團 會面臨的信貸風險提供任何其 他擔保。於報告期末就該等財 務擔保面臨的最大信貸風險於 附註31(a)中披露。

貿易應收款及合同資產

本集團的信貸風險主要受各客 戶的個別情況所影響,而非受 客戶經營所在行業或國家影 響,故本集團的重大信貸集中 風險主要在本集團面對重大個 別債務人風險時產生。於2018 年及2017年12月31日,概無面 臨單獨客戶的重大信貸集中風 險。

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables and contract assets (continued)

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables and contract assets as at 31 December 2018:

財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值*(續)*

(a) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款及合同資產(續)

本集團按相等於使用撥備矩陣 計算之存續期預期信用損失的 金額計量貿易應收款及合同資 產之虧損撥備。由於本集團之 過往信貸虧損經驗並無就不同 客戶分部顯示重大虧損模式差 異,根據逾期狀態計算之虧損 撥備並無於本集團不同客戶基 礎之間進一步區分。

下表提供有關本集團於2018年 12月31日就貿易應收款及合同 資產所面臨之信貸風險及預期 信用損失之資料:

| | | | Gross | |
|-----------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Expected | carrying | Loss |
| | | loss rate | amount | allowance |
| | | 預期虧損率 | 總賬面值 | 虧損撥備 |
| | | % | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | % | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | | |
| Current (not past due) | 流動(未逾期) | 6.8% | 362,041 | 24,699 |
| Less than 6 months past due | 逾期少於6個月 | 7.2% | 1,644,602 | 118,916 |
| More than 6 months but less | 逾期超過6個月 | | | |
| than 1 year past due | 但少於1年 | 8.8% | 557,780 | 49,231 |
| More than 1 year past due | 逾期超過一年 | 36.2% | 5,117,185 | 1,852,226 |
| | | 26.6% | 7,681,608 | 2,045,072 |

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 3 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. 預期虧損率根據過往3年的實際 虧損經驗作出。該等比率已予 調整以反映已收集過往數據期 間內之經濟狀況、當前狀況及 本集團對應收款之預期年期內 之經濟狀況之意見之間的差異。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

Comparative information under IAS 39

Prior to 1 January 2018, an impairment loss was recognised only when there was objective evidence of impairment (see Note 2(j)(i) – policy applicable prior to 1 January 2018). At 31 December 2017, trade and bills receivables of RMB1,713.1 million were individually determined to be impaired. The aging analysis of trade and bills receivables that were neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired was as follows:

- 29 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值(續)
 - (a) 信貸風險(續)

國際會計準則第39號項下的比 較資料

於2018年1月1日前,減值虧損 僅在出現減值之客觀憑證(見附 註2(j)(i)一於2018年1月1日前適 用之政策)時方會確認。於2017 年12月31日,貿易應收款人民 幣1,713.1百萬元單獨釐定為減 值。被認為單獨或共同均無須 減值的貿易應收款及應收票據 的賬齡分析如下:

> 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元

> > 552,219

930,564

Neither past due nor impaired Less than 6 months past due More than 6 months but less than 1 year past due More than 1 year past due 既未逾期亦無減值 逾期少於6個月

逾期超過6個月但少於1年

逾期超過1年

238,191 1,076,110 2,244,865

2,797,084

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to bills receivable from the issuing banks and retentions receivable within retention terms and from customers for whom there was no recent history of default. 既未逾期亦無減值的應收款與 發行銀行的應收票據及屬於保 留期限內的應收保留金相關及 來自無近期違約歷史的客戶。

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

Comparative information under IAS 39 (continued)

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of customers that have a good track record with the Group. These receivables mainly relate to construction projects either in progress or at final inspection stage. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of trade receivables and contract assets during the year is as follows: 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價

值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

國際會計準則第39號項下的比 較資料(續)

已逾期但未減值的應收款與若 干與本集團有良好往績記錄的 客戶相關。該等應收款主要關 於在建或於最終視察階段的建 築工程相關。根據過往經驗, 管理層認為毋須就該等結餘作 出減值撥備,原因是信貸質素 並無重大變動,且該等結餘仍 被視為可悉數收回。本集團並 無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

年內有關貿易應收款及合同資 產的虧損撥備賬變動如下:

| | | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|---|----------------|-----------|
| | | 2018 年 | 2017年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Balance at 31 December 2017 under IAS 39 Impact on initial application of | 根據國際會計準則第39號於 2017年12月31日的結餘 首次應用國際財務報告準則第9 | 1,474,974 | 1,029,606 |
| IFRS 9 <i>(Note 2(c)(i))</i> | 號的影響(<i>附註2(c)(i</i>)) | 604,352 | - |
| Balance at 1 January | | 2,079,326 | 1,029,606 |
| Exchange adjustment | 匯兑調整 | 8,401 | (17,470) |
| Amounts write-off during the year | 年內撇減的金額 | (232,670) | _ |
| Impairment losses recognised | 年內已確認減值虧損(<i>附註(</i>)) | | |
| during the year (Note (i)) | | 211,432 | 515,273 |
| Impairment losses written-back | 年內撥回減值虧損 | | |
| during the year | | (21,417) | (52,435) |
| Balance at 31 December | | 2,045,072 | 1,474,974 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

Comparative information under IAS 39 (continued)

Note:

(i) The impairment losses recognised during the year are contributed to the origination of new trade receivables and contract assets net of those settled and the increase in days past due.

(b) Liquidity risk

The treasury function is centrally managed by the Group, which includes the short-term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long term.

The following tables detail the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on current rates at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest dates the Group can be required to pay:

- 29 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值(續)
 - (a) 信貸風險(續)

國際會計準則第39號項下的比 較資料(續)

附註:

(i) 年內已確認減值虧損歸因於 新貿易應收款及合同資產(扣 除已結算者)的產生及逾期日 數增加。

(b) 流動資金風險

本集團集中管理財務部門,包 括現金盈餘的短期投資及籌措 貸款滿足預期現金需求。本集 團的政策為定期監察其流動資 金需要及其遵守借貸契諾的情 況,以確保其維持充裕現金儲 備及從主要金融機構取得充裕 的承諾融資額度,以滿足其短 期及長期流動資金需要。

下表詳述於本集團非衍生金融 負債及衍生金融負債於報告期 間結算日的餘下合同到期日, 乃基於合同非貼現現金流量(包 括使用合同利率計算的利息款 項或(倘屬浮動利率)按各報告 期間結算日的現行利率)及本集 團需要付款的最早日期得出:

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值(續)

(b) Liquidity risk *(continued)*

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

| | | | | 2018 | | |
|--------------------------|------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------|-------------|
| | | | | 2018年 | | |
| | | | Contractual undis | counted cash outflow | | |
| | | | 合同未則 | 現現金流出 | | |
| | | | More than 1 year | More than | | Carrying |
| | | Within 1 year | but less than | 2 years but less | | amount at |
| | | or on demand | 2 years | than 3 years | | 31 December |
| | | 一年內 | 超過一年 | 超過兩年 | Total | 於12月31日 |
| | | 或應要求 | 但少於兩年 | 但少於三年 | 總計 | 的賬面值 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Trade and bills payables | 貿易應付款及應付票據 | 2,998,632 | - | - | 2,998,632 | 2,998,632 |
| Accrued expenses and | 按攤銷成本計量的應計 | | | | | |
| other payables measured | 開支及其他應付款 | | | | | |
| at amortised cost | | 512,524 | - | - | 512,524 | 512,524 |
| Bank loans | 銀行貸款 | 2,351,454 | 62,661 | - | 2,414,115 | 2,349,646 |

| | | 2018 2018年 Contractual undiscounted cash (outflow)/inflow | | | | |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| | | | 合同未貼現現 More than | 金(流出)/流入 More than | | |
| | | Within 1 year or on demand | 1 year but less than 2 years | 2 years but less than 5 years | | |
| | | 一年內 | 超過一年 | 超過兩年 | Total | |
| | | 或應要求 RMB'000 | 但少於兩年 RMB'000 | 但少於五年 RMB'000 | 總計 RMB'000 | |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | |
| Derivatives settled gross: Other forward foreign exchange contracts (<i>Note 29(d)(ii)</i>): | 已結算衍生工具總額: 其他遠期外匯合約 <i>(附註29(d)(ii))</i> : | | | | | |
| - outflow | 一流出 | (1,015,758) | (651,056) | (221,755) | (1,888,569) | |
| – inflow | - 流入 | 1,022,583 | 664,830 | 226,210 | 1,913,623 | |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值(續)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

(b) Liquidity risk *(continued)*

| | 2017 | | | |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------|--|
| | 2017年 | | | |
| | counted cash outflow | Contractual undisc | | |
| | 現現金流出 | 合同未貼現 | | |
| Carrying | More than | More than 1 year | | |
| amount at | 2 years but less | but less than | Within 1 year | |
| | | 0 | | |

| | | or on demand | 2 years | than 3 years | | 31 December | |
|--------------------------|------------|--------------|---------|--------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| | | 一年內 | 超過一年 | 超過兩年 | Total | 於12月31日 | |
| | | 或應要求 | 但少於兩年 | 但少於三年 | 總計 | 的賬面值 | |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Trade and bills payables | 貿易應付款及應付票據 | 3,314,858 | - | - | 3,314,858 | 3,314,858 | |
| Accrued expenses and | 按攤銷成本計量的應計 | | | | | | |
| other payables measured | 開支及其他應付款 | | | | | | |
| at amortised cost | | 525,443 | - | - | 525,443 | 525,443 | |
| Bank loans | 銀行貸款 | 2,293,866 | 497,594 | 244,559 | 3,036,019 | 2,943,551 | |

| | 20 |)1 | (|
|---|-----|----|---|
| 2 | 201 | 17 | 年 |

Contractual undiscounted cash (outflow)/inflow

| | 合同未貼現現金(流出)/流入 | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | More than | More than | | | | | |
| | 2 years but less | 1 year but less | Within 1 year | | | | |
| | than 5 years | than 2 years | or on demand | | | | |
| Total | 超過兩年 | 超過一年 | 一年內 | | | | |
| 總計 | 但少於五年 | 但少於兩年 | 或應要求 | | | | |
| RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | | | | |
| 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | | | | |

| Derivatives settled gross: Forward foreign exchange contracts held as cash flow hedging | 已結算衍生工具總額: 5 持作現金流量對沖工具的 遠期外匯合約 | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| instruments (Note 29(d)(i)): | <i>(附註29(d)(i))</i> : | | | | |
| - outflow | - 流出 | (47,855) | - | - | (47,855) |
| - inflow | 一流入 | 49,508 | - | - | 49,508 |
| Other forward foreign exchange | 其他遠期外匯合約 | | | | |
| contracts (Note 29(d)(ii)): | (附註29(d)(ii)): | | | | |
| - outflow | -流出 | (1,243,184) | (596,282) | (286,240) | (2,125,706) |
| - inflow | - 流入 | 1,285,575 | 603,436 | 285,816 | 2,174,827 |

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值*(續)*

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from interest bearing borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates and at fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively.

(i) Interest rate profile

The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's borrowings at the end of the reporting period:

(c) 利率風險

利率風險指金融工具的公允價 值或未來現金流將因市場利率 變動而波動的風險。本集團的 利率風險主要來自計息借貸。 按浮動利率及固定利率發出的 借貸分別令本集團承受現金流 量利率風險及公允價值利率風 險。

(i) 利率結構

下表詳述本集團借貸於報 告期末的利率結構:

| | | 20 | 18 | 20 | 17 |
|---|--------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 201 | 8年 | 201 | 7年 |
| | | | | Effective | |
| | | Effective | | interest | |
| | | interest rate | | rate | |
| | | 實際利率 | | 實際利率 | |
| | | % | RMB'000 | % | RMB'000 |
| | | | 人民幣千元 | | 人民幣千元 |
| Fixed rate borrowings: | 固定利率借貸: | | | | |
| Bank loans | 銀行貸款 | 5.76 % | 1,190,000 | 4.19% | 1,872,000 |
| Interest bearing advances | 收取關聯方計息墊款 | | | | |
| received from related parties | | 4.28% | 167,223 | n/a | - |
| Variable rate borrowings: | 浮動利率借貨: | | | | |
| Bank loans | 銀行貸款 | 4.73% | 1,159,646 | 4.04% | 1,071,551 |
| Total borrowings | 借貸總額 | | 2,516,869 | | 2,943,551 |
| Fixed rate borrowings as a percentage of | 固定利率借貸佔借貸 總額百分比 | | | | |
| total borrowings | | | 54% | | 64% |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Interest rate risk *(continued)*

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2018, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's profit after tax and the Group's retained profits of approximately RMB9.9 million (2017: approximately RMB9.1 million).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax and retained profits assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to remeasure those non-derivative financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period. The impact on the Group's profit after tax and retained profits is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expenses of such a change in interest rates. The sensitivity analysis is performed on the same basis for 2017.

- 29 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值(續)
 - (c) 利率風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析

於2018年12月31日,估 計倘利率整體增加/減少 100個基點,而所有其他 可變因素維持不變,本集 團的税後利潤及本集團保 留利潤會分別減少/增加 約人民幣9.9百萬元(2017 年:約人民幣9.1百萬 元)。

上文的敏感度分析顯示本 集團的税後利潤及保留利 潤的即時變動,假設利率 的是已應用以重新計量本 開末承受現金流出現 開末承受現金流型具。 對 本集團的税後利潤及保留 利潤的影響乃作為有關見 之條 型 動對利率開支的年度 分析乃按與2017年相同的 基準進行。

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(d) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through revenue from and costs incurred for contract work, purchases of imported materials which give rise to receivables, payables, inter-company payables and receivables within the Group, and cash balances that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily USD, Euro, SGD, AUD, GBP, CHF, Japanese Yen ("JPY"), MYR, CAD, RMB, HK\$, Qatar Riyal ("QAR"), Vietnamese Dong ("VND") and RUB.

A significant portion of the Group's business is overseas construction contracts, and these contracts are generally settled in currencies other than RMB. The Group uses forward foreign exchange contracts to minimise its exposure to currency risk arising therefrom.

(i) Hedges of foreign currency risk in forecast transactions

The Group hedges portion of its estimated foreign currency exposure in respect of highly probable forecast revenue from overseas construction contracts. 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值(續)

(d) 貨幣風險

本集團主要通過產生以與有關 交易相關的業務之功能貨幣以 外的貨幣計值的應收款、應付 款、本集團內公司間應付款、應 收款及現金結餘的合同工程 收入、購買進口材料產生的成 本承受貨幣風險。產生此項風 險的貨幣主要為美元、歐元、 新加坡元、澳元、英鎊、瑞士 法郎、日元(「日元」)、馬來 元、卡塔爾利雅(「卡塔爾利 雅」)、越南盾(「越南盾」)及盧 布。

本集團業務的重大部分為海外 建築合同,而該等合同一般以 人民幣以外的貨幣結算。本集 團使用遠期外匯合約,藉以盡 量減低其承受的貨幣風險。

(i) 對沖預測交易中的外幣風險

本集團就可能性極高的海 外建築工程合同預測收入 對沖其部分估計外幣風 險。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

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29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (d) Currency risk (continued)
 - (i) Hedges of foreign currency risk in forecast transactions (continued)

The Group uses forward foreign exchange contracts to manage its currency risk until the settlement date of foreign currency receivables or payables. The Group designates those forward exchange contracts as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges and does not separate the forward and spot element of a forward exchange contract but instead designates the forward exchange contract in its entirety in a hedging relationship. Correspondingly, the hedged item is measured based on the forward exchange rate.

The Group determines the existence of an economic relationship between the forward exchange contracts and the highly probable forecast transactions based on their currency amounts and the timing of their respective cash flows. The main sources of ineffectiveness in these hedging relationships are:

(a) the effect of the counterparty's and the Group's own credit risk on the fair value of the forward exchange contracts which is not reflected in the change in the value of the hedged cash flows attributable to the forward rate; and

- 29 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值(續)
 - (d) 貨幣風險(續)
 - (i) 對沖預測交易中的外幣風 險(續)

本集團使用遠期外匯合約 管理其貨幣風險直至外幣 應收款或應付款的結算日 期。本集團將該等遠期外 匯合約指定為現金流對沖 中的對沖工具及並無區分 遠期外匯合約的遠期及短 期部分反而於對沖關係中 的整體指定遠期外匯合約。因此,對沖項目根據 遠期外匯匯率計量。

本集團確定外匯遠期合約 及很可能的預期交易之間 存在經濟關係,乃以彼等 的貨幣金額及各自現金流 的時間。該等對沖關係中 的無效對沖主要來源為:

(a) 交易對手方及本集 團本身信貸風險對 遠期外匯合約公允 價值的影響,並無 反映在歸因於遠期 匯率的已對沖現金 流價值變動中;及

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

 29
 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES
 29

 OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)
 29

- (d) Currency risk (continued)
 - (i) Hedges of foreign currency risk in forecast transactions (continued)

transactions.

(b) changes in the timing of the hedged

The following table provides a reconciliation of the hedging reserve in respect of foreign currency risk and shows the effectiveness of the hedging relationships: 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值*(續)*

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(i) 對沖預測交易中的外幣風 險(續)

> (b) 對沖交易的時間發 生變動。

> 下表提供有關外幣風險的 對沖儲備之對賬並列示對 沖關係的有效性:

| | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Balance at 1 January Effective portion of the cash flow hedge recognised in | 於1月1日的結餘 於其他全面收益中確認的現 金流對沖之有效部分 | 1,221 | (8,760) |
| other comprehensive income | | 2,851 | 19,440 |
| Amounts reclassified to profit or loss <i>(Note (i))</i> Related tax | 重新分類至損益的款項 <i>(附註(</i>)) 相關税項 | (4,476) 404 | (6,131) (3,328) |
| Balance at 31 December (Note (ii)) | | - | 1,221 |
| Change in fair value of the forward exchange contracts during the year | ー 年內遠期外匯合約公允價值 變動 | 1,625 | (13,309) |
| Hedge ineffectiveness recognised in profit or loss | 於損益中確認的無效對沖 _ | 1,226 | 32,749 |
| Effective portion of the cash flow hedge recognised in | 於其他全面收益中確認的現 金流有效對沖 | 0.054 | 10,440 |
| other comprehensive income | | 2,851 | 19,440 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (d) Currency risk (continued)
 - (i) Hedges of foreign currency risk in forecast transactions (continued)

Notes:

- Amounts reclassified to profit or loss are recognised in the "Finance costs" line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss (see Note 6(a)).
- (ii) The entire balance in the hedging reserve relates to continuing hedges.

(ii) Recognised assets and liabilities

Change in the fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts that economically hedge monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is recognised in profit or loss (see Note 6(a)). At 31 December 2018, the net fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts used by the Group as economic hedges of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies was a gain of RMB24.1 million (31 December 2017: a gain of RMB48.2 million) recognised as derivative financial instruments.

In respect of the remaining receivables and payables denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate, the Group ensures that the net exposure is kept to an acceptable level, by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates where necessary to address short-term imbalances.

- 29 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值(續)
 - (d) 貨幣風險(續)
 - (i) 對沖預測交易中的外幣風
 險(續)

附註:

- (i) 重新分類至損益的款 項於合併損益表內的 「融資成本」項目中確 認(見附註6(a))。
- (ii) 對沖中的全部結餘與 持續對沖有關。

(ii) 已確認資產及負債

在經濟上對沖以外幣計值 的貨幣資產及負債的遠期 外匯合同的公允價值變 動乃確認為損益(見附註 6(a))。於2018年12月31 日,本集團用作以外幣計 值的貨幣資產及負債的經 濟對沖的遠期外匯合約的 淨公允價值收益為人民幣 24.1百萬元(2017年12月 31日:收益人民幣48.2百 萬元),乃確認為衍生金 融工具。

就以與實體有關的功能貨 幣以外的貨幣計值的其餘 應收款及應付款而言,本 集團通過在有需要時按現 貨價購買或出售外幣以處 理短期不平衡情況,確保 淨風險維持於可接納水 平。

29

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值*(續)*

Currency risk (continued)

(iii) Exposure to currency risk

(d)

The following tables detail the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in RMB, translated using the spot rates at the end of the reporting period. Differences resulting from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency are excluded.

值(*續)*

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(iii) 承受的貨幣風險

下表詳述本集團於報告期 末承受以與實體有關的功 能貨幣以外貨幣計值的已 確認險。就呈列而言,涉 及風險的金額乃以人民幣 列示, 使用於報告期末的 現貨海外業務的財務報表 為本集團的呈列貨幣產生 的差額。

| | | | | | | | | 20 | 18 | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | | | | | | 201 | 8年 | | | | | | |
| | | USD | Euro | SGD | AUD | GBP | CHF | JPY | MYR | CAD | RMB | HK\$ | QAR | VND | RUB |
| | | | | | | | | | 馬來西亞 | | | | | | |
| | | 美元 | 歐元 | 新加坡元 | 澳元 | 英鎊 | 瑞士法郎 | 日元 | 令吉 | 加元 | 人民幣 | 港元 | 卡塔爾利雅 | 越南盾 | 盧布 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Contract assets | 合同資產 | 16,028 | - | 407 | - | | - | | | | | - | - | | - |
| Trade and bills receivables | 貿易應收款及應收票據 | 790,652 | 19,662 | 48,405 | 178,059 | 206,741 | 112,416 | 5,701 | 10,429 | 27,643 | | 100,882 | 18,767 | 24,511 | 23,270 |
| Deposits, prepayments | 按金、預付款及 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| and other receivables | 其他應收款 | 185,568 | 47,170 | - | - | 11,557 | 178,460 | 5,698 | - | - | 2,000 | 327,890 | 1,319 | - | |
| Cash on hand and in bank | 手頭現金及銀行存款 | 126,050 | 3,020 | 216 | 131 | 2,057 | - | 279 | - | 120 | 114 | - | - | - | - |
| Trade and bills payables | 貿易應付款及應付票據 | (24,239) | (3,766) | | - | | (2,793) | - | | (23) | | (23) | - | | - |
| Accrued expenses and other payables | 應計開支及其他應付款 | (146,029) | (2,382) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (935,490) | - | - | - | - |
| Gross exposure arising from | 已確認資產及負債 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| recognised assets and liabilities | 產生的風險總額 | 948,030 | 63,704 | 49,028 | 178,190 | 220,355 | 288,083 | 11,678 | 10,429 | 27,740 | (933,376) | 428,749 | 20,086 | 24,511 | 23,270 |
| Notional amounts of forward foreign | 用作經濟對沖的遠期 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| exchange contracts used as | 外匯合約名義金額 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| economic hedges | | (16,742) | (10,332) | (4,706) | (50,587) | (206,741) | (31,967) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net exposure arising from recognised | 已確認資產及負債 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| assets and liabilities | 產生的風險淨額 | 931,288 | 53,372 | 44,322 | 127,603 | 13,614 | 256,116 | 11,678 | 10,429 | 27,740 | (933,376) | 428,749 | 20,086 | 24,511 | 23,270 |

| YUANDA CHI | NA HOLDING | SS LIM | ITED . | Annua | Repor | t 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|-----------|------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|---------|-------------|---------|
| Notes to | | nan | cial | Sta | ater | nen | its (| conti | nued | | | | | | |
| 財務報表降 | 付註(續) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Expressed in RMB) (除另有指明外,以 | | indicate | ed) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 29 FINANCI | AL RISK MA | ANAG | EMEN | | ID FA | IR VA | LUES | • | 29 | 財務團 | 虱險管 | 理及会 | 金融工 | 具的 | 公允價 |
| OF FINAI | NCIAL INST | RUM | ENTS | (conti | inued) | | | | | 值 (續 |) | | | | |
| (d) Curr | ency risk <i>(cor</i> | ntinuec | d) | | | | | | | (d) | 貨幣風 | ,險 <i>(續</i> |) | | |
| (iii) | Exposure t | o cur | rency | risk (d | continu | ied) | | | | | (iii) i | 承受的 | 貨幣屬 | 險 (續 | ·) |
| | | | | | | | | 20 201 | | | | | | | |
| | | USD | Euro | SGD | AUD | GBP | CHF | JPY | , i IDR | CAD | RMB | HK\$ | QAR | VND | RUB |
| | | 美元 | 歐元 | 新加坡元 | 澳元 | 英鎊 | 瑞士法郎 | 日元 | 印尼盧比 | 加元 | 人民幣 | 港元 | 卡塔爾利雅 | 越南盾 | 盧布 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Gross amount due from customers | 應收客戶合同工程款總額 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| for contract work | | 11,441 | - | 396 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Trade and bills receivables | 貿易應收款及應收票據 | 834,651 | 23,815 | 57,609 | 295,619 | 112,120 | 67,349 | 6,599 | 16,182 | 15,077 | - | 96,243 | 17,832 | 34,595 | 22,768 |
| Deposits, prepayments and | 按金、預付款及 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| other receivables | 其他應收款 | 162,636 | 7,032 | 590 | 1,701 | 11,005 | 175,557 | 6,601 | - | 113 | - | 311,137 | - | - | - |
| Cash on hand and in bank Trade and bills payables | 手頭現金及銀行存款 貿易應付款及應付票據 | 123,727 (87,852) | 845 | 71 | 407 | 712 (30) | - | - | - | 192 | 114 | - (22) | - | - | - |
| Accrued expenses and other payables | 貝勿愿内朳反愿内示家 應計開支及其他應付款 | (166,086) | - | - | - | (00) | (2,953) | - | - | - | - (1,033,319) | (22) | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | | (1,000) | | | | (1,000,010) | | | | |
| Gross exposure arising from | 已確認資產及負債 | 070 547 | 04 000 | F0 000 | 007 707 | 100.007 | 000.050 | 40.000 | 10.100 | 45.000 | 4 000 005 | 107.050 | 47.000 | 04.505 | 00.700 |
| recognised assets and liabilities | 產生的風險總額 | 878,517 | 31,692 | 58,666 | 297,727 | 123,807 | 239,953 | 13,200 | 16,182 | 15,382 | (1,033,205) | 407,358 | 17,832 | 34,595 | 22,768 |
| Notional amounts of forward | 用作經濟對沖的遠期 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| foreign exchange contracts | 外匯合約名義金額 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| used as economic hedges | | (219,612) | (20,924) | (58,005) | (42,231) | (112,120) | (38,280) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net exposure arising from recognised | 已確認資產及負債 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| assets and liabilities | 產生的風險淨額 | 658,905 | 10,768 | 661 | 255,496 | 11,687 | 201,673 | 13,200 | 16,182 | 15,382 | (1,033,205) | 407,358 | 17,832 | 34,595 | 22,768 |
| | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | _ | | |

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(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(d) Currency risk *(continued)*

USD

Euro

SGD

AUD

GBP

CHF

JPY

(iv) Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax and retained profits that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had changed at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant. 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值*(續)*

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(iv) 敏感度分析

下表顯示倘本集團於報告 期末承受重大風險的外幣 匯率於該日期有所變動, 假設所有其他可變風險因 素維持不變,本集團的税 後利潤及保留利潤的即時 變動。

| | 2018 | | | 2017 | | |
|------|------------|---------------|------------|------------------|--|--|
| | 20 | 18年 | 2017年 | | | |
| | | Increase/ | | | | |
| | | (decrease) in | | Increase/ | | |
| | Increase/ | profit after | Increase/ | (decrease) in | | |
| | (decrease) | tax and in | (decrease) | profit after tax | | |
| | in foreign | retained | in foreign | and in retained | | |
| | exchange | profits | exchange | profits | | |
| | rates | 税後利潤 | rates | 税後利潤 | | |
| | 外匯匯率 | 及保留利潤 | 外匯匯率 | 及保留利潤 | | |
| | 上升/(下降) | 增加/(減少) | 上升/(下降) | 增加/(減少) | | |
| | | RMB'000 | | RMB'000 | | |
| | | 人民幣千元 | | 人民幣千元 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 美元 | 10% | 79,270 | 10% | 55,403 | | |
| | (10)% | (79,270) | (10)% | (55,403) | | |
| 歐元 | 10% | 5,223 | 10% | 917 | | |
| | (10)% | (5,223) | (10)% | (917) | | |
| 新加坡元 | 5% | 1,884 | 5% | 28 | | |
| | (5)% | (1,884) | (5)% | (28) | | |
| 澳元 | 10% | 10,846 | 10% | 21,717 | | |
| | (10)% | (10,846) | (10)% | (21,717) | | |
| 英鎊 | 10% | 1,172 | 10% | 1,001 | | |
| | (10)% | (1,172) | (10)% | (1,001) | | |
| 瑞士法郎 | 10% | 21,770 | 10% | 17,142 | | |
| | (10)% | (21,770) | (10)% | (17,142) | | |
| 日元 | 10% | 993 | 10% | 1,122 | | |
| | (10)% | (993) | (10)% | (1,122) | | |
| | | | | | | |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (d) Currency risk (continued)
 - (iv) Sensitivity analysis (continued)

29 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值(續)

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

2018

(iv) 敏感度分析(續)

2017

| | | 2 | 010 | 2017 | | |
|------|--------|--------------|---------------|------------|------------------|--|
| | | 20 | 18年 | 2017年 | | |
| | | | Increase/ | | | |
| | | | (decrease) in | | Increase/ | |
| | | Increase/ | profit after | Increase/ | (decrease) in | |
| | | (decrease) | tax and in | (decrease) | profit after tax | |
| | | in foreign | retained | in foreign | and in retained | |
| | | exchange | profits | exchange | profits | |
| | | rates | 税後利潤 | rates | 税後利潤 | |
| | | 外匯匯率 | 及保留利潤 | 外匯匯率 | 及保留利潤 | |
| | | 上升/(下降) | 增加/(減少) | 上升/(下降) | 增加/(減少) | |
| | | | RMB'000 | | RMB'000 | |
| | | | 人民幣千元 | | 人民幣千元 | |
| | | | | | | |
| MYR | 馬來西亞令吉 | 5% | 443 | 不適用 | 不適用 | |
| | | (5) % | (443) | 不適用 | 不適用 | |
| CAD | 加元 | 10% | 2,358 | 5% | 654 | |
| | | (10)% | (2,358) | (5)% | (654) | |
| RMB | 人民幣 | 10% | (93,338) | 10% | (103,321) | |
| | | (10)% | 93,338 | (10)% | 103,321 | |
| HK\$ | 港元 | 10% | 38,098 | 10% | 36,179 | |
| | | (10)% | (38,098) | (10)% | (36,179) | |
| QAR | 卡塔爾利雅 | 10% | 1,727 | 10% | 1,516 | |
| | | (10)% | (1,727) | (10)% | (1,516) | |
| VND | 越南盾 | 10% | 2,083 | 10% | 2,941 | |
| | | (10)% | (2,083) | (10)% | (2,941) | |
| RUB | 盧布 | 20% | 3,956 | 20% | 3,870 | |
| | | (20)% | (3,956) | (20)% | (3,870) | |
| IDR | 盧比 | 不適用 | 不適用 | 10% | 1,375 | |
| | | 不適用 | 不適用 | (10)% | (1,375) | |

29

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(d) Currency risk *(continued)*

(iv) Sensitivity analysis (continued)

Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the instantaneous effects on each of the Group entities' profit/loss after tax and retained profits measured in their respective functional currencies, translated into RMB at the exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes.

The sensitivity analysis assumes that the change in foreign exchange rates had been applied to remeasure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, including inter-company payables and receivables within the Group which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis excludes differences that would result from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency. The sensitivity analysis is performed on the same basis for 2017. 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值*(續)*

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(iv) 敏感度分析(續)

上表呈列的分析結果指合 併本集團各實體以各自的 功能貨幣計量的税後利 潤/虧損及保留利潤的即 時影響,乃按報告期末適 用的匯率換算為人民幣, 以供呈列用途。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (e) Fair value measurement
 - (i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs, i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs, i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

29 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值(續)

(e) 公允價值計量

(i) 按公允價值計量的金融資
 產及負債

公允價值層級

下表載列根據國際財務報 告準則第13號公允價值計 量,定期於報告期結算日 計量本集團金融工具之公 允價值分類為三個公允價 值層級。參考按估值方法 所輸入數據的可觀察性及 重要性作以下級別釐定:

 第1層估值:僅使 用第1層輸入數據 (即計量日期當日相 同資產或負債活躍 市場上的未經調整 報價)計量的公允價 值。

.

- 第2層估值:使用第 2層輸入數據(即不 符合第1層標準的可 觀察數據)計量的公 允價值,且不會使 用重大不可觀察 輸入數據為未能取 得市場數據的輸入 數據。
- 第3層估值:使用重 大不可觀察輸入數 據計量的公允價值。

29

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (e) Fair value measurement (continued)
 - (i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值*(續)*

(e) 公允價值計量(續)

(i) 按公允價值計量的金融資產及負債(續)

 Fair value measurements

 categorised into Level 2

 分類為第2層的公允價值計量

 2018
 2017

 2018年
 2017年

 RMB'000
 RMB'000

 人民幣千元
 人民幣千元

55,451

31,343

Recurring fair value measurements:

經常公允價值計量:

Assets

Liabilities

Derivative financial instruments: – Forward foreign exchange contracts

負債

資產

Derivative financial instruments: 衍生金属 - Forward foreign exchange - 遠邦

contracts

衍生金融工具: 一遠期外匯合約

衍生金融工具:

- 遠期外匯合約

During the year ended 31 December 2018, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 2 fair value measurements

The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts in Level 2 is determined by discounting the contractual forward price and deducting the current spot rate. The discount rate used is derived from the PRC government yield curve as at the end of the reporting period plus an adequate constant credit spread. 於截至2018年12月31日 止年度,概無於第1層與 第2層之間的轉撥。本集 團的政策為在公允價值於 發生層級間轉撥的報告期 末對其進行確認。

56,155

6.345

於第2層的公允價值計量 所用的估值技術及輸入數 據

遠期外匯合約的公允價值 (第2層)是通過貼現合同 遠期期貨價格及扣除現貨 匯率計算。貼現率乃自於 報告期末中國政府孳息曲 線加足夠信貸差異產生。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

- 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)
 - (e) Fair value measurement (continued)
 - (ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values at 31 December 2018 and 2017.

30 COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments

At 31 December 2018, the outstanding capital commitments of the Group not provided for in the consolidated financial statements were as follows:

29 財務風險管理及金融工具的公允價 值(續)

(e) 公允價值計量(續)

(ii) 並非按公允價值列賬的金 融資產及負債的公允價值

> 於2018年及2017年12月 31日,本集團按成本或攤 銷成本列賬的金融工具賬 面值與其公允價值並無重 大差異。

30 承擔

(a) 資本承擔

於2018年12月31日,於合併財 務報表中並未撥備之本集團未 償還資本承擔如下:

| | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Commitments in respect of buildings, machinery and equipment – Contracted for – Authorised but not contracted for | 就樓宇、機器及設備 的承擔 一已訂約 一已授權但未訂約 | 7,104 | 12,612 15,547 |
| | | 7,104 | 28,159 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| CO | MMITMENTS | | 30 | 承擔 | (續) | |
|-----|---|----------------|----|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (b) | Operating lease commitments | | | (b) | 經營租賃承擔 | |
| | At 31 December 2018, the total futur payments of the Group under non-can leases are payable as follows: | | | | 於2018年12月3 據不可撤銷經營 來最低租金總額 | 營租賃應付的未 |
| | | | | | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| | Within 1 year After 1 year but within 5 years | 一年內 一年後但五年內 | | | 6,417 7,224 13,641 | 4,625 547 5,172 |
| | T. O. I | | | #- | 国坦塔 德妙和伊 | テカチャーー |

The Group leases certain plant, buildings, motor vehicles and other equipment under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to five years, with an option to renew the lease when all terms are renegotiated. None of the leases includes contingent lease rentals.

31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

30

(a) Guarantees issued

At 31 December 2018, the Group has issued the following guarantees:

本集團根據經營租賃而租賃若干廠 房、樓宇、汽車及其他設備。該等租 賃一般初步為期1至5年,並附有選擇 權在重新磋商所有條款時重續租賃。 概無租賃包含或然租金。

31 或然負債

(a) 已發出擔保

於2018年12月31日,本集團已 發出下列擔保:

| | | 2018 | 2017 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|
| | | 2018 年 | 2017年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | |
| Guarantees for construction | 建築合同投標、履約 | | |
| contracts' bidding, performance | 及保留金的擔保 | | |
| and retentions | | 2,054,923 | 1,780,253 |

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

(a) Guarantees issued (continued)

As of the end of the reporting period, the directors of the Company do not consider it probable that a claim in excess of the provision for warranties provided by the Group will be made against the Group under any of the guarantees. The maximum liability of the Group as of the end of the reporting period under the guarantees issued is the amount disclosed above.

(b) Contingent liabilities in respect of legal claims

(i) In December 2009, Shenyang Yuanda and Yuanda India, both wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group, jointly received a notice that they are being sued by a former sub-contractor in India in respect of Shenyang Yuanda's and Yuanda India's non-performance of the terms as stipulated in the sub-contract agreement entered into between Shenyang Yuanda and this former sub-contractor. Shenyang Yuanda has made a counterclaim against this sub-contractor for non-performance of the sub-contract agreement. On 30 September 2016, a first instance court judgement has been rendered in favour of Shenyang Yuanda and Yuanda India and pursuant to which the former sub-contractor shall pay to Shenyang Yuanda and Yuanda India damages in the amount of INR81.8 million (equivalent to approximately RMB8.0 million) plus accrued interest.

31 或然負債(續)

(a) 已發出擔保(續)

截至報告期末,本公司董事認 為將不可能出現根據任何擔保 對本集團提出超過本集團所提 供的保修撥備的申索。本集團 於報告期末根據已發出擔保的 最高責任為上文所披露的金額。

(b) 有關法律申索的或然負債

於2009年12月,本集團 (i) 兩家全資附屬公司瀋陽遠 大及遠大印度共同接獲通 知,指彼等被印度的前 分包商就瀋陽遠大及遠 大印度不履行瀋陽遠大 與此前分包商訂立的分 包協議所訂明的條款提 出起訴。瀋陽遠大亦已 就此分包商未有履行分 包商協議提出反申索。 於2016年9月30日, 原訟法庭已判瀋陽遠大及 遠大印度勝訴及根據該判 決,此前分包商須向瀋陽 遠大及遠大印度支付損失 金額81.8百萬印度盧比 (「印度盧比」)(約等於人 民幣8.0百萬元)加應計利 息。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

31 **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES** (continued)

(b) Contingent liabilities in respect of legal claims (continued)

(i) (continued)

The former sub-contractor and Shenyang Yuanda and Yuanda India later on filed appeals and as at the date of these financial statements, the lawsuit is under reviewed before the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi. If Shenyang Yuanda and Yuanda India are found to be liable, the total expected monetary compensation may amount to approximately INR1,410.8 million (equivalent to approximately RMB138.1 million) plus accrued interest. Shenyang Yuanda and Yuanda India deny any liability in respect of the appeal filed by the former sub-contractor and, based on legal advice, the directors of the Company do not believe it is probable that the court will find against Shenyang Yuanda and/or Yuanda India. No provision has therefore been made in respect of this claim.

(ii) In November 2014, Yuanda Canada, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, received a notice that it is being counterclaimed by a contractor in Canada alleging damages due to additional costs incurred for project delays caused by Yuanda Canada and costs incurred in completing and rectifying Yuanda Canada's work. This counterclaim is derived from a claim registered by Yuanda Canada against the contractor in respect of its non-payment of CAD2.9 million (equivalent to approximately RMB14.7 million) for the value of work performed by Yuanda Canada. If Yuanda Canada is found to be liable, the total expected monetary compensation may amount to approximately CAD6.8 million (equivalent to approximately RMB34.2 million) plus accrued interest. Yuanda Canada continues to deny any liability in respect of the counterclaim and, based on legal advice, the directors of the Company do not believe it is probable that the court will find against Yuanda Canada. No provision had therefore been made in respect of this claim.

31 或然負債(續)

- (b) 有關法律申索的或然負債(續)
 - (i) *(續)*

此前分包商與瀋陽遠大及 遠大印度其後提出上訴, 而於本財務報表日期,訴 訟正於德里Hon'ble高等 法院審理。倘瀋陽遠大及 遠大印度被裁定須負上責 任,預期金錢補償總額可 能約達1.410.8百萬印度 **盧比(約等於人民幣138.1**) 百萬元)加應計利息。瀋 陽遠大及遠大印度否認有 關此前分包商的提出的上 訴,而根據法律意見,本 公司董事並不相信法庭會 判決瀋陽遠大及/或遠大 印度敗訴,故並無就此項 申索計提撥備。

於2014年11月,本集團 (ii) 全資附屬公司遠大加拿大 接獲通知,指其被加拿大 一個總包商反申索,指控 損害乃由於遠大加拿大使 工程延誤所產生的額外成 本及因完成並矯正遠大加 拿大工程所產生的成本。 反申索乃源於遠大加拿大 就總包商因遠大加拿大所 作工作的價值而未付款項 2.9百萬加元(約等於人民 幣14.7百萬元)所提出的 申索引起。倘遠大加拿大 被裁定須負上責任,預期 金錢補償總額可能約6.8 百萬加元(約等於人民幣 34.2百萬元)另加應計利 息。遠大加拿大繼續否認 有關反申索的任何責任, 並且根據法律意見,本公 司董事並不相信法院會判 遠大加拿大敗訴,故並無 就此項申索計提撥備。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Contingent liabilities in respect of legal claims (continued)

On 20 April 2016, Yuanda Russia, a wholly-owned (iii) subsidiary of the Group, initiated an arbitration proceeding against Rasen Stroy LLC ("Rasen Stroy"), a contractor of Yuanda Russia, in the arbitration tribunal in Moscow to demand payment of the outstanding construction payable of USD6.5 million (equivalent to approximately RMB44.6 million) and applied for a protection order in relation to letters of guarantee of USD7.6 million (equivalent to approximately RMB52.2 million) issued by Shenyang Yuanda to Rasen Stroy. Rasen Stroy filed a counterclaim against Yuanda Russia on 27 July 2016 claiming for USD37.4 million (equivalent to approximately RMB256.7 million). Shenyang Yuanda also sued Rasen Stroy in Intermediate People's Courts of Shenyang ("Shenyang Court") for the same incidence and requested China Construction Bank ("CCB", the counter guarantee bank) to stop payment of the deposits to Yapi ve kredi Bankasi A.S., Esentepe Corporate Banking Center Branch ("Yapi Bank", the trustee for the bank guarantee letter) in relation to letters of guarantee issued. On 25 April 2016, Shenyang Court ruled in favour of Shenyang Yuanda.

31 或然負債(續)

- (b) 有關法律申索的或然負債(續)
 - 於2016年4月20日, 本 (iii) 集團全資附屬公司遠大俄 羅斯於莫斯科仲裁法庭 向遠大俄羅斯的承包商 Rasen Stroy LLC ([Rasen Stroy」)提出仲裁訴訟, 要求支付未付建築應付 款6.5百萬美元(約等於 人民幣44.6百萬元), 並 申請有關由遠大俄羅斯 向Rasen Strov發出的保 函的保護令7.6百萬美元 (約等於人民幣52.2百萬 元)。Rasen Stroy於2016 年7月27日向遠大俄羅斯 提出反申訴,反索賠金額 37.4百萬美元(約等於人 民幣256.7百萬元)。瀋陽 遠大亦因相同事由向瀋陽 市中級人民法院(「瀋陽法 院」) 起訴Rasen Stroy, 並要求中國建設銀行(「中 國建設銀行」,反擔保銀 行)停止向Yapi ve kredi Bankasi A.S., Esentepe Corporate Banking Center Branch ([Yapi Bank」, 銀行擔保函的 受託人)支付反擔保保 函。於2016年4月25日, 瀋陽中級人民法院作出有 利於瀋陽遠大的裁決。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

31 **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES** (continued)

- (b) Contingent liabilities in respect of legal claims (continued)
 - (iii) (continued)

In respect of Yuanda Russia's claim, on 9 September 2016, the arbitration tribunal in Moscow ruled that Rasen Stroy shall make payment of an outstanding construction payable of USD2.8 million (equivalent to approximately RMB19.2 million) to Yuanda Russia and Yuanda Russia's application for a protection order in relation to the letters of guarantee was dismissed. In respect of Rasen Stroy's counterclaim, on 5 October 2016, the arbitration tribunal in Moscow ruled in favour of Rasen Stroy and that Yuanda Russia shall pay 50% of the amount Rasen Stroy claimed for, which is USD18.7 million (equivalent to approximately RMB128.3 million). Based on the above judgement, Yapi Bank made unilateral payment to Rasen Stroy of USD7.6 million (equivalent to approximately RMB52.2 million) under the letters of guarantee, and requested CCB to pay the same amount to Yapi Bank.

31 或然負債(續)

(b) 有關法律申索的或然負債(續)

(iii) *(續)*

就遠大俄羅斯的索賠而 言,於2016年9月9日,莫 斯科仲裁法庭裁定Rasen Stroy須向遠大俄羅斯支 付應付的建築未付金額 2.8百萬美元(約等於人民 幣19.2百萬元),而遠大 俄羅斯就保函的保護令提 出申請遭駁回。就Rasen Stroy的反申索而言,於 2016年10月5日, 莫斯 科仲裁法庭裁定 Rasen Stroy 勝訴,而遠大俄羅 斯須支付Rasen Stroy申索 金額的50%,即18.7百萬 美元(約等於人民幣128.3 百萬元)。根據上述判 決,Yapi Bank根據主保函 協議向Rasen Stroy單方支 付約7.6百萬美元(約等於 人民幣52.2百萬元), 並 要求中國建設銀行向Yapi Bank支付相同金額。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

31 或然負債(續)

(b) Contingent liabilities in respect of legal claims (continued)

(iii) *(continued)*

Yuanda Russia disagrees with the above ruling and filed an appeal against the ruling. The appeal by Yuanda Russia was dismissed by the relevant tribunal. Yuanda Russia filed a second appeal. On 2 May 2017, the arbitration tribunal in Moscow ruled in favour of Rasen Stroy and that the claimed amount Yuanda Russia is liable for was reduced to USD3.4 million (equivalent to approximately RMB23.3 million). In June 2017, Yuanda Russia and Rasen Stroy both filed further appeals. In August 2017, the arbitration tribunal in Moscow rejected both appeals. Meanwhile, Shenyang Yuanda sued Yapi Bank in Shenyang Court for the malicious payment of USD7.6 million (equivalent to approximately RMB52.2 million) to Rasen Stroy. On 11 April 2018, Shenyang Court ruled in favor of Shenyang Yuanda. Yapi Bank later on filed an appeal. As at the date of these financial statements, the lawsuit is under review before Shenyang Court. If Shenyang Yuanda is found to be liable, the total compensation is estimated to be the deposits of USD7.6 million (equivalent to approximately RMB52.2 million).

(b) 有關法律申索的或然負債(續)

(iii) *(續)*

遠大俄羅斯不同意上述裁 定,並針對上述裁定提出 上訴。遠大俄羅斯提起的 上訴被相關仲裁法庭駁 回。遠大俄羅斯之後再次 提交上訴申請。於2017年 5月2日,莫斯科仲裁法庭 裁定Rasen Story 勝訴及 遠大俄羅斯申索金額減至 3.4百萬美元(約等於人民 幣23.3百萬元)。於2017 年6月, 遠大俄羅斯及 Rasen Story均提出進一步 上訴。於2017年8月,莫 斯科仲裁法庭駁回了雙方 上訴的要求。與此同時, 瀋陽遠大向瀋陽法院起訴 Yapi Bank向Rasen Stroy 惡意支付約7.6百萬美元 (約等於人民幣52.2百萬 元)的保函。於2018年4 月11日,瀋陽法院作出支 持瀋陽遠大觀點的裁決。 而後Yapi Bank提出上訴。 截至本財務報表日期,該 訴訟正在瀋陽法院審理。 若最終裁定瀋陽遠大有責 任,則瀋陽遠大的預計總 賠償金約為7.6百萬美元 (約等於人民幣52.2百萬 元)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

31 **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES** (continued)

- (b) Contingent liabilities in respect of legal claims (continued)
 - (iii) (continued)

As at the date of these financial statements, Yuanda Russia continues to deny any liability in respect of Rasen Stroy's counterclaim and Shenyang Yuanda continue to deny the application of the deposits from Yapi Bank, and based on legal advice and taking into account of Yuanda Russia's financial position as at the end of the reporting period, the directors of the Company believe that it is not probable that the outcome of the lawsuits will be unfavourable to Shenyang Yuanda or Yuanda Russia. No provision has therefore been made in respect of claims by Rasen Story or Yapi Bank.

In addition to the lawsuits mentioned in Notes (iv) 31(b)(i) to 31(b)(iii), certain subsidiaries of the Group are named defendants on other lawsuits or arbitrations in respect of construction work carried out by them. As at the date of these financial statements, these lawsuits and arbitrations are under reviewed before courts or arbitrators. If these subsidiaries are found to be liable, the total expected monetary compensation may amount to approximately RMB232.9 million, of which RMB13.8 million has already been provided for. Based on legal advices, the directors of the Company do not believe it is probable that the courts or arbitrators will find against these subsidiaries of the Group on these lawsuits and arbitrations.

31 或然負債(續)

- (b) 有關法律申索的或然負債(續)
 - (iii) *(續)*

除於附註31(b)(i)至31(b)(iii) (iv) 所述的訴訟外,本集團若 干附屬公司被指為有關建 築工程的其他訴訟或仲裁 的被告人。於本財務報表 日期,上述訴訟及仲裁正 由法院及仲裁員審理。倘 該等附屬公司被裁定須負 上責任,預期金錢補償總 額可能約達人民幣232.9 百萬元,其中已計提人民 幣13.8百萬元。根據法律 意見,本公司董事並不相 信該等法院或仲裁員會就 該等訴訟及仲裁判決本集 團的該等附屬公司敗訴。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

(c) Contingent compensation payable

In July 2016, it was reported that certain construction materials supplied by the Group was found to contain asbestos in two construction projects in Australia. The Group is cooperating with relevant authorities on investigation into the reason for the reported cases. As at the date of these financial statements, asbestos was not found in other projects constructed by the Group and there was no related legal action against the Group in Australia. As the investigation is yet to be completed and claims against the Group from contractors have not been quantified, the directors of the Company cannot reliably estimate the repair cost and potential compensation for projects found with asbestos. No provision in this regard has therefore been made.

31 或然負債(續)

(c) 應付或然補償

於2016年7月,據報告,本 集團供應予澳洲兩個建築項目 的若干建築材料被發現含有石 棉。本集團正與有關機構合作 調查所報告案件的原因。於本 財務報表日期,於本集團正與有關機構合作 調務報表日期,於本集團建造 的其他項目中並未發現石棉且 於澳洲國內並無針對本集團的 相關及及總包商對本集團提起的 申索尚未量化,本公司董事不 能可靠估計被發現含有石棉的 項目的維修成本及潛在補償。 因此,並無就此作出撥備。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

32 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL 32 公司層面的財務狀況報表 POSITION 32

| | | Note 附註 | 2018 2018年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2017 2017年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|---------------------------|------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Non-current assets | 非流動資產 | | | |
| Interests in subsidiaries | 於附屬公司的投資 | | 2,050,058 | 2,000,019 |
| Current assets | 流動資產 | | | |
| Prepayments and other | 預付款及其他應收款 | | | |
| receivables | | | 805 | 628 |
| Cash on hand and in bank | 手頭現金及銀行存款 | | 1,948 | 1,558 |
| | | | 2,753 | 2,186 |
| Current liabilities | 流動負債 | | | |
| Accrued expenses and | 應計開支及其他應付款 | | | |
| other payables | | | 1,106,920 | 1,012,149 |
| Net current liabilities | 流動負債淨額 | | (1,104,167) | (1,009,963) |
| NET ASSETS | 淨資產 | | 945,891 | 990,056 |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | 資本及儲備 | 27 | | |
| Share capital | 股本 | | 519,723 | 519,723 |
| Reserves | 儲備 | | 426,168 | 470,333 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 總權益 | | 945,891 | 990,056 |

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 March 2019.

33 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The Group has initially applied IFRS 15 and IFRS 9 at 1 January 2018. Under the transition methods chosen, comparative information is not restated. Further details of the changes in accounting policies are disclosed in Note 2(c).

Certain information reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment has been changed for the year ended 31 December 2018. Accordingly, certain comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to current year's presentation. Further details are set out in Note 4(b). 董事會於2019年3月29日批准及授權 發佈。

33 比較數字

本集團於2018年1月1日首次應用國際財務報告準則第15號及國際財務報告準則第15號及國際財務報告準則第9號。根據所選擇的過渡方法,比較資料不予重列。會計政策變動之進一步詳情披露於附註2(c)。

就資源分配及績效考核向本集團最高 行政管理人員內部呈報之若干資料於 截至2018年12月31日止年度發生變 動。因此,若干比較數字已予調整以 與本年度呈報保持一致。有關詳情請 參閲附註4(b)。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

34 IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The directors of the Company consider the immediate and ultimate holding company of the Company as at 31 December 2018 to be Best Outlook Limited, which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. This entity does not produce financial statements available for public use.

35 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the IASB has issued a number of amendments, new standards and interpretations which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2018 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

34 直接及最終控股公司

本公司董事認為,本公司於2018年12 月31日之直接及最終控股公司為佳境 有限公司,其乃於英屬處女群島註冊 成立。此實體並無編製可供公眾人士 使用的財務報表。

35 截至2018年12月31日止年度已頒 佈但尚未生效的修訂、新訂準則及 詮釋可能造成的影響

截至此等財務報表刊發日期,國際會 計準則理事會已頒佈若干截至2018年 12月31日止年度尚未生效的準則修 訂、新訂準則及詮釋,其並未於此等 財務報表內採納。該等新訂準則及準 則修訂包括以下可能與本集團有關的 各項。

> Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期 或之後 開始的會計 期間生效 RMB'000 人民幣千元

IFRIC 23, Uncertainty over income tax treatments 國際財務報告詮釋委員會詮釋第23號,*所得税處理方法的不確定性* IFRS 16, Leases 國際財務報告準則第16號,*租賃* Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2015-2017 cycle 國際財務報告準則2015年至2017年週期的年度改進 1 January 2019 2019年1月1日 1 January 2019 2019年1月1日 1 January 2019 2019年1月1日

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

35 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (continued)

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments, new standards and interpretations is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far the Group has identified some aspects of the IFRS 16 which may have an impact on the consolidated financial statements. Further details of the expected impacts are discussed below. While the assessment has been substantially completed for IFRS 16, the actual impact upon the initial adoption of this standard may differ as the assessment completed to date is based on the information currently available to the Group, and further impacts may be identified before the standard is initially applied in the Group's financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2019. The Group may also change its accounting policy elections, including the transition options, until the standard is initially applied in that financial report.

IFRS 16, Leases

As disclosed in Note 2(i), currently the Group classifies leases into finance leases and operating leases and accounts for the lease arrangements differently, depending on the classification of the lease. The Group enters into some leases as the lessor and others as the lessee.

35 截至2018年12月31日止年度已頒 佈但尚未生效的修訂、新訂準則及 詮釋可能造成的影響(續)

本集團正評估該等準則修訂、新訂準 則及詮釋在初步應用期所產生的預期 影響。目前為止,本集團已識別國際 財務報告準則第16號的若干方面可能 會對合併財務報表造成影響。預期影 響的進一步詳情於下文討論。對國際 財務報告準則第16號的評估已大致完 成,於首次採納該準則時的實際影響 可能有所差異,原因為迄今為止完成 的評估乃以本集團目前可獲得的資料 為基礎,及於本集團截至2019年12月 31日止年度的財務報表中首次應用準 則之前可能識別進一步影響。於該準 則於所述財務報告中首次應用前,本 集團亦可能變更其會計政策選擇,包 括過渡選擇。

國際財務報告準則第16號,租賃

誠如附註2(i)所披露,本集團現時將租 賃分類至融資租賃及經營租賃,並根 據該分類分別入賬。本集團作為出租 人訂立若干租約,並作為承租人訂立 其他租約。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

35 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

IFRS 16 is not expected to impact significantly on the way that lessors account for their rights and obligations under a lease. However, once IFRS 16 is adopted, lessees will no longer distinguish between finance leases and operating leases. Instead, subject to practical expedients, lessees will account for all leases in a similar way to current finance lease accounting, i.e. at the commencement date of the lease the lessee will recognise and measure a lease liability at the present value of the minimum future lease payments and will recognise a corresponding "right-of-use" asset. After initial recognition of this asset and liability, the lessee will recognise interest expense accrued on the outstanding balance of the lease liability, and the depreciation of the right-of-use asset, instead of the current policy of recognising rental expenses incurred under operating leases on a systematic basis over the lease term. As a practical expedient, the lessee can elect not to apply this accounting model to short-term leases (i.e. where the lease term is 12 months or less) and to leases of low-value assets, in which case the rental expenses would continue to be recognised on a systematic basis over the lease term.

IFRS 16 will primarily affect the Group's accounting as a lessee of leases for properties, plant and equipment which are currently classified as operating leases. The application of the new accounting model is expected to lead to an increase in both assets and liabilities and to impact on the timing of the expense recognition in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the lease. 35 截至2018年12月31日止年度已頒 佈但尚未生效的修訂、新訂準則及 詮釋可能造成的影響(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號,租賃(續)

預期國際財務報告準則第16號將不會 大幅影響出租人根據租約將彼等的權 利及義務入賬的方式。然而,一旦採 納國際財務報告準則第16號,承租人 將不再區分融資租賃及經營租賃。相 反,在實際可行的方法下,承租人將 以與現行融資租賃會計法類似的方式 將所有租約入賬,即於該租約開始日 期,承租人將按最低租賃付款的現值 確認及計量租賃負債,並將確認相應 的「使用權」資產。於初步確認該資產 及負債後,承租人將確認租賃負債尚 未清償結餘所累計的利息開支及使用 權資產折舊,而非根據現有政策對租 期內按系統基準確認根據經營租約所 產生的租賃開支。作為實際可行的方 法,承租人可選擇不將此會計模式應 用於短期租賃(即租期為12個月或以 下者)及低價值資產的租賃,於該等 情況下,租金開支將繼續於租期內按 系統基準確認。

國際財務報告準則第16號可能影響本 集團作為承租人就若干物業、廠房及 設備租賃(現時分類為經營租賃)的會 計處理方法。預期應用新會計模式將 導致資產及負債均有所增加,及影響 租約期間於損益表確認開支的時間。

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

35 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (continued)

IFRS 16, Leases (continued)

IFRS 16 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. As allowed by IFRS 16, the Group plans to use the practical expedient to grandfather the previous assessment of which existing arrangements are, or contain, leases. The Group will therefore apply the new definition of a lease in IFRS 16 only to contracts that are entered into on or after the date of initial application. In addition, the Group plans to elect the practical expedient for not applying the new accounting model to short-term leases and leases of low-value assets.

The Group plans to elect to use the modified retrospective approach for the adoption of IFRS 16 and will recognise the cumulative effect of initial application as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2019 and will not restate the comparative information. As disclosed in Note 30(b), at 31 December 2018, the Group's future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases amount to RMB13.6 million for properties and other assets. 34 截至2018年12月31日止年度已頒 佈但尚未生效的修訂、新訂準則及 詮釋可能造成的影響(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號,租賃(續)

國際財務報告準則第16號自2019年 1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效。 倘國際財務報告準則第16號准許, 本集團計劃採用可行權宜方法沿用過 往有關現有安排屬於或包括租賃之評 估。因此,本集團僅會將國際財務報 告準則第16號的新租賃定義應用於首 次應用日期當日或之後訂立的合同。 此外,本集團計劃選擇可行權宜方 法,不會將新會計模式應用於短期租 賃及低價值資產租賃。

本集團計劃選擇採用經修訂追溯法採 納國際財務報告準則第16號,並將首 次應用的累計影響確認為於2019年 1月1日權益期初結餘調整,並將不 會重列比較資料。誠如附註30(b)所 披露,於2018年12月31日,本集團 就物業及其他資產於不可撤銷經營租 賃項下的日後最低租賃付款達人民幣 13.6百萬元。

Five Year Financial Summary 五年財務摘要

(Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除另有指明外,以人民幣為單位)

| | | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|------------------|---------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | 2018 年 | 2017年 | 2016年 | 2015年 | 2014年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Results | 業績 | | | | | |
| Revenue | 營業額 | 4,615,704 | 5,688,650 | 7,324,415 | 8,594,364 | 10,038,653 |
| Profit/(loss) from operations | 經營利潤/(虧損) | 222,929 | 291,073 | 173,640 | (168,395) | 295,929 |
| Finances costs | 融資成本 | (68,767) | (232,801) | (86,446) | 1,107 | (234,398) |
| Profit/(loss) before taxation | 税前利潤/(虧損) | 154,162 | 58,272 | 87,194 | (167,288) | 61,531 |
| Income tax | 所得税 | (65,991) | 27,457 | (10,577) | (443) | (10,424) |
| Profit/(loss) for the year | 年內利潤/(虧損) | 88,171 | 85,729 | 76,617 | (167,731) | 51,107 |
| Attributable to: Equity shareholders | 以下人士應佔: 本公司權益 | | | | | |
| of the Company | | 79,119 | 60,652 | 87,039 | (192,257) | 25,597 |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股權益 | 9,052 | 25,077 | (10,422) | 24,526 | 25,510 |
| Profit/(loss) for the year | 年內利潤/(虧損) | 88,171 | 85,729 | 76,617 | (167,731) | 51,107 |
| Assets and liabilities | 資產及負債 | | | | | |
| Non-current assets | 非流動資產 | 1,355,031 | 1,672,104 | 1,716,027 | 1,728,283 | 1,635,986 |
| Current assets | 流動資產 | 8,706,332 | 9,809,008 | 11,463,726 | 12,610,538 | 12,804,657 |
| Current liabilities | 流動負債 | 7,048,236 | 7,300,206 | 9,936,815 | 10,817,304 | 10,521,672 |
| Net current assets | 流動資產淨值 | 1,658,096 | 2,508,802 | 1,526,911 | 1,793,234 | 2,282,985 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | 總資產減流動負債 | 3,013,127 | 4,180,906 | 3,242,938 | 3,521,517 | 3,918,971 |
| Non-current liabilities | 非流動負債 | 305,000 | 982,640 | 235,285 | 478,458 | 130,697 |
| NET ASSETS | 淨資產 | 2,708,127 | 3,198,266 | 3,007,653 | 3,043,059 | 3,788,274 |
| Capital and reserves | 資本及儲備 | | | | | |
| Share capital | 股本 | 519,723 | 519,723 | 519,723 | 519,723 | 519,723 |
| Reserves | 儲備 | 2,188,404 | 2,817,332 | 2,633,717 | 2,658,041 | 3,425,653 |
| Total equity attributable to equity shareholders | 本公司股東 應佔權益總額 | 0.000 | 0.007.055 | 0.450.440 | 0 477 70 4 | 0.045.070 |
| of the Company | 리티 1월 DD 145 24 | 2,708,127 | 3,337,055 | 3,153,440 | 3,177,764 | 3,945,376 |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股權益 | | (138,789) | (145,787) | (134,705) | (157,102) |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 總權益 | 2,708,127 | 3,198,266 | 3,007,653 | 3,043,059 | 3,788,274 |



Technology Leads Markets, Services Create Value 科技引領市場服務創造價值